SAFETY COMPLIANCE TESTING FOR FMVSS NO. 225 CHILD RESTRAINT ANCHORAGE SYSTEMS LOWER AND TETHER ANCHORAGES

GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LTD. 2005 BUICK LACROSSE, PASSENGER CAR NHTSA NO. C50104

GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES, INC. 1623 LEEDSTOWN ROAD COLONIAL BEACH, VIRGINIA 22443



OCTOBER 27, 2006

FINAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION
SAFETY ENFORCEMENT
OFFICE OF VEHICLE SAFETY COMPLIANCE
400 SEVENTH STREET, SW
ROOM 6111 (NVS-220)
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Compliance tests we	ere conducted on	the subj	ect, 2005 Buick	k Lacrosse Passenger Car in	
	accordance with the specifications of the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance Test				
Procedure No. TP-2			on of FMVSS 22	25 compliance.	
Test failures identifie	ed were as follow	s:			
NONE			T		
17. Key Words			18. Distributio		
Compliance Testing			Copies of this report are available from		
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SECTION 1

PURPOSE OF COMPLIANCE TEST

1.0 PURPOSE OF COMPLIANCE TEST

A 2005 Buick Lacrosse Passenger Car was subjected to Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) No. 225 testing to determine if the vehicle was in compliance with the requirements of the standard. The purpose of this standard is to establish requirements for child restraint anchorage systems to ensure their proper location and strength for the effective securing of child restraints, to reduce the likelihood of the anchorage systems' failure and to increase the likelihood that child restraints are properly secured and thus more fully achieve their potential effectiveness in motor vehicles.

- 1.1 The test vehicle was a 2005 Buick Lacrosse Passenger Car. Nomenclature applicable to the test vehicle are:
 - A. Vehicle Identification Number: 2G4WC532451200267
 - B. NHTSA No.: C50104
 - C. Manufacturer: GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA LTD.
 - D. Manufacture Date: 10/04

1.2 TEST DATE

The test vehicle was subjected to FMVSS No. 225 testing during the time period July 20 through September 27, 2006.

SECTION 2

COMPLIANCE TEST RESULTS

2.0 <u>TEST RESULTS</u>

All tests were conducted in accordance with NHTSA, Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance (OVSC) Laboratory Procedures, TP-225-01 dated 11 April 2005.

Based on the test performed, the 2005 Buick Lacrosse Passenger Car appeared to meet the requirements of FMVSS 225 testing.

SECTION 3

COMPLIANCE TEST DATA

3.0 <u>TEST DATA</u>

The following data sheets document the results of testing on the 2005 Buick Lacrosse Passenger Car.

DATA SHEET 1 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

VEH.	MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/E	BODY: <u>2005 BUICK LAC</u>	<u>CROSSE PASS</u>	ENGER CAR	
	NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ;				
	BUILD DATE: 10/04 ;			R 27, 2006	
	「LABORATORY: <u>GENERA</u> ERVERS: <u>GRANT</u> FARRA		DRIES		
OBSI	ERVERS. <u>GRANI FARRA</u>	IND, JIIVIIVIT LATAINE			
Α.	VISUAL INSPECTION O	F TEST VEHICLE			
	Upon receipt for complete influence the testing.	eness, function, and disc	crepancies or da	amage which migh	nt
	RESULTS: OK FOR TES	Т			
В.	REQUIREMENTS FOR C	CHILD RESTRAINT SYS	STEMS AND TE	THER ANCHOR	AGES
			PASS	FAIL	
	DSP a		<u>X</u>		
	DSP b		X		
	DSP c		X		
C.	LOCATION OF TETHER	ANCHORAGES			
			PASS	FAIL	
	DSP a		<u>X</u>		
	DSP b		X		
	DSP c		X		
D.	LOWER ANCHORAGE	DIMENSIONS			
	DOD -		PASS	FAIL	
	DSP a		X		
	DSP b		<u>N/A</u>	N/A	
	DSP c		X		

DATA SHEET 1 CONTINUED SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Ε.	CONSPICUITY AND MARKING OF LOWER AND	HURAGES	
	DSP a	PASS X	FAIL
	DSP b	<u>N/A</u>	N/A
	DSP c	X	
F.	STRENGTH OF TETHER ANCHORAGES		
	DSP a	PASS X	FAIL
	DSP b	X	
	DSP c	N/A_	N/A
G.	STRENGTH OF LOWER ANCHORAGES (Forward	rd Force)	
	DSP a	PASS N/A	FAIL <u>N/A</u>
	DSP b	N/A_	<u>N/A</u>
	DSP c	X	
Н.	STRENGTH OF LOWER ANCHORAGE (Lateral	Force)	
	DSP a	PASS N/A	FAIL <u>N/A</u>
	DSP b	N/A_	<u>N/A</u>
	DSP c	N/A_	<u>N/A</u>
I.	OWNER'S MANUAL	PASS X	FAIL
REM	MARKS: DSP a = Left Rear Outboard, DSP b = Cente	er, DSP c = Rig	ght Rear Outboard
REC	CORDED BY: G. Farrand DA	ATE: 09/	27/06
APP	ROVED BY: D. Messick		

DATA SHEET 2 REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD RESTRAINT ANCHORAGE SYSTEMS AND TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
Number of rows of seats: 2 Number of rear, forward-facing designated seating positions: 3 Number of required CRAS (lower anchorages only, for convertibles/school buses): 2 Number of required tether anchorages (can be additional CRAS): 3 Is the vehicle a convertible? NO Is the vehicle a school bus? NO
13 the verifice a 3011001 bas:
Does the vehicle have a CRAS (lower anchorage only, for convertibles/school buses) installed at a front passenger seating position? NO If NO, skip to next question. If YES, does the vehicle have rear designated seating positions? If NO, does the vehicle have an air bag on-off switch or a special exemption for no passenger air bag? If NO = FAIL If YES = PASS If Yes, does the vehicle meet the requirements of S4.5.4.1 (b) of S208 and have and air bag on-off switch or a special exemption for no passenger air bag? Record the distance between the front and rear seat back: If Distance <720 mm and vehicle has an air bag on-off switch or special exemption = PASS If Distance ≥ 720 mm or no air bag on-off switch or no special exemption = FAIL
Does the vehicle have rear designated seating position(s) where the lower bars of a CRAS are prevented from being located because of transmission and/or suspension component interference? NO
If NO, skip to next question. If YES, does the vehicle have a tether anchorage at a front passenger seating position? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S5(e))
Number of provided CRAS (lower anchorage only, for convertibles/school buses), indicate if a built-in child restraint is counted as a CRAS:3
Is the number of provided CRAS (lower anchorages only, for convertible/school buses) greater than or equal to the number of required CRAS (lower anchorages only, for convertibles/school buses)? YES
YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S4.4(a) or (b) or (c))

DATA SHEET 2 CONTINUED

If the vehicle has 3 or more rows of seats is a CRAS (lower anchorage only for convertibles/school buses) provided in the second row:
Number of provided tether anchorages (can be additional CRAS) indicate if a built-in child restraint is counted a s tether anchorage (NOTE: a built-in child restraint can only be counted toward either the required number of CRAS or tether anchorages, not both):
Is the number of provided tether anchorages greater than or equal to the number of required tether anchorages? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S4.4 (a) or (b) or (c))
If the vehicle has 3 or more rear dsps and a non-outboard dsp, is a tether anchorage or CRAS provided at a non-outboard dsp? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S4.4 (a)(2))
Are all tether and lower anchorages available for use at all times when the seat is configured for passenger use? $\frac{\text{YES}}{\text{YES = PASS}}$ NO = FAIL (S4.6 (b))
Provide a diagram showing the location of lower anchorages and/or tether anchorages.
X X X X * * * * * * * * * C B A X = Top Tether * = Lower Anchors
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND DATE: 07/20/06 APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK

DATA SHEET 3 LOCATION OF TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 LEFT SIDE (DSP A)
Detailed description of the location of the tether anchorage: Located on rear shelf behind seat back.
Based on visual inspection, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone? YES If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, After constructing the shaded zone, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone?
If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, Is it possible to locate a tether anchorage within the shaded zone without removing a seating component? If YES = FAIL (S6.2.1) If NO, Is a tether routing device provided? If YES = PASS IF NO = FAIL (S6.2.1.2)
Is the tether anchorage recessed? YES If NO, skip to next question If YES, is it outside of the tether strap wraparound area? YES YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.2.1)
Does the tether anchorage permit attachment of a tether hook? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(a))
Is the tether anchorage accessible without the need for any tools other than a screwdriver or coin? YES
YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(b))
After the tether anchorage is accessed, is it ready for use without the need for tools? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(c)
Is the tether anchorage sealed to prevent the entry of exhaust fumes into the passenger compartment? YES
YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(d))
If the DSP has a tether routing device, is it flexible or rigid?N/A

DATA SHEET 3 CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEA	ATING POSITION:	ROW 2 LEFT	SIDE (DSP.	<u>A)</u>	
	exible tether routing d (Must be 60 N ± 5		stalling SFAD	2 record the tether strap	tension:
reference plane an	_	N/A	the horizontal - Less than 65	distance between the to	orso
reference plane an	d the routing device:	N/A		stance between the tors	0
Greater than	n or equal to 100mm =	= PASS	Less t	han 100mm = FAIL	
COMMENTS:					
oommento.					
RECORDED BY:_	G. FARRAND		DATE:	07/20/06	
APPROVED BY:	D. MESSICK				

DATA SHEET 3A LOCATION OF TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 CENTER POSITION (DSP B)
Detailed description of the location of the tether anchorage: Located on shelf behind seat back.
Based on visual inspection, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone? YES If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, After constructing the shaded zone, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone?
If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, Is it possible to locate a tether anchorage within the shaded zone without removing a seating component? If YES = FAIL (S6.2.1) If NO, Is a tether routing device provided? If YES = PASS IF NO = FAIL (S6.2.1.2)
Is the tether anchorage recessed? YES If NO, skip to next question If YES, is it outside of the tether strap wraparound area? YES YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.2.1)
Does the tether anchorage permit attachment of a tether hook? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(a))
Is the tether anchorage accessible without the need for any tools other than a screwdriver or coin' YES
<u>YES</u> YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(b))
After the tether anchorage is accessed, is it ready for use without the need for tools? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(c)
Is the tether anchorage sealed to prevent the entry of exhaust fumes into the passenger compartment? YES
YES = $\overline{\text{PASS}}$ NO = $\overline{\text{FAIL}}$ (S6.1(d))
If the DSP has a tether routing device, is it flexible or rigid?N/A

