FINAL REPORT NUMBER 225-MGA-05-012

# SAFETY COMPLIANCE TESTING FOR FMVSS 225 "Child Restraint Anchorage Systems"

## FORD MOTOR COMPANY 2005 FORD ESCAPE NHTSA No. C50201

## MGA RESEARCH CORPORATION 446 Executive Drive Troy, Michigan 48083



Test Date: June 2, 2006 Report Date: July 14, 2006

## FINAL REPORT

## PREPARED FOR:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION ENFORCEMENT OFFICE OF VEHICLE SAFETY COMPLIANCE 400 SEVENTH STREET, SW ROOM 6111 (NVS-220) WASHINGTON, D.C. 20590 This publication is distributed by the U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration in the interest of information exchange. The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the Department of Transportation or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof. If trade or manufacturers' names or products are mentioned, it is only because they are considered essential to the object of the publication and should not be construed as an endorsement. The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers.

Prepared By:

Melanie Schick, Project Engineer

P. maladhillet

Brad Reaume, Test Personnel

Helen A. Kaleto, Laboratory Manager

Approved By:

Approval Date: 07/14/2006

FINAL REPORT ACCEPTANCE BY OVSC:

Edward Chan Digitally signed by Edward Chan DN: CN = Edward Chan, C = US Date: 2006.07.14 15:42:01 -04'00'

Accepted By:

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4.	Child Restraint Lower Anchorage Configuration
5.	Tether Location and Dimensional Measurements
6.	Tether Anchorage Static Loading and Displacement

#### 1.0 PURPOSE AND PROCEDURE

#### PURPOSE

The child restraint anchorage testing results presented in this report are part of the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) No. 225 compliance test program conducted for the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) by MGA Research Corporation (MGA) under Contract No. DTNH22-02-D-11043. The purpose of the testing was to determine if the subject vehicle, a 2005 Ford Escape, NHTSA No. C50201 meets the performance requirements of FMVSS No. 225, "Child Restraint Anchorage Systems."

#### PROCEDURE

This testing was conducted in accordance with NHTSA's Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance (OVSC) Laboratory Test Procedure TP-225-01 (4/11/05) and MGA's Laboratory Test Procedure, MGATP225GOV (2/24/05).

The front occupant compartment consisted of two (2) adjustable outboard bucket seats and the rear occupant compartment consisted of a  $2^{nd}$  row three-passenger 60/40 split-back bench seat. Each  $2^{nd}$  row outboard seating position was equipped with a child restraint anchorage system (one tether and two lower anchorages). The  $2^{nd}$  row center seating position was equipped with a tether anchorage. The center-to-center spacing between the  $2^{nd}$  row outboard lower anchorages was approximately 680 mm. Each  $2^{nd}$  row outboard seating position was tested with the SFADII fixture and the  $2^{nd}$  row center seating position was tested with the SFADII fixture.

#### 2.0 COMPLIANCE TEST AND DATA SUMMARY

#### TEST SUMMARY

The testing was conducted at MGA in Troy, Michigan on June 2, 2006.

Based on the test results, the 2005 Ford Escape appears to meet the requirements of FMVSS No. 225 for this testing.

The SFADII at the 2<sup>nd</sup> row left seating position sustained a maximum force of 11,144 N and held the required load for 3 seconds. The total displacement from point "X" on the SFADII for the 2<sup>nd</sup> row left seating position was 64 mm. The SFADII at the 2<sup>nd</sup> row right seating position sustained a maximum force of 11,074 N and held the required load for 2 seconds. The total displacement from point "X" on the SFADII for the 2<sup>nd</sup> row right seating position was 53 mm. The SFADI at the 2<sup>nd</sup> row center seating position sustained a maximum force of 15,144 N and held the required load for 2 seconds.

#### DATA SUMMARY

Strength and displacement summary data are provided below. Data for the configuration and the location of each child restraint anchorage system are provided in Section 5.0. Photographs are found in Section 6.0 and test plots are found in Section 7.0.

MGA	Fixture	Test	Seating	Max. Load	Displacement
Test #	Туре	Configuration	Position	(N)	( <b>mm</b> )
SB6318	SFADII	Forward	2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Left	11,144	64
500510	SD0518 SFADII	Forward	2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Right	11,074	53
SB6319	SFADI	Forward	2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Center	15,144	N/A

#### Table 1. Summary Data for Strength and Displacement

N/A indicates that the displacement criteria does not apply to this test.

#### 3.0 TEST VEHICLE INFORMATION

#### Table 2. General Test and Vehicle Parameter Data

VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY	2005 Ford Escape
VEH. NHTSA NO.	C50201
VIN	1FMYU02Z25KB04029
COLOR	Black
VEH. BUILD DATE	06/04
TEST DATE	June 2, 2006
TEST LABORATORY	MGA Research Corporation
OBSERVERS	Melanie Schick, Brad Reaume, Kenney Godfrey

#### GENERAL INFORMATION:

#### DATA FROM VEHICLE'S CERTIFICATION LABEL:

Vehicle Manufactured By: Ford Motor Co.

Date of Manufacture: 06/04;

GVWR: <u>4260 lbs;</u>

VIN: <u>1FMYU02Z25KB04029</u> GAWR FRONT: <u>2320 lbs</u>

GAWR REAR: 2115 lbs

### DATA FROM TIRE PLACARD:

Tire Pressure with Maximum Capacity Vehicle Load:

FRONT: 32 psiREAR: 32 psiRecommended Tire Size: P225/75R17Recommended Cold Tire Pressure:FRONT: 32 psiREAR: 32 psiSize of Tire on Test Vehicle: P225/75R17Size of Spare Tire: T145/90R17

#### VEHICLE CAPACITY DATA:

Type of Front Seats:	Bench	;	Bucket	X ; Split	Bench	
Number of Occupants:	Front	<u>2</u> ;	Middle	<u>N/A;</u> Rear	<u>3</u> ; TOTAL	<u>5</u> .