DATA SHEET 3A CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEA	ATING POSITION:_	ROW 2 CEN	TER POSITION	ON (DSP B)	
	exible tether routing o		stalling SFAD	2 record the tether strap	tension
reference plane an	exible tether routing of d the routing device: n or equal to 65mm =	N/A	the horizonta _ Less than 65	I distance between the to 5mm = FAIL	orso
reference plane an	d the routing device:	N/A		stance between the tors	0
Greater than	n or equal to 100mm	= PASS	Less	man 100mm = FAIL	
COMMENTS:					
RECORDED BY:_	G. FARRAND		DATE:	07/20/06	
APPROVED BY:	D. MESSICK				

DATA SHEET 3B LOCATION OF TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE (DSP C)
Detailed description of the location of the tether anchorage: Located on shelf behind seat back.
Based on visual inspection, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone? YES If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, After constructing the shaded zone, is the tether anchorage within the shaded zone?
If YES = PASS, skip to next section If NO, Is it possible to locate a tether anchorage within the shaded zone without removing a seating component? If YES = FAIL (S6.2.1) If NO, Is a tether routing device provided? If YES = PASS IF NO = FAIL (S6.2.1.2)
Is the tether anchorage recessed? YES If NO, skip to next question If YES, is it outside of the tether strap wraparound area? YES YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.2.1)
Does the tether anchorage permit attachment of a tether hook? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(a))
Is the tether anchorage accessible without the need for any tools other than a screwdriver or coin? YES
YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(b))
After the tether anchorage is accessed, is it ready for use without the need for tools? YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S6.1(c)
Is the tether anchorage sealed to prevent the entry of exhaust fumes into the passenger compartment? YES
YES = $\overline{\text{PASS}}$ NO = $\overline{\text{FAIL}}$ (S6.1(d))
If the DSP has a tether routing device, is it flexible or rigid? N/A

DATA SHEET 3B CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2	RIGHT SIDE DSI	<u>3 ()</u>	
If the DSP has a flexible tether routing device, at N/A (Must be 60 N ± 5 N)	fter installing SFAI	O2 record the tether strap ter	nsion:
If the DSP has a flexible tether routing device, reference plane and the routing device: Greater than or equal to 65mm = PASS	V/A	al distance between the torso)
If the DSP has a rigid tether routing device, recoreference plane and the routing device: Greater than or equal to 100mm = PASS	V/A	istance between the torso than 100mm = FAIL	
COMMENTS:			
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND	DATE:	07/20/06	
APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK			

DATA SHEET 4 LOWER ANCHORAGE DIMENSIONS

	ODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSEN	IGER CAR	
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ;			
VEH. BUILD DATE: <u>10/04</u> ;			
TEST LABORATORY: <u>GENERAL</u>			
OBSERVERS: <u>GRANT FARRAN</u>	ND, JIMINIY LATANE		
DESIGNATED SEATING POSIT	ION: ROW 2 LEFT SIDE (DSP A)		
Outboard Lower Anchorage bar of 6mm ± 0.1 mm = PASS	diameter: 6.05 mm Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))		
Inboard Lower Anchorage bar dia 6mm ± 0.1mm = PASS	ameter: <u>5.99 mm</u> Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))		
Are the bars straight, horizontal a YES = PASS	and transverse? <u>YES</u> NO = FAIL		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	he bar (outboard lower anchorage): Length <25mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (i))	<u>35 mm</u>	
	he bar (inboard lower anchorage): Length <25mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (i))	<u>35 mm</u>	
•	supports (outboard lower anchorage): Length >60mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (ii))	48 mm	
	supports (inboard lower anchorage): Length >60mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (ii))	42 mm	
CRF Pitch angle: 17.9° Angle = 15°±10° = PASS	Angle≠15°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)		
CRF Roll angle: <u>0.0</u> Angle = 0°±5° = PASS	Angle≠0°±5° = FAIL (S9.2.1)		
CRF Yaw angle: 0.0 Angle = 0°±10° = PASS	Angle≠0°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)		
•	CRF and the front surface of outboard at Distance > 70mm = FAIL	nchor bar:	<u>56 mm</u>
-	CRF and the front surface of inboard and Distance > 70mm = FAIL	chor bar:	48 mm

DATA SHEET 4 CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 LEFT SIDE (DSP A)

Distance between SgRP and the front some Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS	surface of outboard anchor bar:_ Distance < 120mm = FAIL	178 mm
Distance between SgRP and the front s Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS	surface of inboard anchor bar: Distance < 120mm = FAIL	170 mm
Based on visual observation, would a 1NO	00 N load cause the anchor bar t	to deform more than 5 mm?
If NO = PASS If YES = FAIL (S9.1.1(g)), Provid	de further description of the attacl	nment of the anchor bar:
COMMENTS:		
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND	DATE:07/2	20/06
APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK		

DATA SHEET 4A LOWER ANCHORAGE DIMENSIONS

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
DBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE (DSP C)
Outboard Lower Anchorage bar diameter: 6.02 mm 6mm ± 0.1 mm = PASS Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))
nboard Lower Anchorage bar diameter: <u>6.02 mm</u> 6mm ± 0.1mm = PASS Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))
Are the bars straight, horizontal and transverse?YES_ YES = PASS NO = FAIL
_ength of the straight portion of the bar (outboard lower anchorage): <u>35 mm</u> Length ≥25mm = PASS
_ength of the straight portion of the bar (inboard lower anchorage): <u>35 mm</u> Length ≥25mm = PASS
_ength between the anchor bar supports (outboard lower anchorage): <u>48 mm</u> Length ≤60mm = PASS
_ength between the anchor bar supports (inboard lower anchorage):48 mm Length ≤60mm = PASS
CRF Pitch angle: <u>17.8°</u> Angle = 15°±10° = PASS Angle≠15°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)
CRF Roll angle: 0.0 Angle = 0°±5° = PASS Angle≠0°±5° = FAIL (S9.2.1)
CRF Yaw angle: 0.0 Angle = 0°±10° = PASS Angle≠0°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)
Distance between point Z on the CRF and the front surface of outboard anchor bar: 60 mm Distance ≤70mm = PASS Distance > 70mm = FAIL
Distance between point Z on the CRF and the front surface of inboard anchor bar:58 mm Distance ≤70mm = PASS Distance > 70mm = FAIL

DATA SHEET 4A CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION:_	ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE (DSP C)	_
Distance between SgRP and the front solution Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS		<u>170 mm</u>
Distance between SgRP and the front : Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS		<u>170 mm</u>
Based on visual observation, would a 1 NO	100 N load cause the anchor bar to	deform more than 5 mm?
If NO = PASS		
If YES = FAIL (S9.1.1(g)), Provi	de further description of the attachn	nent of the anchor bar:
COMMENTS:		
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND	DATE: 07/20	/06
APPROVED BY: D_MESSICK		

DATA SHEET 4B LOWER ANCHORAGE DIMENSIONS

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR	
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>	—
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006	
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES	
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE	
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 CENTER (DSP B)	
Outboard Lower Anchorage bar diameter: 5.99 mm 6mm ± 0.1 mm = PASS Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))	
Inboard Lower Anchorage bar diameter: 6.02 mm 6mm ± 0.1mm = PASS Other size = FAIL (S9.1.1(a))	
Are the bars straight, horizontal and transverse? YES YES = PASS NO = FAIL	
Length of the straight portion of the bar (outboard lower anchorage): <u>30 mm</u> Length ≥25mm = PASS Length <25mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (i))	
Length of the straight portion of the bar (inboard lower anchorage):30 mm Length ≥25mm = PASS Length <25mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (i))	
Length between the anchor bar supports (outboard lower anchorage): 42 mm Length ≤60mm = PASS Length >60mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (ii))	
Length between the anchor bar supports (inboard lower anchorage):42 mm Length ≤60mm = PASS Length >60mm = FAIL(S9.1.1(c) (ii))	
CRF Pitch angle: 22.9° Angle = 15°±10° = PASS Angle≠15°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)	
CRF Roll angle: 0.0 Angle = 0°±5° = PASS Angle≠0°±5° = FAIL (S9.2.1)	
CRF Yaw angle: 0.0 Angle = 0°±10° = PASS Angle≠0°±10° = FAIL (S9.2.1)	
Distance between point Z on the CRF and the front surface of outboard anchor bar:68 m Distance ≤70mm = PASS Distance > 70mm = FAIL	<u>ım</u>
Distance between point Z on the CRF and the front surface of inboard anchor bar: 68 m Distance ≤70mm = PASS Distance > 70mm = FAIL	<u>ım</u>

DATA SHEET 4B CONTINUED

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 CENTER (DSP B)

Distance between SgRP and the front some Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS	surface of outboard anchor Distance < 120mm = FAI		
Distance between SgRP and the front some Distance ≥ 120mm = PASS	surface of inboard anchor b Distance < 120mm = FAI		
Based on visual observation, would a 1NO	00 N load cause the ancho	or bar to deform more than 5 mm	่า?
If NO = PASS If YES = FAIL (S9.1.1(g)), Provid	de further description of the	attachment of the anchor bar:	
COMMENTS:			
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND	DATE:	07/20/06	
APPROVED BY: D MESSICK			

DATA SHEET 5 CONSPICUITY AND MARKING OF LOWER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: JULY 20, 2006
TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 LEFT SIDE (DSP A), ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE (DSP C), AND ROW 2 CENTER (DSP B)
MARKING (Circles)
Diameter of the circle: 14 mm Diameter ≥13mm = PASS Diameter <13mm = FAIL (S9.5(a)(1))
Does the circle have words, symbols or pictograms? <u>YES</u> Symbol NO skip to next question YES, are the meaning of the words, symbols or pictograms explained in the owner's manual
$\frac{\text{YES}}{\text{YES} = \text{PASS}} \qquad \text{NO = FAIL } (\text{S9.5(a)(2)})$
Where is the circle located? Seat back or seat Cushion: Seat Back
For circles on seat backs, vertical distance from the center of the circle to the center of the anchor bar: 55 mm
Distance between 50&100mm = PASS Other Distance=FAIL (S9.5(a)(3))
For circles on seat cushions, horizontal distance from the center of the circle to the center of the bal N/A
Distance between 75&125mm= PASS Other Distance=FAIL (S9.5(a)(3))
Lateral distance from the center of the circle to the center of the anchor bar: 0 Distance≤25mm = PASS Distance >25mm = FAIL (S9.5(a)(3))
CONSPICUITY (No Circles)
Is the anchor bar or guide visible when viewed from a point 30° above the horizontal in a vertical longitudinal plane bisecting the anchor bar or guide? N/A YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S9.5(b))
If there is a guide, is it permanently attached? N/A YES = PASS NO = FAIL (S9.5(b))

DATA SHEET 5 CONTINUED

		ROW 2 LEFT	SIDE (DSP	A), ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE	(DSP
C), AND ROW 2 CEN	NTER (DSP B)				
Is there a cap or cover if YES, is the country if NO = If YES, manual	er over the anchor b cap or cover marked FAIL (S9.5(b)) is the meaning of th	d with words, ne words, syn NO = FAIL (\$	nbols or pictog	ctograms?grams explained in the o	wner's
RECORDED BY:	G. FARRAND		DATE:	07/20/06	
APPROVED BY:	D. MESSICK				

DATA SHEET 6 STRENGTH OF TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR VEH. NHTSA NO: C50104; VIN: 2G4WC532451200267 VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2006 TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE TEST NO: 5647
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 LEFT SIDE (DSP A)
SFAD: 2
Seat Back Angle: 26° FIXED
Location of seat back angle measurement: 2D Template
Head Restraint Position: FIXED
D-ring Position: N/A
Force at Point X (lower front crossmember for SFAD2) while securing belts and tether: 135 N
Lap belt tension: N/A (SFAD 1 only)
Tether strap tension: 55 N
Angle (measured above the horizontal at 500 N): 10°
Separation of tether anchorage at 500 N: NO = PASS YES = FAIL (S6.3.1)
Force application rate: 575 N/S
Time to reach maximum force (24-30 s): 26 sec.
Maximum force (14,950 N ± 50 N): 14,950 N
Tested simultaneously with another DSP?NO
COMMENTS: Displacement at maximum load 88 mm.
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND DATE: 09/27/06
APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK

DATA SHEET 6A STRENGTH OF TETHER ANCHORAGES

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR VEH. NHTSA NO: C50104; VIN: 2G4WC532451200267 VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2006 TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE TEST NO: 5648
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 CENTER (DSP B)
SFAD:1
Seat Back Angle: 26° FIXED
Location of seat back angle measurement: 2D Template
Head Restraint Position: N/A
D-ring Position: N/A
Force at Point X (lower front crossmember for SFAD2) while securing belts and tether: 135 N
Lap belt tension: 55 N (SFAD 1 only)
Tether strap tension: 55 N
Angle (measured above the horizontal at 500 N): 10°
Separation of tether anchorage at 500 N: NO = PASS YES = FAIL (S6.3.1)
Force application rate: 575 N/S
Time to reach maximum force (24-30 s): 26 sec.
Maximum force (14,950 N ± 50 N): 14,936 N
Tested simultaneously with another DSP?NO
COMMENTS: Displacement at maximum load 133.6 mm.
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND DATE: 09/27/06
APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK

DATA SHEET 7 STRENGTH OF LOWER ANCHORAGES (Forward Force)

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 BUICK LACROSSE PASSENGER CAR
VEH. NHTSA NO: <u>C50104</u> ; VIN: <u>2G4WC532451200267</u>
VEH. BUILD DATE: 10/04; TEST DATE: SEPTEMBER 27, 2006 TEST LABORATORY: GENERAL TESTING LABORATORIES
OBSERVERS: GRANT FARRAND, JIMMY LATANE
TEST NO: 5649
DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: ROW 2 RIGHT SIDE (DSP C)
Seat Back Angle: 26° FIXED
Location of seat back angle measurement: 2D Template
Head Restraint Position: FIXED
Force at lower front crossmember for SFAD2 while tightening rearward extensions: 135 N
Angle (measured above the horizontal at 500 N):10°
Force application rate: 421 N/S
Time to reach maximum force (24-30 s): 26 sec.
Maximum force (10,950 N ± 50 N): 10,969 N
Displacement, H1 (at 500 N):0.0
Displacement, H2 (at maximum load): 71.4 mm
Displacement of Point X: 71.4 mm (H2-H1) Displacement > 175 mm = FAIL (S9.4.1(a))
Tested simultaneously with another DSP?NO
Distance between adjacent DSP's: 380 mm
COMMENTS:
RECORDED BY: G. FARRAND DATE: 09/27/06
APPROVED BY: D. MESSICK

DATA SHEET 8 OWNER'S MANUAL

VEH. MOD YR/MAK	E/MODEL/BODY: 20	05 BUICK LACROSSE	PASSENGER CAR	
VEH. NHTSA NO: C	<u>50104;</u> VIN: 2G	64WC532451200267 0ATE: <u>SEPTEMBER 27</u>		
VEH. BUILD DATE:	<u>10/04</u> ; TEST D	ATE: SEPTEMBER 27	, 2006	_
				_
OBSERVERS: GRA	<u>ANT FARRAND, JIMM</u>	<u>IY LATANE</u>		_
systems: YES PASS X Step-by-step instruc	FAILtions for properly attac	ching a child restraint sy	and child restraint anchorage /stem's tether strap to the teth	ıer
anchorage. Diagran	ns are required <u>Y</u>	<u>′ES</u>		
PASS_X	FAIL			
Description of how to	o properly use the teth	ner anchorage and lowe	r anchor bars: YES	
PASS <u>X</u>	FAIL			
	pars are marked with a ograms: YES	a circle, an explanation	of what the circle indicates as	well
PASS <u>X</u>	FAIL			
COMMENTS:				
RECORDED BY:		DATE:	09/27/06	

SECTION 4 INSTRUMENTATION AND EQUIPMENT LIST

TABLE 1 - INSTRUMENTATION & EQUIPMENT LIST

EQUIPMENT	DESCRIPTION	MODEL/ SERIAL NO.	CAL. DATE	NEXT CAL. DATE
COMPUTER	AT&T	486DX266	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
LOAD CELL	INTERFACE	215709	09/06	09/07
LINEAR TRANSDUCER	SERVO SYSTEMS	20	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
SEAT BELT LOAD CELL	TRANSDUCER	135	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
SEAT BELT LOAD CELL	TRANSDUCER	137	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
LEVEL	STANLEY	42-449	02/06	02/07
FORCE GAUGE	CHATILLON	8761	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
CALIPER	N/A	Q9322365	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
CRF	MEASUREMENT FIXTURE	GTL CRF	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
SFAD 1	FORCE APPLICATION DEVICE	GTL SFAD 1	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE
SFAD 2	FORCE APPLICATION DEVICE	GTL SFAD 2	BEFORE USE	BEFORE USE

SECTION 5 PHOTOGRAPHS



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.1 LEFT SIDE VIEW OF VEHICLE



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.2 RIGHT SIDE VIEW OF VEHICLE



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.3 % FRONTAL VIEW OF LEFT SIDE OF VEHICLE



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.4 3/4 REAR VIEW FROM RIGHT SIDE OF VEHICLE



FIGURE 5.5 VEHICLE CERTIFICATION LABEL

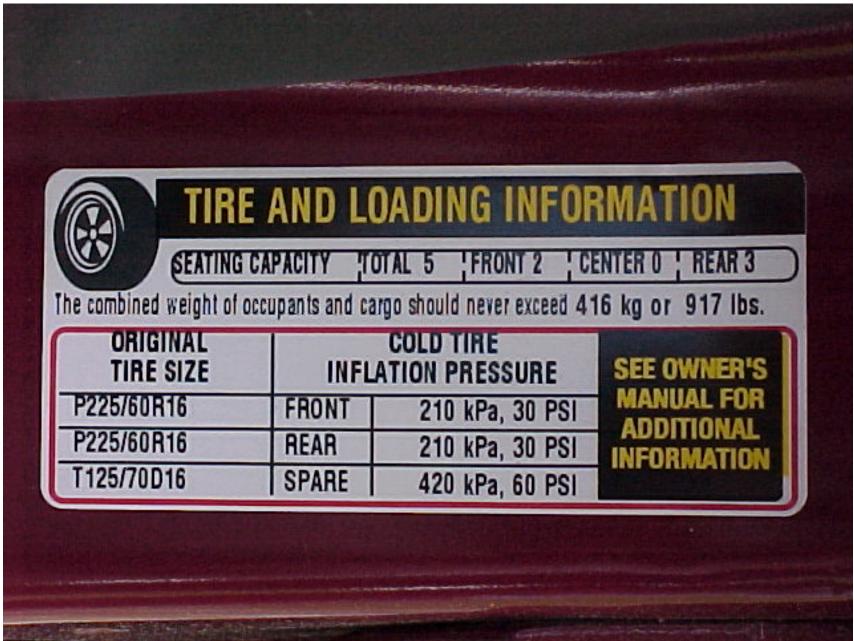
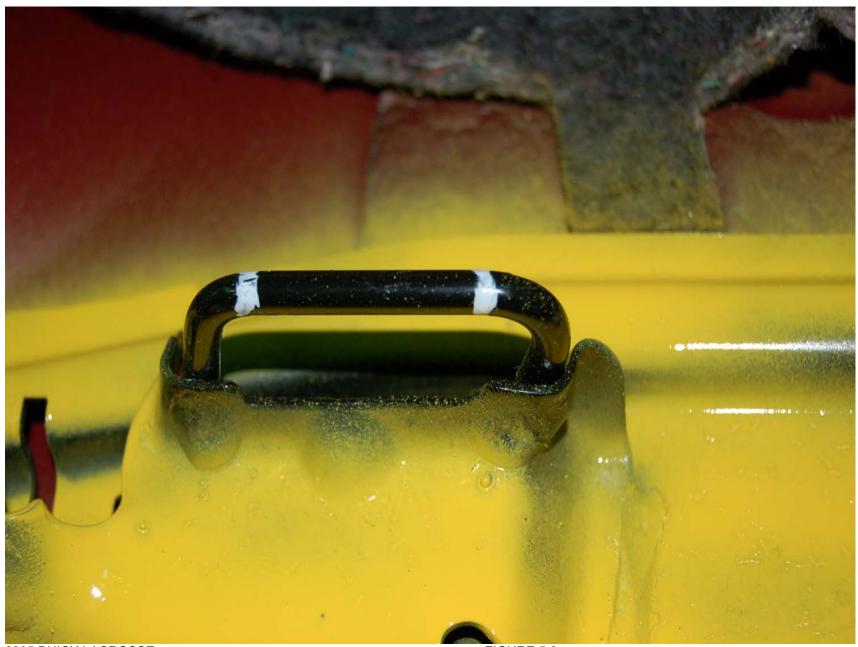