## 4.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION INFORMATION

MGA Research Corporation 446 Executive Drive Troy, Michigan 48083					
Test Equipment Used for Testing	Calibration Due Date				
MGA Hydraulic Test Frame	N/A				
Two (2) Load Cell 10,000 lb Capability	S/N 258 (08/13/06), S/N 270 (08/10/06)				
String Potentiometer	Calibrated at each use (S/N C1601440A, C1601445A)				
Hydraulic Pump	N/A				
MGA CRF Fixture	N/A				
MGA SFADI	N/A				
MGA SFADII	N/A				
MGA 2-Dimensional Template	N/A				
Linear Scale	S/N TPM659 (04/25/07)				
MGA Data Acquisition System	N/A				
Digital Calipers	S/N MGA00571 (09/02/06)				
Force Gauge	S/N MGA00647 (05/26/07)				
Inclinometer (Digital)	S/N MGA00051 (02/09/07)				

## 5.0 DATA

Seating Position Permit the attachment of a tether hook		attachment of	Accessible without the need for any tool other than a screwdriver or coin	Ready for use without the need for any tools	Sealed to prevent the entry of exhaust fumes
Front Row		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
G 1	Second LH Yes Ctr. Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes
Row			Yes	Yes	Yes
RH		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Third Row		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: AS DETERMINED USING THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN TP-225-01.

REMARKS: NONE.

OBSERVED LOWER ANCHORAGE CONFIGURATION			SEAT POS	ITION		
		FRONT	SECOND ROW		THIRD	
		ROW	I/B	O/B	ROW	
Above anchorage, permanently marked with a circle not less than 13 mm in Dia.; and whose color contrasts with its background; and its	LH		60	71		
center is not less than 50 mm and not more than 100 mm above the	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A	
bar, and in the vertical longitudinal plane that passes through the center of the bar.	RH		75	83		
Each of the bars is visible, without the compression of the seat cushion or seat back, when the bar is viewed, in a vertical	LH	-	N	Ιο	_	
longitudinal plane passing through the center of the bar, along a line	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A	
marking an upward 30 degree angle with a horizontal plane.	RH		No			
Diameter of the bar (mm)	LH	_	5.95	6.02		
	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A	
	RH	I	6.04	6.02		
Inspect if the bars are straight, horizontal and transverse	LH	_	Yes N/A		N/A	
	Ctr	N/A				
	RH	Yes		es		
Optional Marking: At least one anchorage bar (when deployed for use, if storable anchorages), one guidance fixture, or one seat	LH	_	N/A			
marking is visible.	Ctr	N/A			N/A	
	RH					
Optional Marking: If guidance fixtures are used, the fixture(s) must be installed.	LH	_	N/A			
be instaneu.	Ctr	N/A			N/A	
	RH					
Measure the distance between Point "Z" of the CRF and the front surface of the anchorage bar (mm)	LH		4	3		
surface of the anchorage bar (mm)		N/A	N	/A	N/A	
	RH		44			
Measure the distance between the SRP to the center of the anchorage bar (mm)	LH	4	14	47		
anchorage bar (IIIII)	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A	
	RH		148			

## Table 4. Child Restraint Lower Anchorage Configuration

Table 4. Child Restraint Lower Anchorage Configuration (continued)

OBSERVED LOWER ANCHORAGE CONFIGURATION	SEAT POSITION				
		FRONT ROW	SECON I/B	D ROW O/B	THIRD ROW
Inspect if the centroidal longitudinal axes are collinear within 5		Yes			
degrees	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A
	RH		Y	es	
Inspect if the inside surface of the bar that is straight and horizontal	LH		31	32	
section of the bars, and determine they are not less than 25 mm, but not more than 60 mm in length (mm).	Ctr	N/A	N/A		N/A
	RH		29	30	
Inspect if the bars can be connected to, over their entire inside length	LH		Yes		N/A
by the connectors of child restraint system.	Ctr	N/A	N/A		
	RH		Yes		
Inspect if the bars are an integral and permanent part of the vehicle.	LH		Yes		
	Ctr	N/A N/A		N/A	
			Yes		
Inspect if the bars are rigidly attached to the vehicle. If feasible, hold the bar firmly with two fingers and gently pull.			Yes		
		N/A N/A		N/A	
	RH		Yes		

## PITCH, YAW, & ROLL INFORMATION

SEAT POSITION	PITCH (deg)	YAW (deg)	ROLL (deg)
2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Left	15.8	No Data	0.5
2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Center	N/A	N/A	N/A
2 <sup>nd</sup> Row Right	16.5	No Data	0.0

N/A indicates that there were no lower anchorages in the  $2^{nd}$  row center seating position.

Note: AS DETERMINED USING THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN TP-225-01.

#### **REMARKS: NONE**

Table 5. Tether Location and Dimensional Measurements	Table 5.	Tether I	location	and D	imensional	Measurements
---	----------	----------	----------	-------	------------	--------------

SEAT PO FOR TE		TETHER ANCHORAGE LOCATION Located in the required zone?
Front	Row	N/A
C 1	LH	Yes
Second Row	Ctr.	Yes
	RH	Yes
Third Row		N/A

Note: AS DETERMINED USING THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN TP-225-01.

REMARKS: NONE

SEAT POSITION		Seat, Seat Back, & Head Restraint Positions		Type of	Angle	Initial	Onset	Force	Max.	Final	Horiz.	
		Seat	Seat Back	Is There a H/R?	SFAD Used	(deg)	Location (mm)	Rate (N/sec.)	Applied (N)	Load (N)	Location (mm)	Displ. (mm)
Front I	Row	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Second Row	LH		l Fixed	Yes	II	10	33	387	11,000	11,144*	97	64
	Ctr.	Fixed		No	Ι	9.5	N/A	535	15,000	15,144*	N/A	N/A
	RH			Yes	II	10	48	387	11,000	11,074*	101	53
Third Row		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 6. Tether Anchorage Static Loading and Displacement

Note: AS DETERMINED USING THE PROCEDURES SPECIFIED IN <u>TP-225-01</u>.

REMARKS: \* Applied force exceeded the force specified in the test procedure.

6.0 PHOTOGRAPHS



6.2 Rear view



6.3 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Front left view



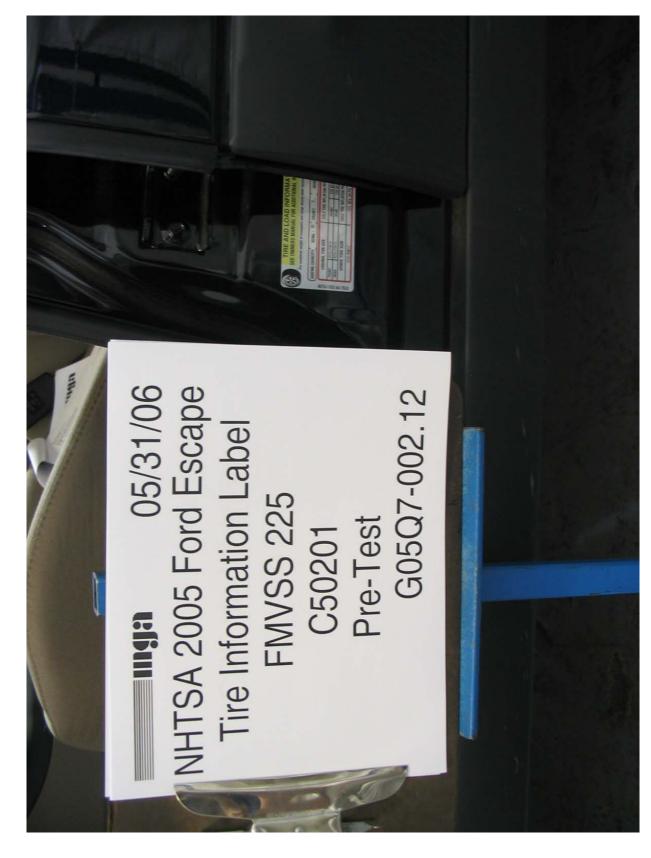
6.4 <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> Front right view

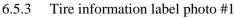


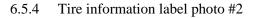
6.5Test vehicle's certification label6.5.1Certification label photo #1