FIGURE 5.6 VEHICLE TIRE INFORMATION LABEL



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.7 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE, OUTBOARD LOWER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.8 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE, INBOARD LOWER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



FIGURE 5.9 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE, TOP TETHER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.10 ROW 2, CENTER, TOP TETHER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



FIGURE 5.11 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE, INBOARD LOWER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



FIGURE 5.12 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE, OUTBOARD LOWER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.13 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE, TOP TETHER ANCHOR, PRE-TEST



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.14 OVERALL VIEW OF ROW 2, SEATING POSITIONS, PRE-TEST



FIGURE 5.15 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH CRF



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.16 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH 2-D TEMPLATE



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.17 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE TOP TETHER ROUTING



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.18 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE WITH CRF



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.19 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE WITH 2-D TEMPLATE



FIGURE 5.20 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE TOP TETHER ROUTING



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.21 ROW 2, CENTER WITH CRF



FIGURE 5.22 ROW 2, CENTER WITH 2-D TEMPLATE

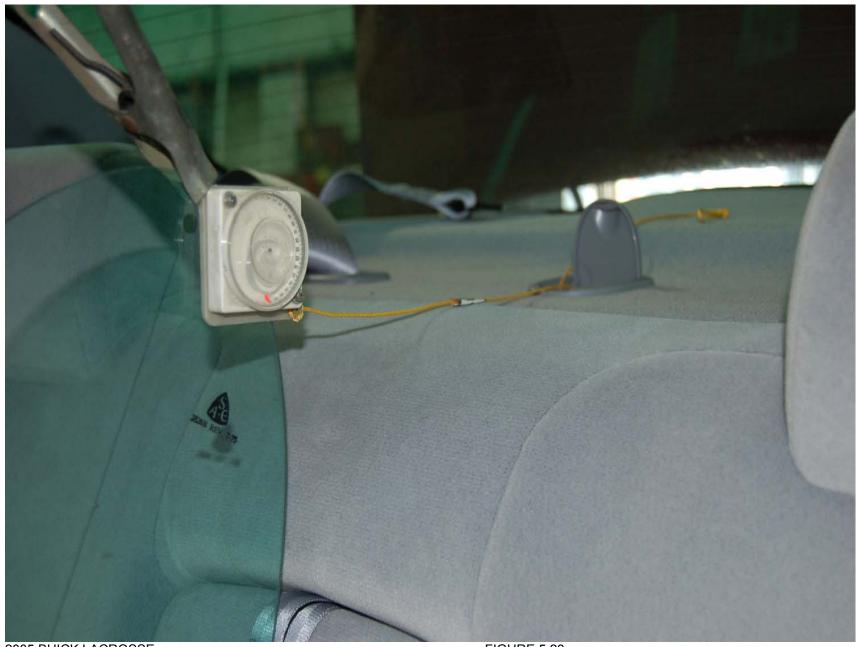


FIGURE 5.23 ROW 2, CENTER TOP TETHER ROUTING



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.24 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE INBOARD CRF MEASUREMENT



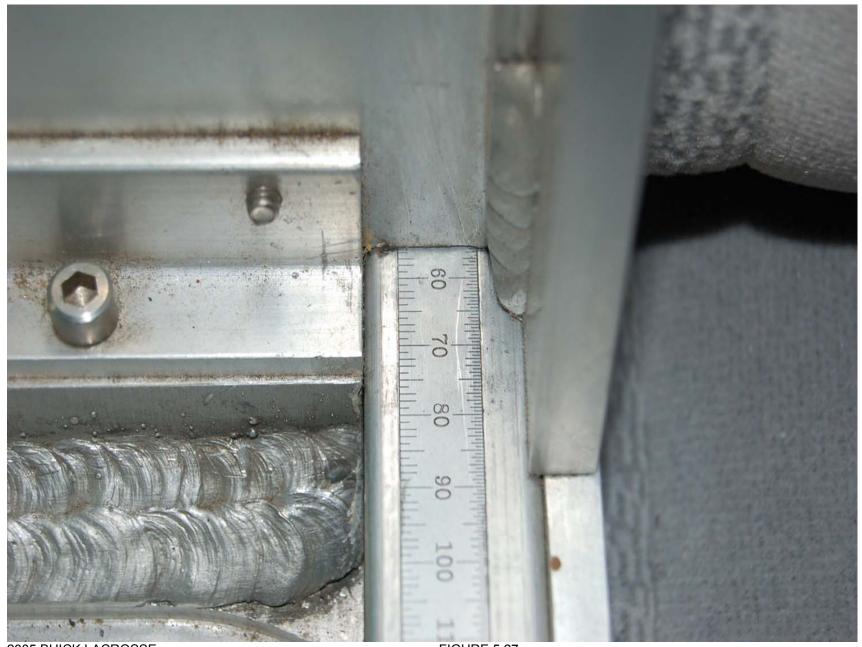
2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.25 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE OUTBOARD CRF MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.26 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE INBOARD CRF MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.27 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE OUTBOARD CRF MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.28 ROW 2, CENTER LEFT SIDE CRF MEASUREMENT

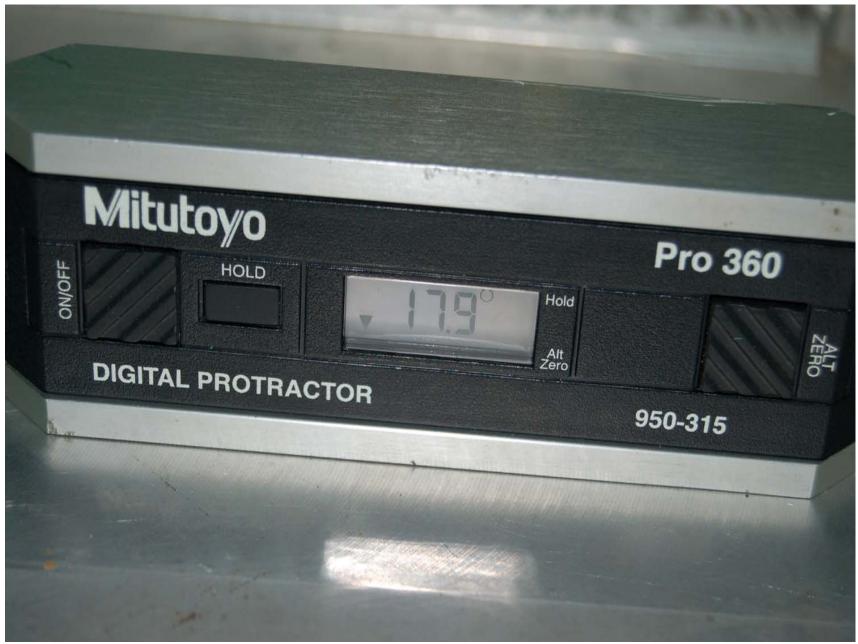


FIGURE 5.29 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE CRF MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.30 SYMBOL MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.31 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE CRF PITCH MEASUREMENT



FIGURE 5.32 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE CRF PITCH MEASUREMENT

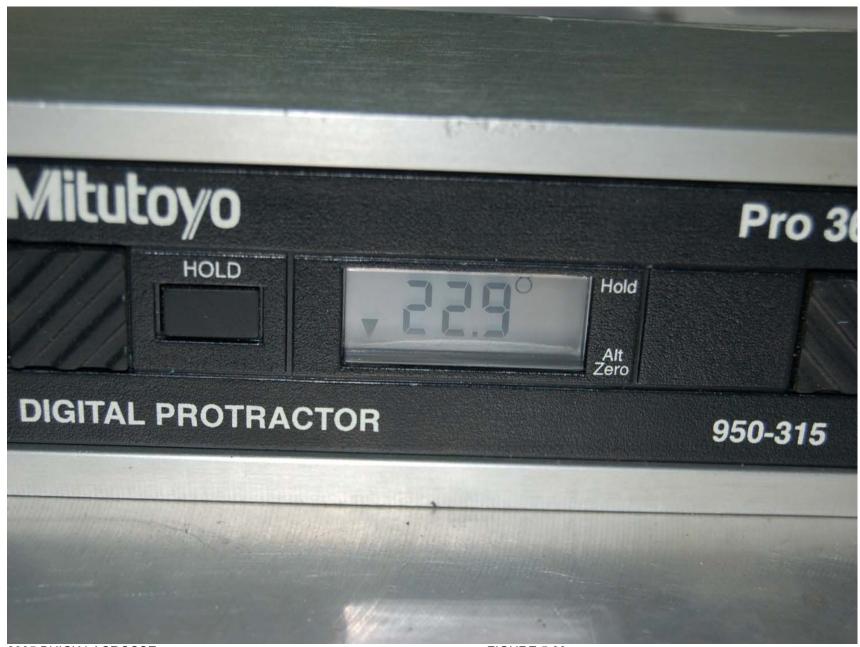
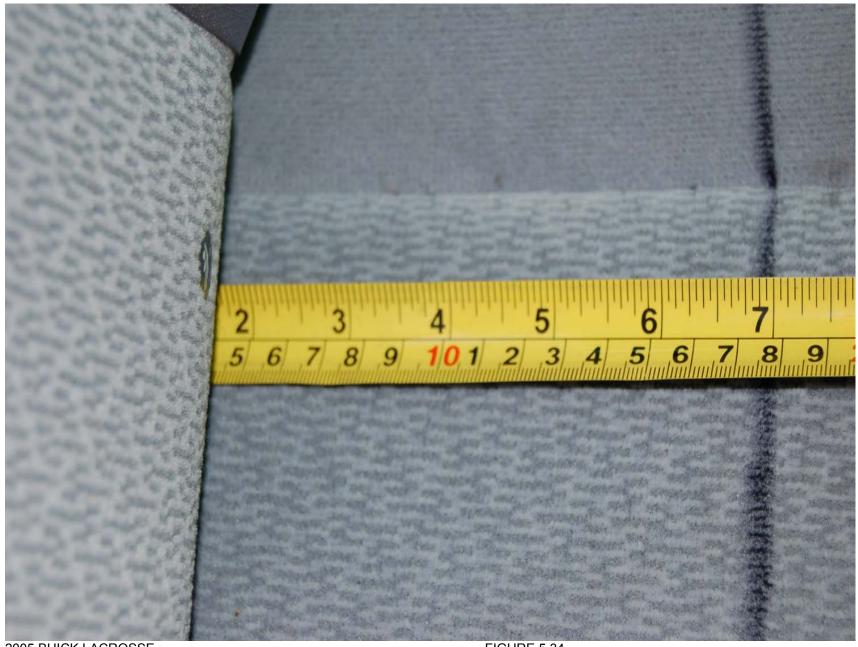
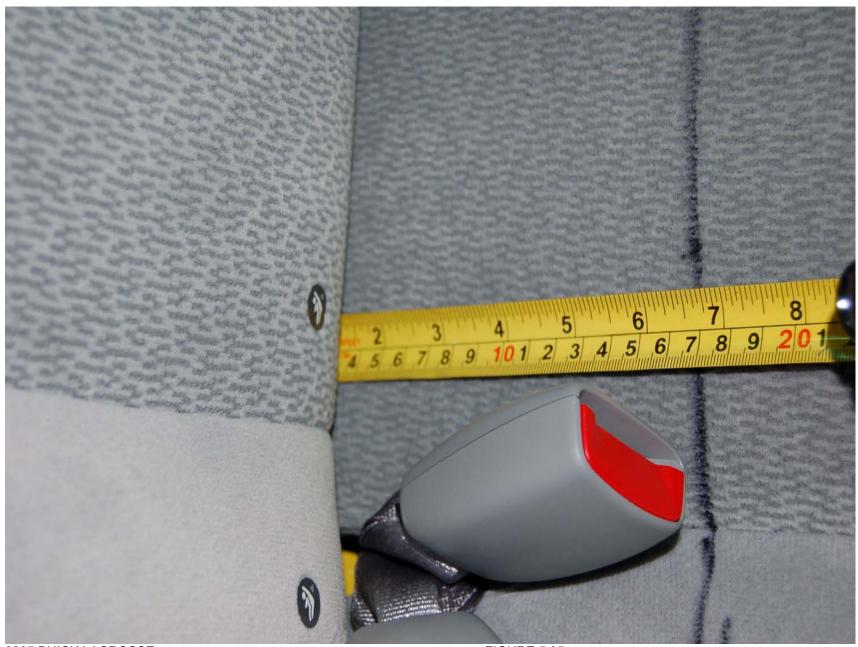