MITH RINS COLD





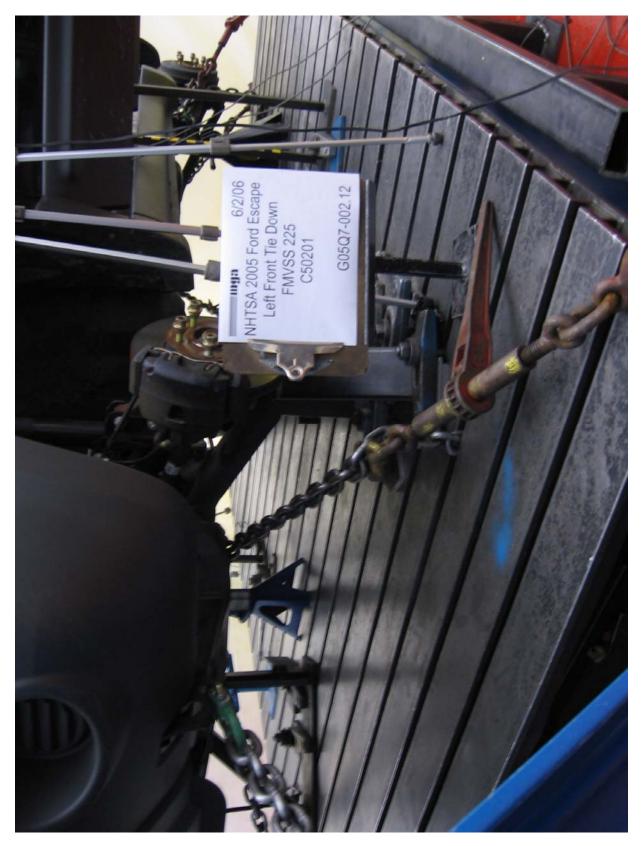




6.6 Vehicle tie down at each tie down location6.6.1 Front under vehicle



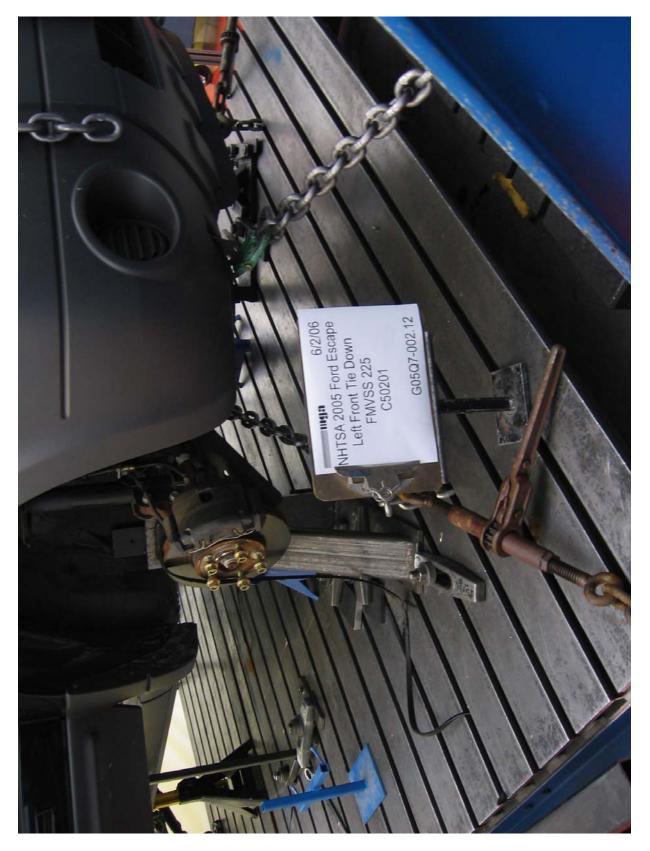
6.6.2 Left front



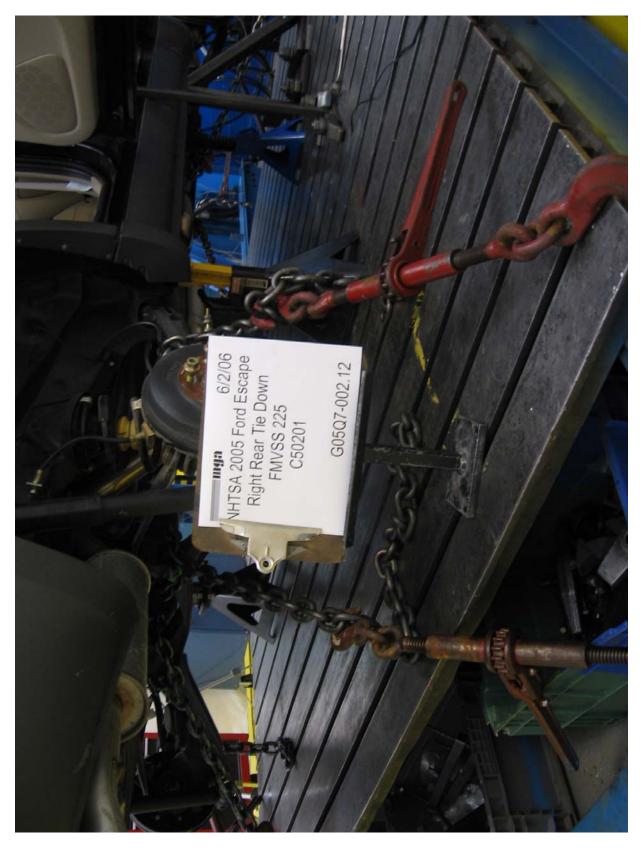
6.6.3 Left rear



6.6.4 Right front



6.6.5 Right rear

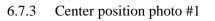


6.7 2-dimensional template 6.7.1 LH position photo #1



## 6.7.2 LH position photo #2







6.7.4 Center position photo #2



## 6.7.5 RH position photo #1



## 6.7.6 RH position photo #2



6.8 CRF verification6.8.1 LH position photo #1



### 6.8.2 LH position photo #2



6.8.3 LH position photo #3



6.8.4 RH position photo #1



# 6.8.5 RH position photo #2

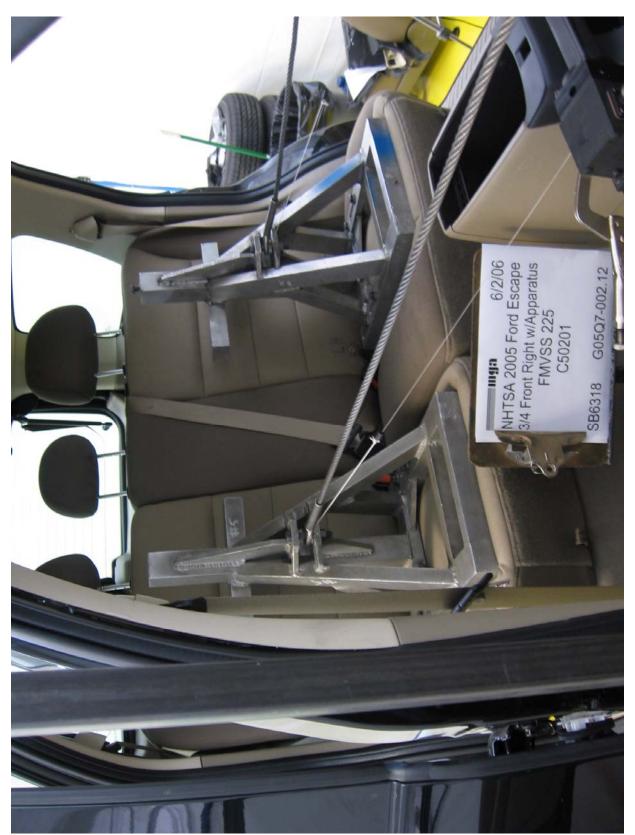


6.8.6 RH position photo #3



6.9 <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> Front view of test vehicle with test apparatus in place
6.9.1 <sup>3</sup>⁄<sub>4</sub> Front left view of SFADII test 1 of 2





6.9.2 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Front right view of SFADII test 1 of 2



6.9.3 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Front left view of SFADI test 2 of 2



6.9.4 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> Front right view of SFADI test 2 of 2

6.10 Pre-test views of each child restraint anchorage system installed in the vehicle 6.10.1 Pre-test photo #1 of SFADII test 1 of 2





6.10.2 Pre-test photo #2 of SFADII test 1 of 2



6.10.3 Pre-test photo #3 of SFADII test 1 of 2



6.10.4 Pre-test photo #4 of SFADI test 2 of 2



6.10.5 Pre-test photo #5 of SFADI test 2 of 2



6.10.6 Pre-test photo #6 of SFADI test 2 of 2



6.10.7 Pre-test photo #7 of SFADI test 2 of 2

6.11 Post-test condition of each child restraint anchorage system 6.11.1 Post-test photo #1 of SFADII test 1 of 2

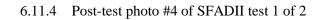




6.11.2 Post-test photo #2 of SFADII test 1 of 2



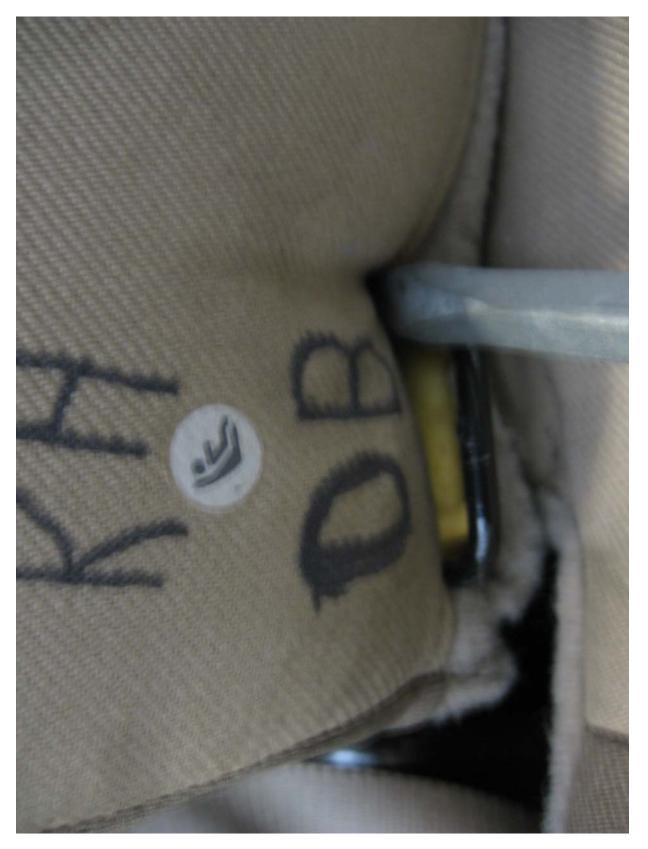
6.11.3 Post-test photo #3 of SFADII test 1 of 2