FIGURE 5.33 ROW 2, CENTER CRF PITCH MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.34 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE OUTBOARD SRP MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.35 ROW 2, LEFT SIDE INBOARD SRP MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.36 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE OUTBOARD SRP MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.37 ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE INBOARD SRP MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.38 ROW 2, CENTER LEFT SRP MEASUREMENT



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.39 ROW 2, CENTER RIGHT SRP MEASUREMENT



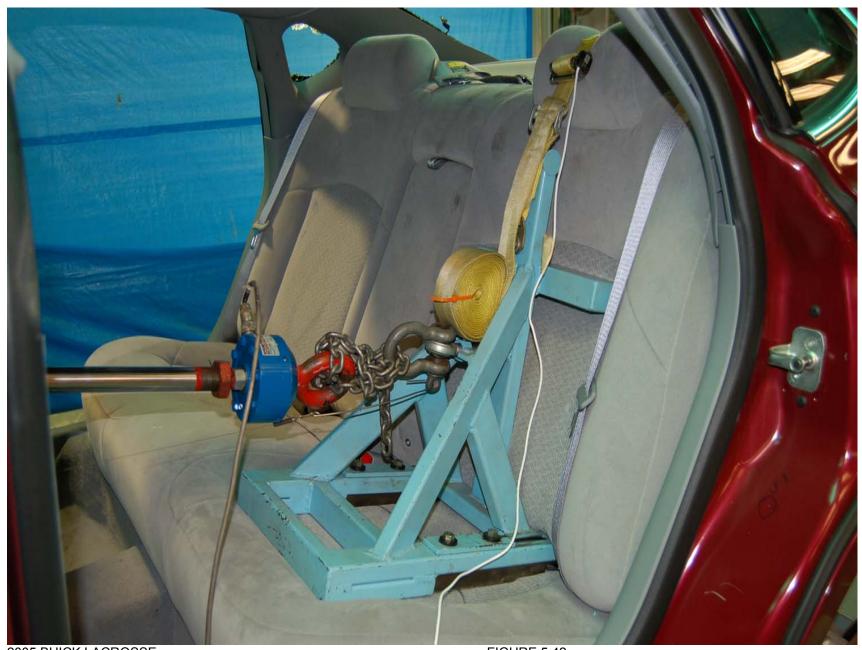
2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.40 3⁄4 LEFT REAR VIEW OF VEHICLE IN TEST RIG



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.41 3/4 RIGHT FRONT VIEW OF VEHICLE IN TEST RIG



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.42 PRE-TEST ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.43 PRE-TEST ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.44 POST TEST ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



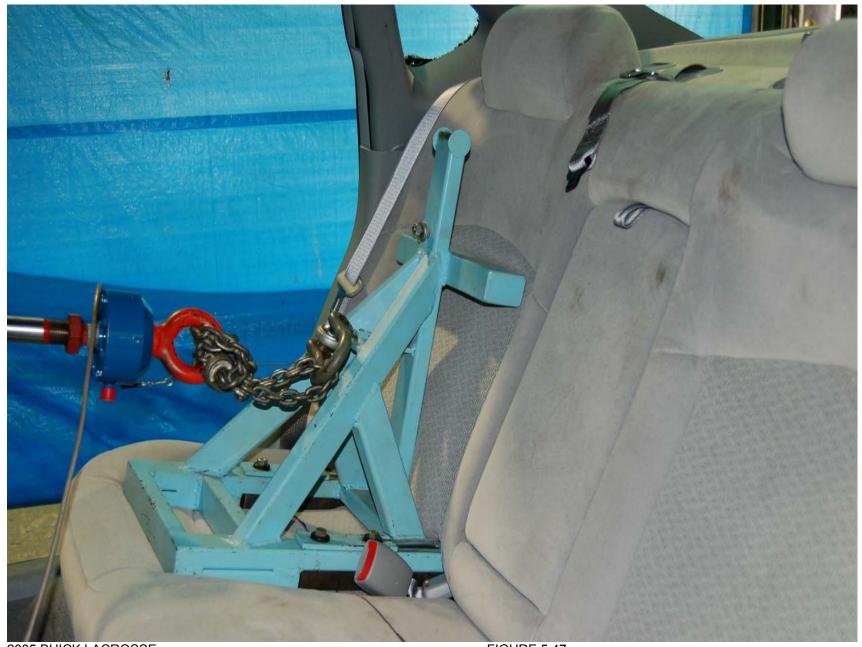
2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.45 POST TEST ROW 2, LEFT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



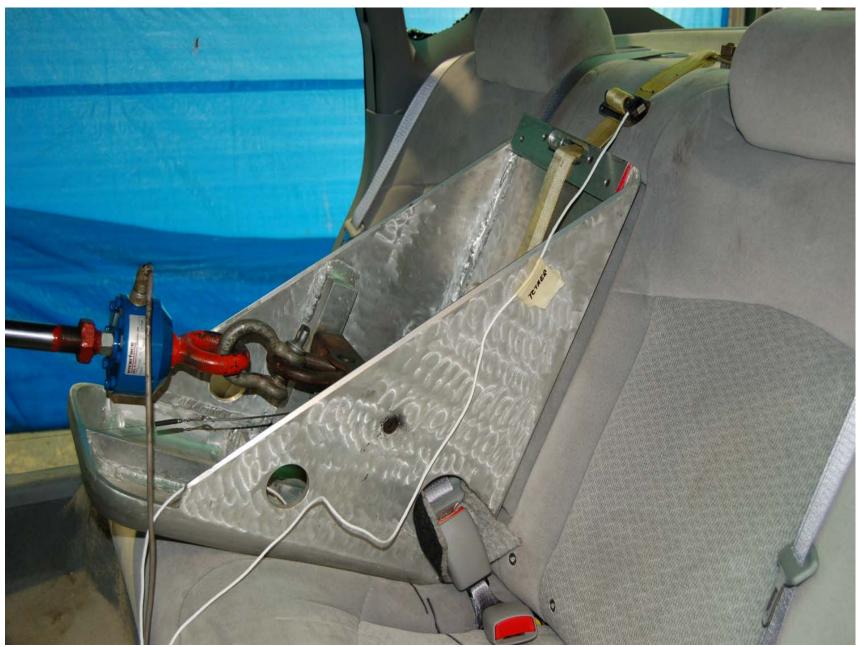
2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.46 PRE-TEST ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.47 POST TEST ROW 2, RIGHT SIDE WITH SFAD 2



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.48 PRE-TEST ROW 2, CENTER POSITION WITH SFAD 1