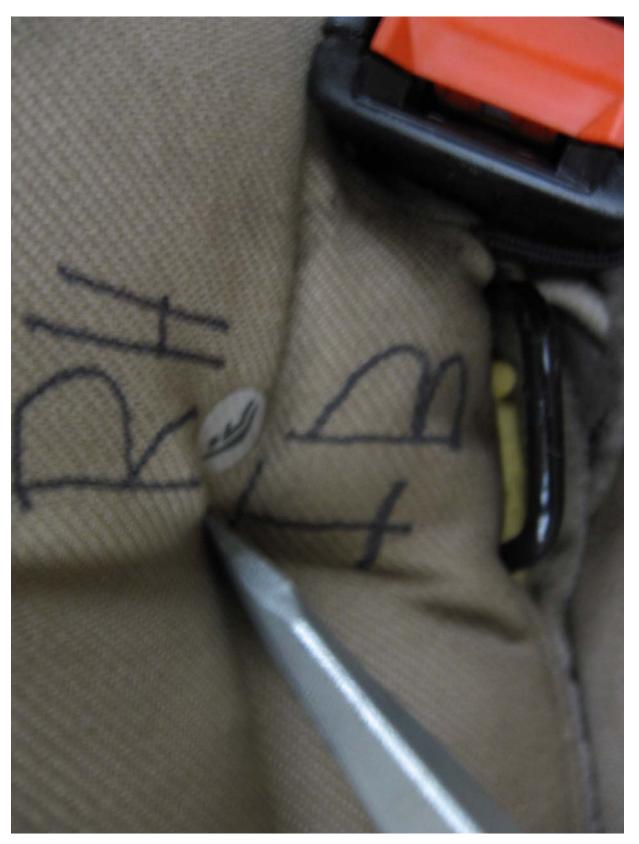




6.11.5 Post-test photo #5 of SFADII test 1 of 2



6.11.6 Post-test photo #6 of SFADII test 1 of 2



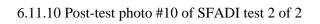
6.11.7 Post-test photo #7 of SFADII test 1 of 2

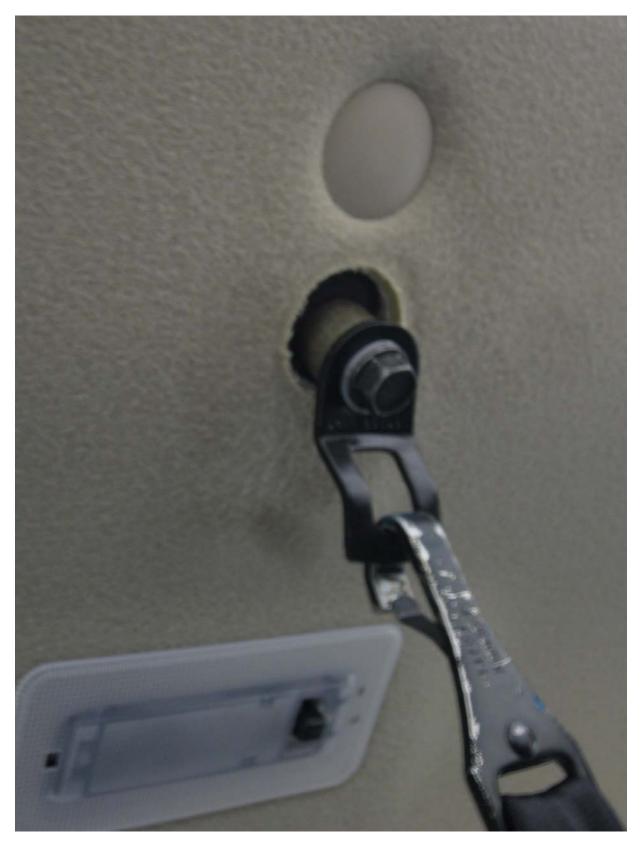


6.11.8 Post-test photo #8 of SFADI test 2 of 2



6.11.9 Post-test photo #9 of SFADI test 2 of 2

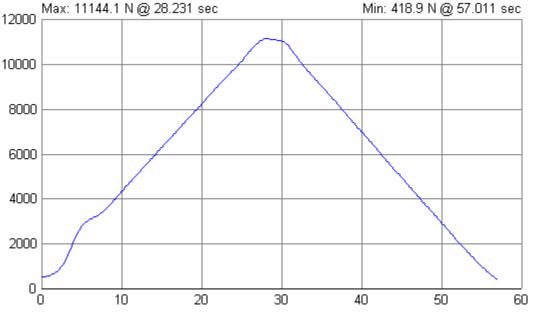




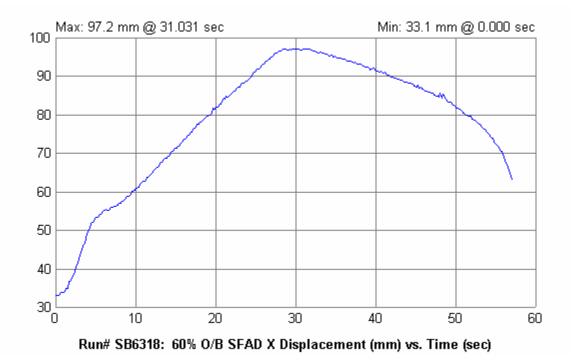
6.11.11 Post-test photo #11 of SFADI test 2 of 2

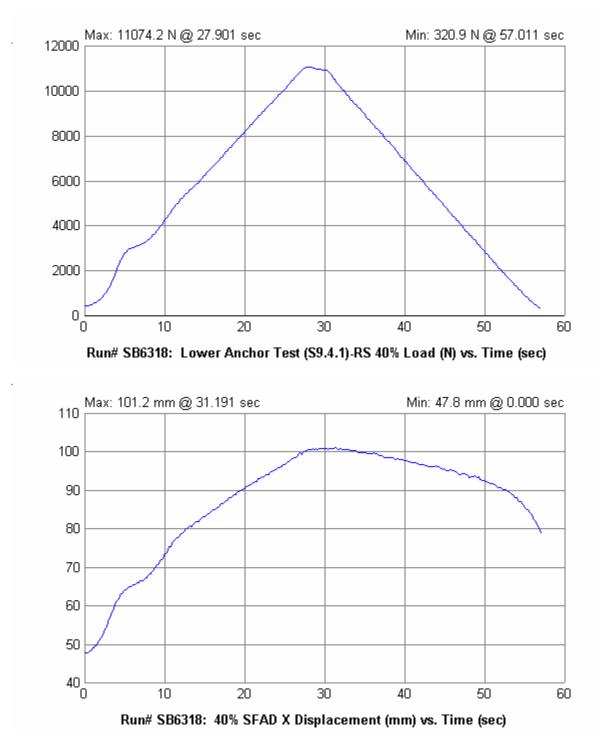


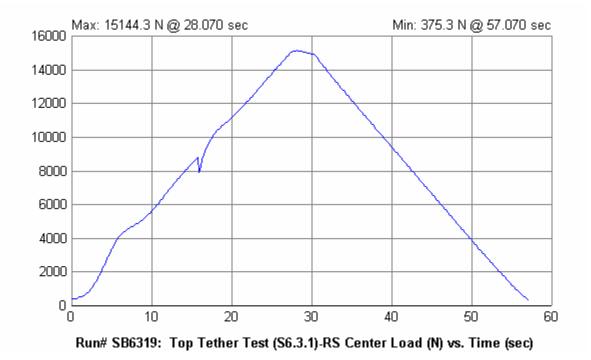
## 7.0 PLOTS



Run# SB6318: Lower Anchor Test (S9.4.1)-RS 60% O/B Load (N) vs. Time (sec)







## 8.0 **REPORT** of VEHICLE CONDITION

## **REPORT OF VEHICLE CONDITION AT THE COMPLETION OF TESTING**

## CONTRACT No.: DTNH22-02-D-11043

DATE: June 2, 2006

## From: MGA Research Corporation, 446 Executive Drive, Troy, MI 48083

## To: NHTSA, OVSC, NVS-220

The following vehicle has been subjected to compliance testing for FMVSS No. 201U and 225

The vehicle was inspected upon arrival at the laboratory for the test and found to contain all of the equipment listed below. All variances have been reported within 2 working days of vehicle arrival, by letter, to the NHTSA Industrial Property Manager (NAD0-30), with a copy to the OVSC COTR. The vehicle is again inspected, after the above test has been conducted, and all changes are noted below. The final condition of the vehicle is also noted in detail.

## VEH. MOD YR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY: 2005 Ford Escape

VEH. NHTSA NO.: <u>C50201</u>	VIN: <u>1FMYU02Z25KB04029</u>					
COLOR: Blue						
ODOMETER READINGS:	ARRIVAL	<u>30</u> miles	Date: 05/03/06			
	COMPLETION	<u>32</u> miles	Date: <u>06/02/06</u>			
PURCHASE PRICE: \$ <u>17,391</u>	DEALER'S NAME:	West-Herr Ford				
ENGINE DATA:	<u>4</u> Cylinders	<u>2.3</u> Liters	Cubic Inches			
TRANSMISSION DATA:	<u>X</u> Automatic	Manual	No. of Speeds $5$			
FINAL DRIVE DATA:	_ Rear Drive	X_ Front Dri	ve 4 Wheel Drive			

### CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXES FOR VEHICLE EQUIPMENT:

TEST LABORATORY: MGA Research Corporation

## OBSERVERS: Melanie Schick, Brad Reaume, Kenney Godfrey

Х	Air Conditioning		Traction Control	Х	Clock
X	Tinted Glass		All Wheel Drive		Roof Rack
X	Power Steering	Х	Speed Control	Х	Console
X	Power Windows	Х	Rear Window Defroster	Х	Driver Air Bag
Х	Power Door Locks		Sun Roof or T-Top	Х	Passenger Air Bag
	Power Seat(s)		Tachometer	Х	Front Disc Brakes
Х	Power Brakes	Х	Tilt Steering Wheel		Rear Disc Brakes
	Antilock Brake System	Х	AM/FM/Compact Disc		Other

## **REMARKS:**

Salvage only.

## Equipment that is no longer on the test vehicle as noted on previous pages:

All equipment inventoried and placed in vehicle.

## **Explanation for equipment removal:**

Windshield and front seats were removed before conducting the testing.

## **Test Vehicle Condition:**

Salvage only.

RECORDED BY: Melanie Schick, Kenney Godfrey

DATE: June 2, 2006

APPROVED BY: Brad Reaume

APPENDIX A OWNERS MANUAL CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS

### Seating and Safety Restraints

A series of five beeps will be heard. The tone pattern will repeat periodically until the problem and/or light are repaired.

If any of these things happen, even intermittently, have the SRS serviced at your dealership or by a qualified technician immediately. Unless serviced, the system may not function properly in the event of a collision.

Disposal of air bags and air bag equipped vehicles (including pretensioners)

See your local dealership or qualified technician. Air bags MUST BE disposed of by qualified personnel.

#### SAFETY RESTRAINTS FOR CHILDREN

See the following sections for directions on how to properly use safety restraints for children. Also see Air bag supplemental restraint system (SRS) in this chapter for special instructions about using air bags.

### Important child restraint precautions

You are required by law to use safety restraints for children in the U.S. and Canada. If small children (generally children who are four years old or younger and who weigh 18 kg [40 lbs] or less) ride in your vehicle, you must put them in safety seats made especially for children. Many states require that children use approved booster seats until they are eight years old. Check your local and state or provincial laws for specific requirements regarding the safety of children in your vehicle. When possible, always place children under age 12 in the rear seat of your vehicle. Accident statistics suggest that children are safer when properly vehicle. Accident statistics suggest that children are safer when properly restrained in the rear seating positions than in the front seating position.

Always follow the instructions and warnings that come with any infant or child restraint you might use.

Never let a passenger hold a child on his or her lap while the vehicle is moving. The passenger cannot protect the child from

#### Children and safety belts

injury in a collision.

If the child is the proper size, restrain the child in a safety seat. Children who are too large for child safety seats (as specified by your child safety seat manufacturer) should always wear safety belts.

Follow all the important safety restraint and air bag precautions that apply to adult passengers in your vehicle.

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1

## Seating and Safety Restraints

If the shoulder belt portion of a combination lap and shoulder belt can be positioned so it does not cross or rest in front of the child's face or neck, the child should wear the lap and shoulder belt. Moving the child closer to the center of the vehicle may help provide a good shoulder belt fit.

 $\Delta$  Do not leave children, inreliable adults, or pets unattended in your vehicle.