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

FIGURE 5.49
PRE-TEST ROW 2, CENTER POSITION WITH SFAD 1



2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104

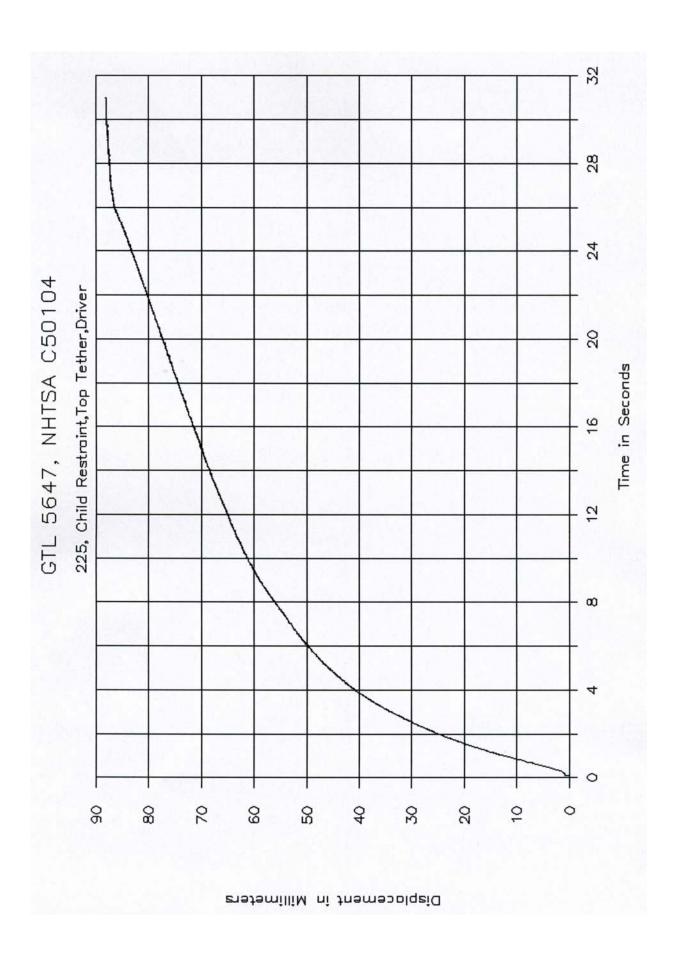
FIGURE 5.50 POST TEST ROW 2, CENTER POSITION WITH FMVSS NO. 225

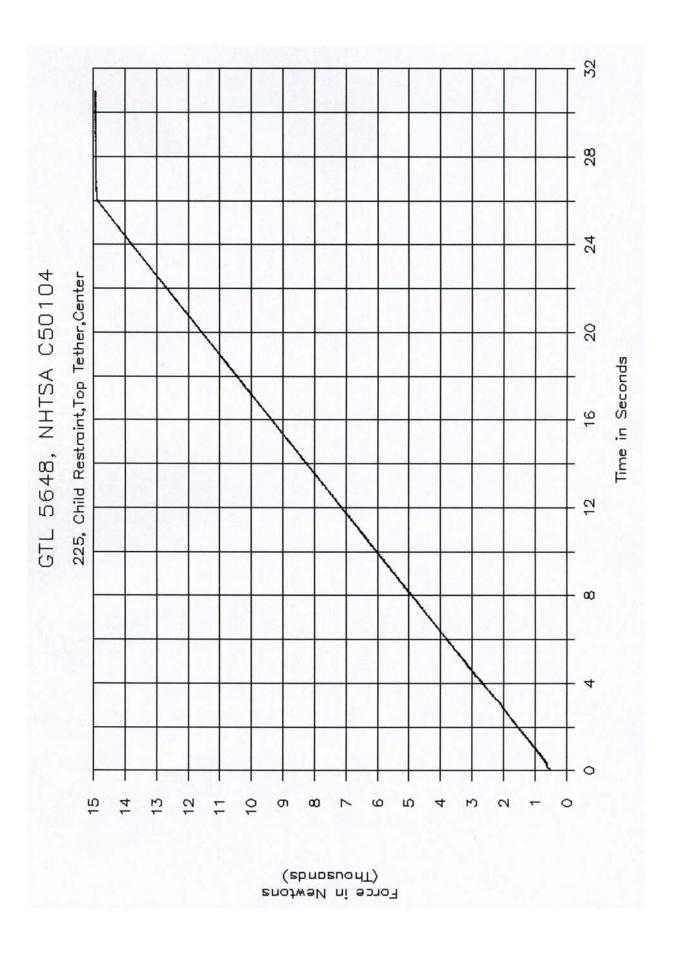


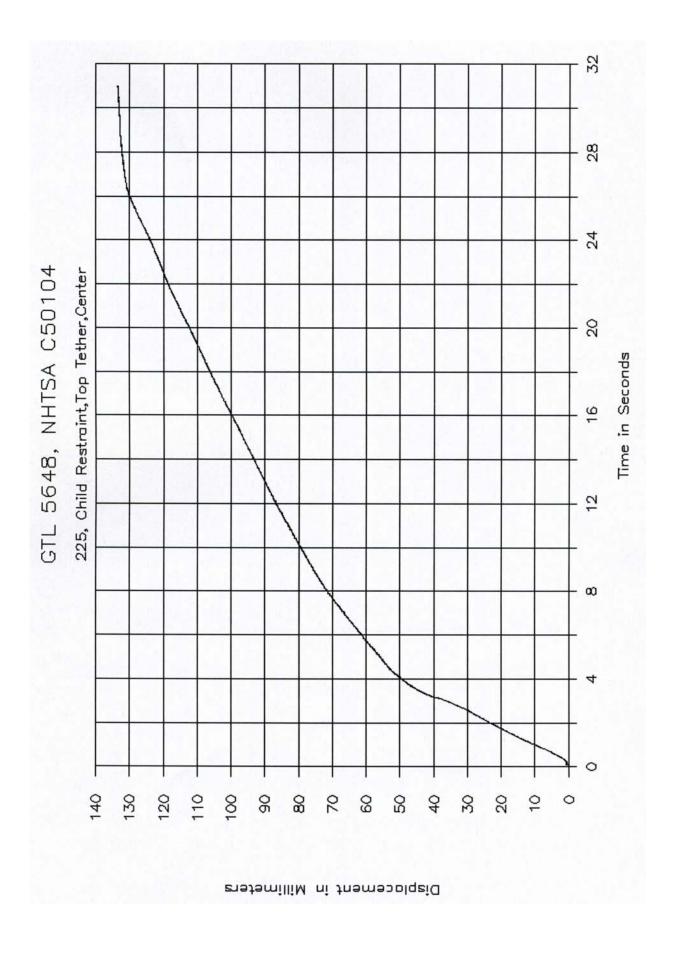
2005 BUICK LACROSSE NHTSA NO. C50104 FMVSS NO. 225

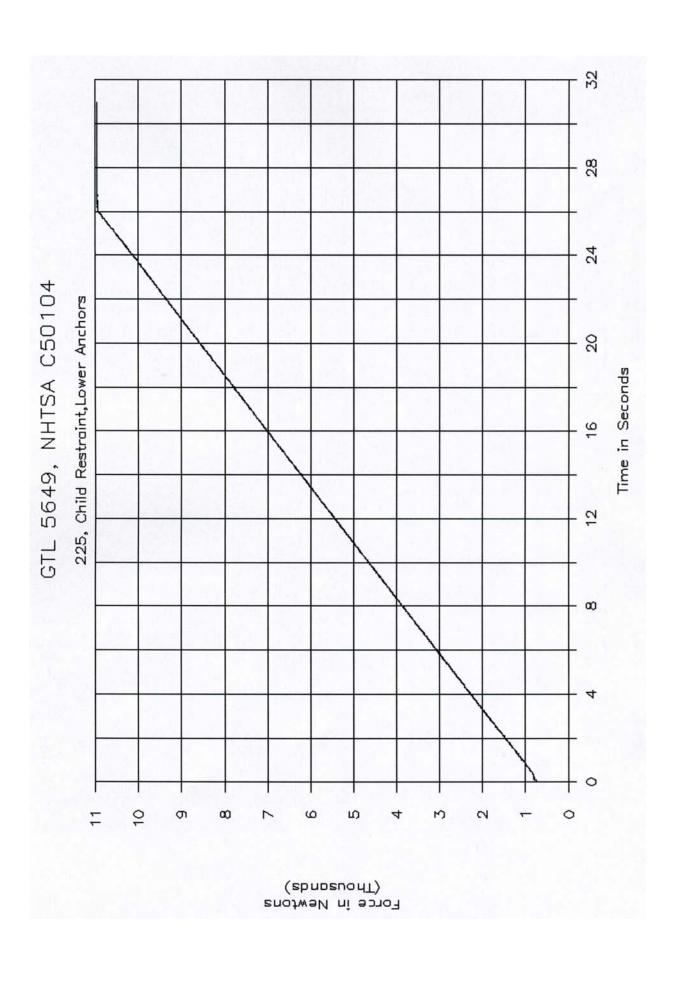
FIGURE 5.51 POST TEST ROW 2, CENTER POSITION WITH SFAD 1

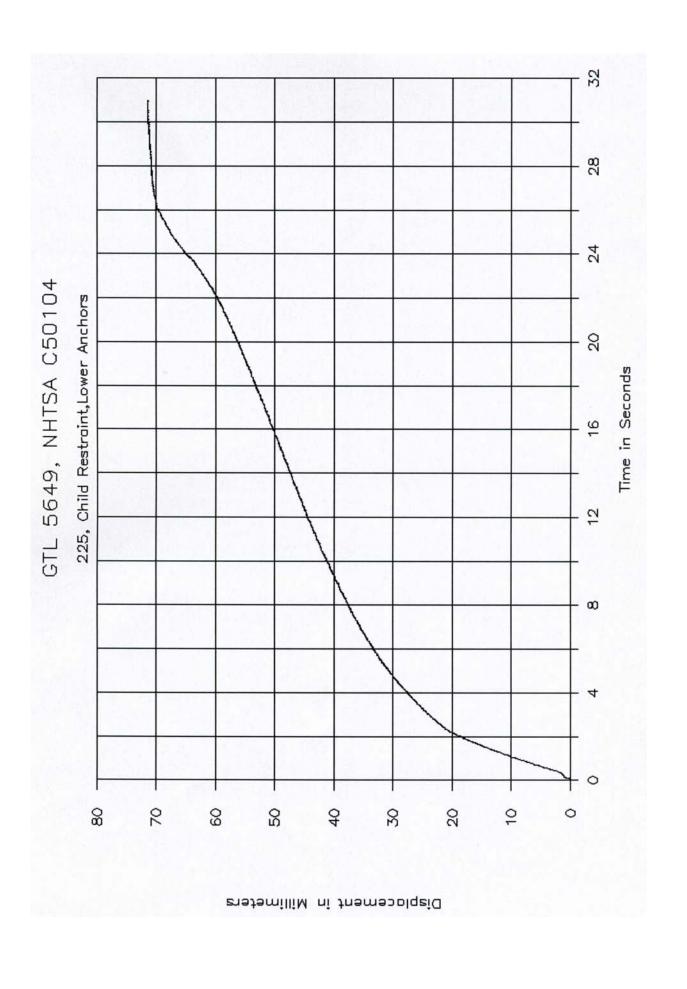
SECTION 6 PLOTS





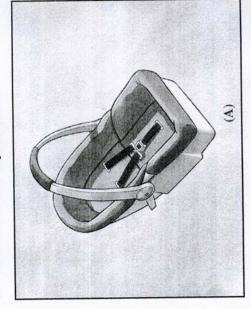






APPENDIX A OWNER'S MANUAL CHILD RESTRAINT INFORMATION

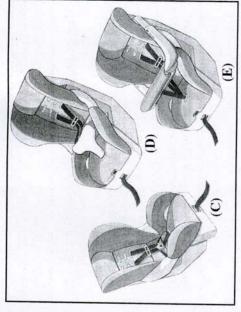
Child Restraint Systems

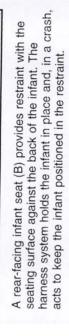


An infant car bed (A), a special bed made for use in a motor vehicle, is an infant restraint system designed to restrain or position a child on a continuous flat surface. Make sure that the infant's head rests toward the center of the vehicle.

△ CAUTION:

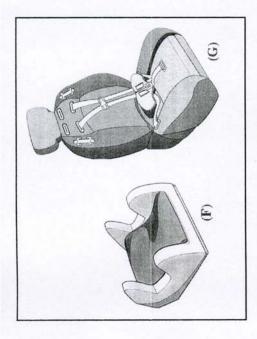
The body structure of a young child is quite unlike that of an adult or older child, for whom the safety belts are designed. A young child's hip bones are still so small that the vehicle's regular safety belt may not remain low on the hip bones, as it should. Instead, it may settle up around the child's abdomen. In a crash, the belt would apply force on a body area that is unprotected by any bony structure. This alone could cause serious or fatal injuries. Young children always should be secured in appropriate child restraints.







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A booster seat (F-G) is a child restraint designed to improve the fit of the vehicle's safety belt system. Some booster seats have a shoulder belt positioner, and some high-back booster seats have a five-point harness. A booster seat can also help a child to see out the window.

Q: How do child restraints work?

A: A child restraint system is any device designed for use in a motor vehicle to restrain, seat, or position children. A built-in child restraint system is a permanent part of the motor vehicle. An add-on child restraint system is a portable one, which is purchased by the vehicle's owner.

For many years, add-on child restraints have used the adult belt system in the vehicle. To help reduce the chance of injury, the child also has to be secured within the restraint. The vehicle's belt system secures the add-on child restraint in the vehicle, and the add-on child restraint's harness system holds the child in place within the restraint.

One system, the three-point harness, has straps that come down over each of the infant's shoulders and buckle together at the crotch. The five-point harness system has two shoulder straps, two hip straps and a crotch strap. A shield may take the place of hip straps. A T-shaped shield has shoulder straps that are attached to a flat pad which rests low against the child's body. A shelf- or armrest-type shield has straps that are attached to a wide, shelf-like shield that swings up or to the side.

When choosing a child restraint, be sure the child restraint is designed to be used in a vehicle. If it is, it will have a label saying that it meets federal motor vehicle safety standards.

Then follow the instructions for the restraint. You may find these instructions on the restraint itself or in a booklet, or both. These restraints use the belt system or the LATCH system in your vehicle, but the child also has to be secured within the restraint to help reduce the chance of personal injury. When securing an add-on child restraint, refer to the instructions that come with the restraint which may be on the restraint itself or in a booklet, or both, and to this manual. The child restraint instructions are important, so if they are not available, obtain a replacement copy from the manufacturer.

Where to Put the Restraint

Accident statistics show that children are safer if they are restrained in the rear rather than the front seat. We, therefore, recommend that child restraints be secured in a rear seat, including an infant riding in a rear-facing infant seat, a child riding in a forward-facing child seat and an older child riding in a booster seat.

Never put a rear-facing child restraint in the front passenger seat.

Here is why:

CAUTION:

A child in a rear-facing child restraint can be seriously injured or killed if the right front passenger's airbag inflates. This is because the back of the rear-facing child restraint would be very close to the inflating airbag.

Even though the passenger sensing system is designed to turn off the passenger's frontal airbag if the system detects a rear-facing child restraint, no system is fail-safe, and no one can guarantee that an airbag will not deploy under some unusual circumstance, even though it is turned off. General Motors recommends that rear-facing child restraints be secured in the rear seat, even if the airbag is off.

If you need to secure a forward-facing child restraint in the right front seat, always move the front passenger seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure the child restraint in a rear seat.

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△ CAUTION:

A child in a child restraint in the center front seat can be badly injured or killed by the right front passenger's airbag if it inflates. Never secure a child restraint in the center front seat. It is always better to secure a child restraint in the rear seat.

If you need to secure a forward-facing child restraint in the right front passenger seat, always move the front passenger seat as far back as it will go. It is better to secure the child restraint in a rear seat.

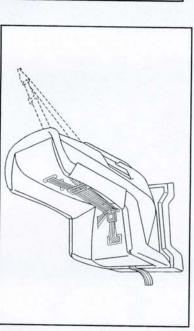
Wherever you install it, be sure to secure the child restraint properly.

Keep in mind that an unsecured child restraint can move around in a collision or sudden stop and injure people in the vehicle. Be sure to properly secure any child restraint in your vehicle — even when no child is in it.

Top Strap

Some child restraints have a top strap, or "top tether." It can help restrain the child restraint during a collision. For it to work, a top strap must be properly anchored to the vehicle. Some top strap-equipped child restraints are designed for use with or without the top strap being anchored. Others require the top strap always to be anchored. Be sure to read and follow the instructions for your child restraint. If yours requires that the top strap be anchored, do not use the restraint unless it is anchored properly.

If the child restraint does not have a top strap, one can be obtained, in kit form, for many child restraints. Ask the child restraint manufacturer whether or not a kit is available.



In Canada, the law requires that forward-facing child restraints have a top strap, and that the strap be anchored. In the United States, some child restraints also have a top strap. If your child restraint has a top strap, it should be anchored.

Anchor the top strap to an anchor point specified in *Top Strap Anchor Location on page 1-43*. Be sure to use an anchor point located on the same side of the vehicle as the seating position where the child restraint will be placed.

△ CAUTION:

Each top tether bracket is designed to anchor only one child restraint. Attaching more than one child restraint to a single bracket could cause the anchor to come loose or even break during a crash. A child or others could be injured if this happens. To help prevent injury to people and damage to your vehicle, attach only one child restraint per bracket.

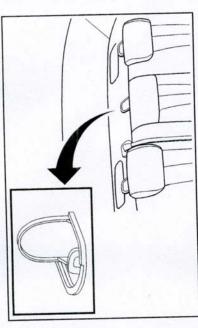
Once you have the top strap anchored, you will be ready to secure the child restraint itself. Tighten the top strap when and as the child restraint manufacturer's instructions say.

1-42

1-43

Top Strap Anchor Location

The vehicle has top strap anchors installed for the rear seating positions.



They are located under trim covers on the rear seatback filler panel.

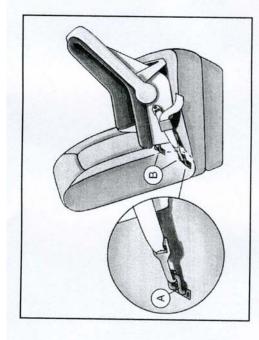
Do not secure a child restraint with a top strap in the right front passenger's position if a national or local law requires that the top strap be anchored, or if the instructions that come with the child restraint say that the top strap must be anchored. There is no place to anchor the top strap in this position.

If your child restraint is equipped with the LATCH system, Lower Anchorages and Top Tethers for Children (LATCH System) on page 1-43.

Lower Anchorages and Top Tethers for Children (LATCH System)

The vehicle has the LATCH system. You will find anchors in all three rear seating positions.

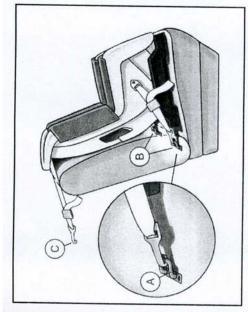
This system, designed to make installation of child restraints easier, does not use the vehicle's safety belts. Instead it uses vehicles anchors and child restraint attachments to secure the restraints. Some restraints also use another vehicle anchor to secure a top tether strap.



- A. Lower Anchorage
- B. Lower Anchorage

A. Lower Anchorage B. Lower Anchorage C. Top Tether

In order to use the LATCH system in your vehicle, you need a child restraint designed for that system.



1-44





To assist you in locating the lower anchors for this child restraint system, each seating position with the LATCH system has a label on the seatback at each lower anchor position.

The labels are located near the base of all three rear seating positions.

CAUTION:

If a LATCH-type child restraint is not attached to its anchorage points, the restraint will not be able to protect the child correctly. In a crash, the child could be seriously injured or killed. Make sure that a LATCH-type child restraint is properly installed using the anchorage points, or use the vehicle's safety belts to secure the restraint, following the instructions that came with that restraint, and also the instructions in this manual.

Securing a Child Restraint Designed for the LATCH System

- 1. Find the LATCH anchorages for the seating position you want to use, where the bottom of the seatback meets the back of the seat cushion. See Lower Anchorages and Top Tethers for Children (LATCH System) on page 1-43.
- 2. Put the child restraint on the seat.
- Attach and tighten the LATCH attachments on the child restraint to the LATCH anchorages in the vehicle. The child restraint instructions will show you how.
- If the child restraint is forward-facing, attach and tighten the top tether to the top tether anchorage. The child restraint instructions will show you how. Also see Top Strap on page 1-41.
 - Push and pull the child restraint in different directions to be sure it is secure.

To remove the child restraint, simply unhook the top tether from the top tether anchorage and then disconnect the LATCH attachments from the LATCH anchorages.

APPENDIX B MANUFACTURER'S DATA

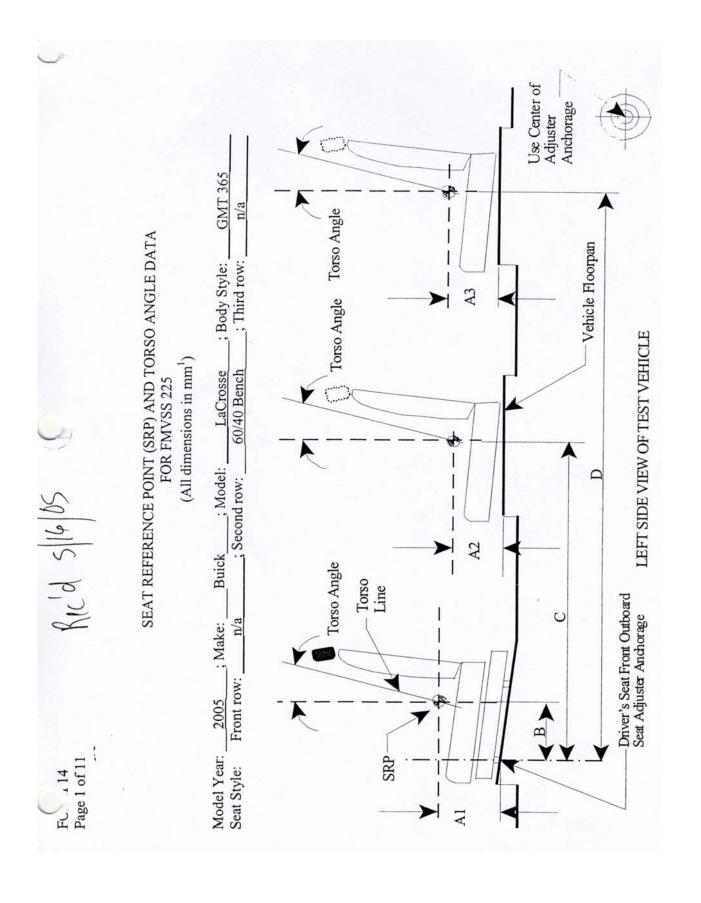




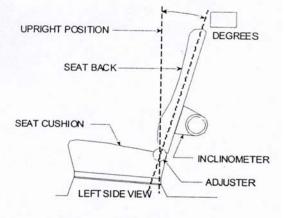
Table 1. Seating Positions¹ and Torso Angles

		Left (Driver Side)	Center (if any)	Right
	A1	n/a	n/a	n/a
	A2	202.5mm	202.5mm	202.5mm
	A3	n/a	n/a	n/a
	В	n/a	n/a	n/a
	O	1206.5mm	1198.5 mm	1206.5 mm
	٥	n/a	n/a	n/a
Torso Angle (degree)	Front Row	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Second Row	26°	26°	26°
	Third Row	n/a	n/a	n/a

Note: 1. All dimensions are in mm. If not, provide the unit used.