#### Child booster seats

Children outgrow a typical convertible or toddler seat when they weigh 40 pounds and are around 4 years of age. Although the lap/shoulder belt will provide some protection, these children are still too small for lap/shoulder belts to fit properly, which could increase the risk of serious injury.

To improve the fit of both the lap and shoulder belt on children who have outgrown child safety seats, Ford Motor Company recommends use of a belt-positioning booster.

Booster seats position a child so that safety belts fit better. They lift the child up so that the lap belt rests low across the hips and the knees bend comfortably. Booster seats also make the shoulder belt fit better and more comfortably for growing children.

#### When children should use booster seats

Children need to use booster seats from the time they outgrow the toddler seat until they are big enough for the vehicle seat and lap/shoulder belt to fit properly. Generally this is when they weigh about 80 lbs (about 8 to 12 years old).

Booster seats should be used until you can answer YES to ALL of these questions:

• Can the child sit all the way back against the vehicle seat back with knees bent comfortably at the edge of the seat without slouching?

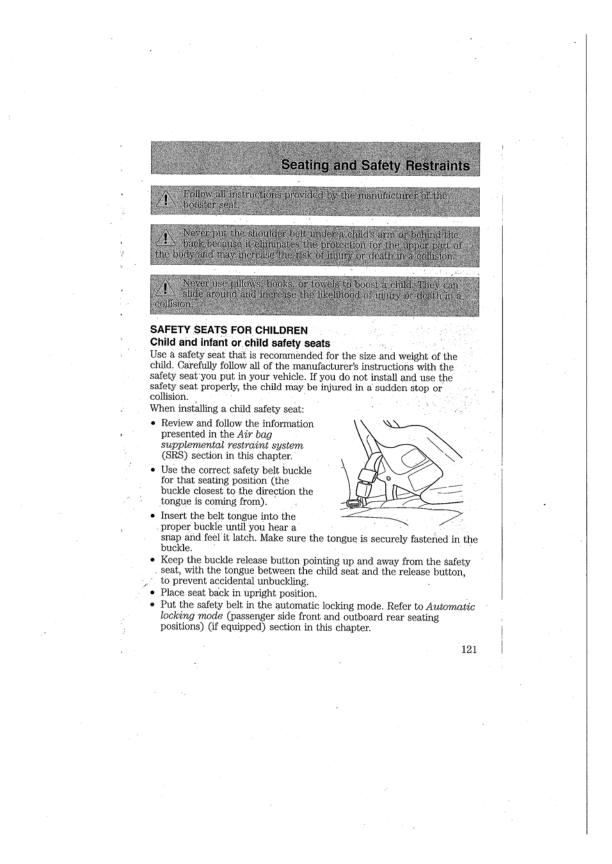


- Does the lap belt rest low across the hips?
- Is the shoulder belt centered on the shoulder and chest?
- Can the child stay seated like this for the whole trip?

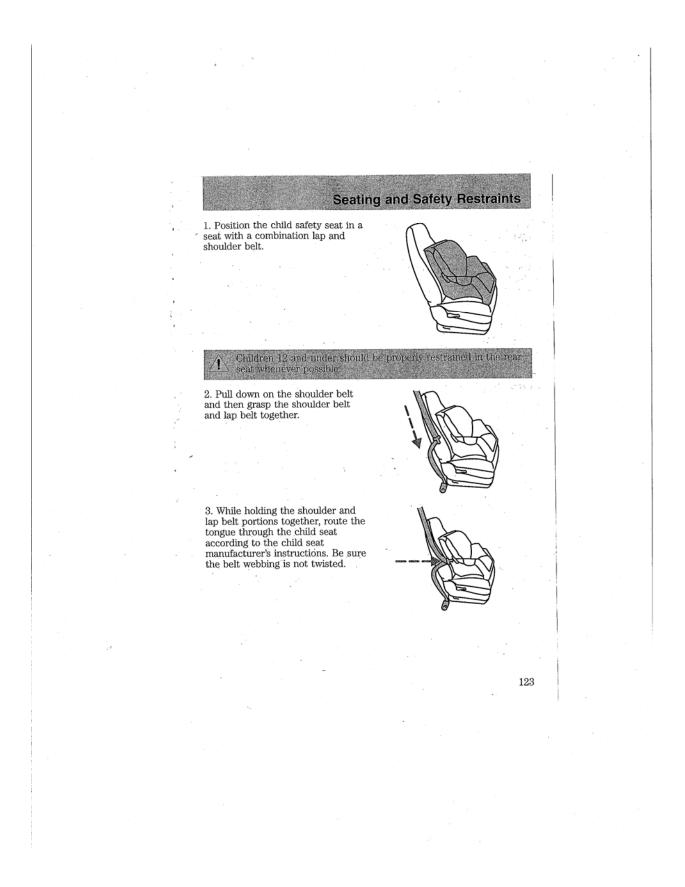
119

Seating and Safety Restraints Types of booster seats There are two types of belt-positioning booster seats: Those that are backless. If your backless booster seat has a removable shield, remove the shield and use the lap/shoulder belt. If a seating position has a low seat back and no head restraint, a backless booster seat may place your child's head (top of ear level) above the top of the seat. In this case, move the backless booster to another seating position with a higher seat back and lap/shoulder belts. Those with a high back. If, with a backless booster seat, you cannot find a seating position that adequately supports your child's head, a high back booster seat would be a better choice. Both can be used in any vehicle in a seating position equipped with lap/shoulder belts if your child is over 40 lbs. The shoulder belt should cross the chest, resting snugly on the center of the shoulder. The lap belt should rest low and snug across the hips, never up high across the stomach. If the booster seat slides on the vehicle seat, placing a rubberized mesh sold as shelf or carpet liner under the booster seat may improve this The importance of shoulder belts Using a booster without a shoulder belt increases the risk of a child's head hitting a hard surface in a collision. For this reason, you should never use a booster seat with a lap belt only. It is best to use a booster

seat with lap/shoulder belts in the back seat- the safest place for children 120



Seating and Safety Restraints · LATCH lower anchors are recommended for use by children up to 22 kg (48 pounds) in a child restraint. Top tether anchors can be used for children up to 27 kg (60 pounds) in a child restraint, and to provide upper torso restraint for children up to 36 kg (80 pounds) using an upper torso harness and a belt-positioning booster. Ford recommends the use of a child safety seat having a top tether strap. Install the child safety seat in a seating position with LATCH and tether anchors. For more information on top tether straps and anchors, refer to Attaching safety seats with tether straps in this chapter. For more information of LATCH anchors refer to Attaching safety seats with LATCH (Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children) attachments in this chapter. chapter.  $\hat{\Lambda}$  - Carefully follow all of the manufacturer's instructions included with the safety seat you put in your vehicle. If you do not install and use the safety seat properly, the ohild may be injured in a sudden stop or collision. Rear-facing child seats or infant carriers should never be placed in the front seats. Installing child safety seats with combination lap and shoulder belts The rear seat head restraints must be removed when using a child seat. Air bags can kill or injure a child in a child sear. **NEVER** place a toar facing child seat in front of an active air bag. If you roust use a forward-facing child seat in the front seat, move the seat all the way back. 122