FOR	M	14	1	
Page	3	of	1	1

NOMINAL DESIGN RIDING POSITION – For adjustable driver, passenger, 2nd row and 3rd row seat backs, describe how to position the inclinometer to measure the seat back angle. Include description of the location of the adjustment latch detent if applicable. Indicate if applicable, how the detents are numbered (Is the first detent "0" or "1"?). Indicate if the seat back angle is measured with the dummy in the seat.



Seat back angle for driver's seat = $\underline{n/a}$ degrees Measurement Instructions:

n/a	
Seat back angle for passenger's seat = n/a degrees Measurement Instructions:	
n/a	
Seat back angle for 2 nd row seat = degrees Measurement Instructions: n/a Seat does not adjust	
Seat back angle for 3^{rd} row seat = $\underline{n/a}$ degrees Measurement Instructions:	
n/a	

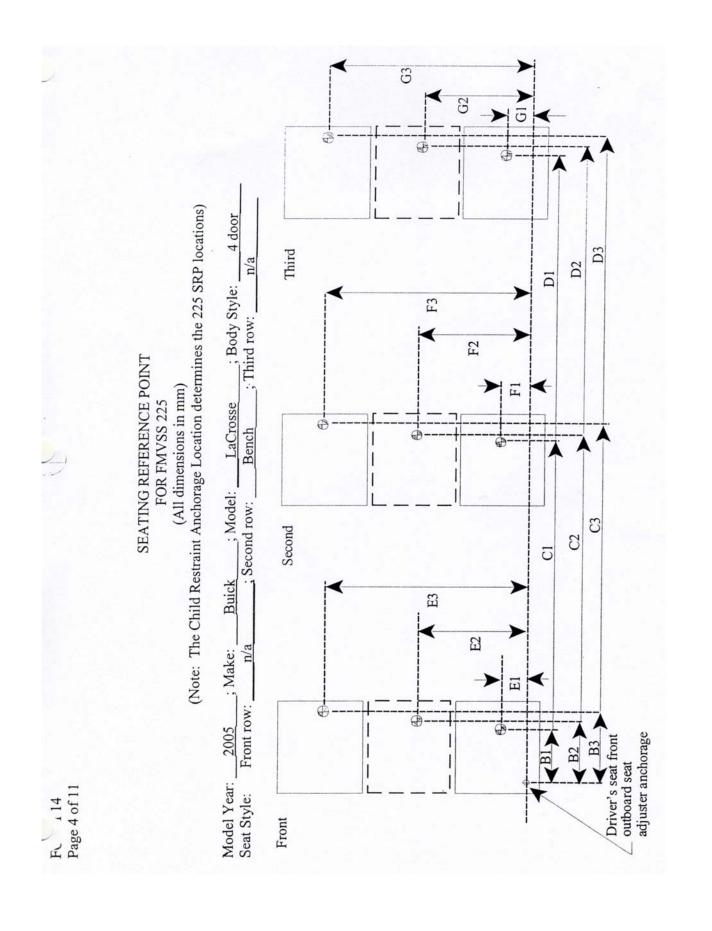


Table 2. Seating Reference Point and Tether Anchorage Locations

Seating Refer Point (SRF		Distance from Driver's front outboard seat adjuster anchorage ¹	
Front Row	B1	n/a	
	E1	n/a	
	B2	n/a	
	E2	n/a	
	В3	n/a	
	E3	n/a	
Second Row	C1	1206.5mm	
	F1	251.0 mm	
	C2	1198.5 mm	
	F2	614.0 mm	
	C3	1201.5 mm	
	F3	978.0 mm	
Third Row	D1	n/a	
	G1	n/a	
	D2	n/a	
	G2	n/a	
	D3	n/a	
	G3	n/a	

Note: 1. Use the center of anchorage.

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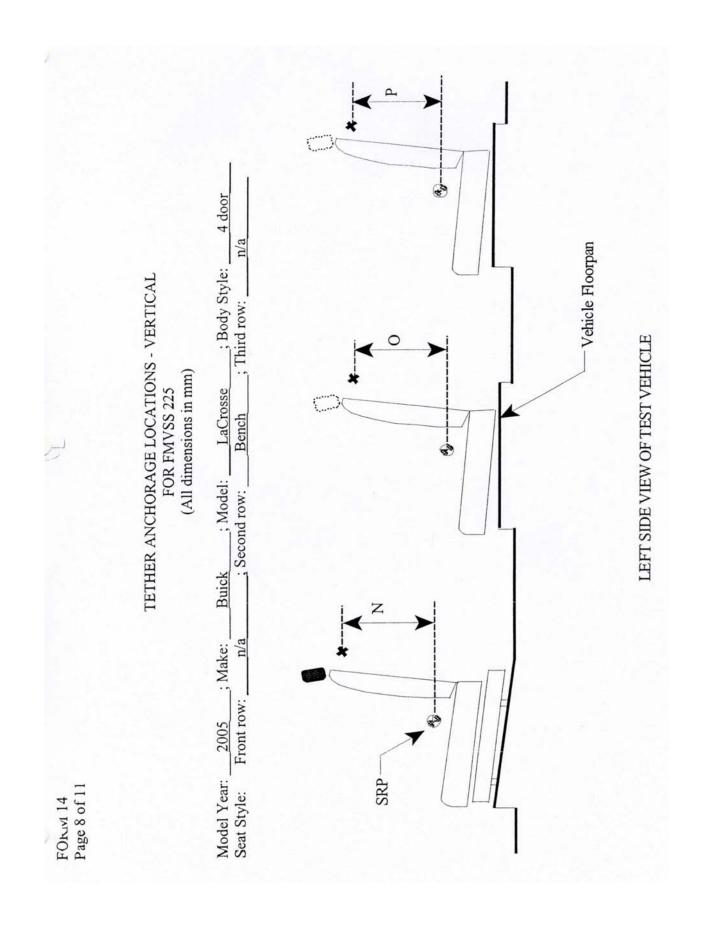
Note: 1. The location shall be measured at the center of anchorage.

Tether anchorage

Table 3. Seating Reference Point and Tether Anchorage Locations

Seating Reference Point (SRP)		Distance from SRP
Front Row	H1	n/a
	K1	n/a
	H2	n/a
	K2	n/a
	НЗ	n/a
	K3	n/a
Second Row	11	546.4 mm
	L1	10.0 mm (inboard)
	12	564.4 mm
	L2	0.0mm
	13	546.4mm
	L3	10.0 mm (inboard)
Third Row	J1	n/a
	M1	n/a
	J2	n/a
	M2	n/a
	J3	n/a
	МЗ	n/a

Note: 1. Use the center of anchorage.



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Table 4. Vertical Dimension For The Tether Anchorage

Seating Row	Vertical Distance fro	Vertical Distance from Seating Reference Point
Front Row	N1 (Driver)	n/a
	N2 (Center)	n/a
	N3 (Right)	n/a
Second Row	O1 (Left)	536.3 mm
	O2 (Center)	502.3 mm
	Ó3 (Right)	536.3 mm
Third Row	P1 (Left)	n/a
	P2 (Center)	n/a
	P3 (Right)	n/a

Note: 1. All dimensions are in mm. If not, provide the unit anchorage.

Test Procedures Used for Compliance Tests

Lower Anchorages

	eating location in each d applicable FMVSS Section		FMVSS :	225 Section(s)	
	Block 1	each position b	ge location certification metho y circling A or B) 9.2.1 or B) 15.1.2.2	d used (Enter appl	licable section used in block 1 of
	Block 2		ge dimension (Enter applicable 9.1.1) or B) 15.1.2.2		lock 2 by circling A or B) I and yaw angles)
	Block 3	Lower anchorage	ge marking (Enter applicable so A) 9.5 or B) 15.4	ection used in bloc	ck 3 by circling A or B)
	Block 4	Strength require	A) Section 9 or B) Section		y circling A or B)
	Driver			n/a	
Front	Center (if any)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Right (if any)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Left	Block 1 A B	Block 2 A B Pitch 16•, Roll 0°, Yaw 0.°	Block 3 A B	Block 4 A B
Second	Center	Block 1 A B	Block 2 A B Pitch 20.°, Roll 1°, Yaw 0°	Block 3 A B	Block 4 A B
	Right (if any)	Block I A B	Block 2 A B Pitch 18°, Roll 0°, Yaw 0.°	Black 3 A B	Block 4 A B
	Left	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Third	Center	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Right	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Left	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fourth	Center	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Right	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Test Procedures Used for Compliance Tests

Tether Anchorages

each ro	h seating location in w record applicable MVSS Section	FM	AVSS Section(s) - R	Req.	
	Block 1	Tether anchorage location applicable section used (A) 6.2.1 B) 6.2.1.1 (C)	in block 1 by circlin		
	Block 2	Number or tether ancho (Enter applicable section			
	Block 3	Tether anchorage streng used in block 3 by circli	ng A, B, or C)		
	Driver		n/a		
Front	Center (if any)	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	Right (if any)	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	Left	Block 1 A B C D E F	Block 2 A B	Block 3 A B C	
Second	Center	Block 1 AB C D E F	Block 2 A B	Block 3 (A) B C	
	Right	Block 1 AB C D E F	Block 2 A B	Block 3 A B C	
	Left	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Third	Center	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	Right	n/a n/a		n/a	
	Left	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Fourth	Center	n/a	n/a	n/a	
	Right	n/a	n/a	n/a	