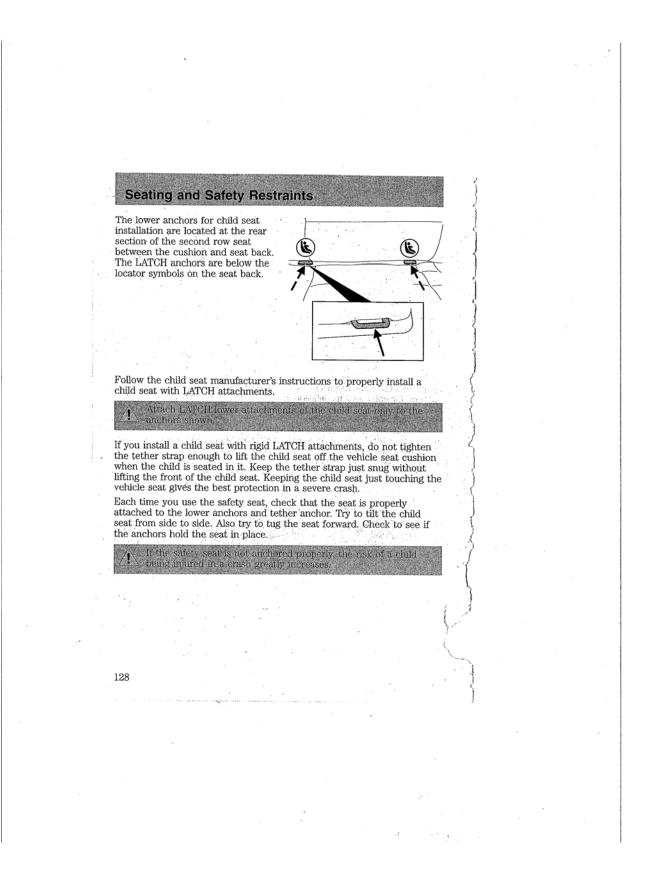
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Seating and Safety Restraints 4. Insert the belt tongue into the proper buckle (the buckle closest to the direction the tongue is coming from) for that seating position until you hear a snap and feel the latch engage. Make sure the tongue is latched securely by pulling on it. 5. To put the retractor in the automatic locking mode, grasp the shoulder portion of the belt and pull downward until all of the belt is extracted and a click is heard. 6. Allow the belt to retract. The belt will click as it retracts to indicate it is in the automatic locking mode. 7. Pull the lap belt portion across the child seat toward the buckle and pull up on the shoulder belt while pushing down with your knee on the child seat. 124

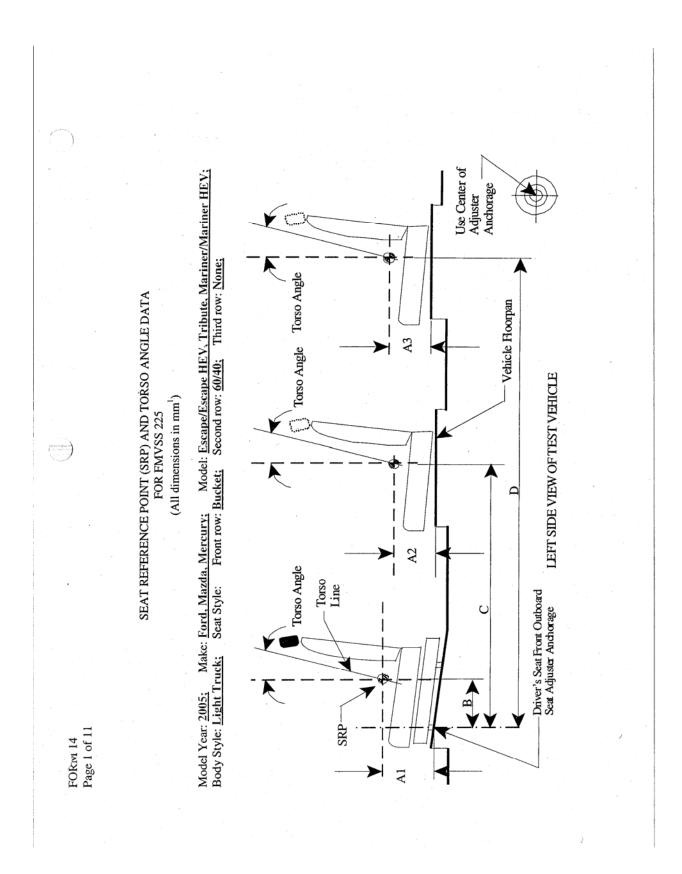
Seating and Safety Restraints 8. Allow the safety belt to retract to ŧ. remove any slack in the belt. 9. Before placing the child in the seat, forcibly tilt the seat forward and back to make sure the seat is securely held in place. To check this, grab the seat at the belt path and attempt to move it side to side and forward and back. There should be no more than one inch of movement for proper installation. 10. Try to pull the belt out of the retractor to make sure the retractor is in the automatic locking mode (you should not be able to pull more belt out). If the retractor is not locked, unbuckle the belt and repeat steps two through nine. Check to make sure the child seat is properly secured before each use. Attaching child safety seats with tether straps Most new forward-facing child safety seats include a tether strap which goes over the back of the seat and hooks to an anchoring point. Tether straps are available as an accessory for many older safety seats. Contact the manufacturer of your child seat for information about ordering a tether strap. The rear seating positions of your vehicle are equipped with built-in tether strap anchors located behind the seats on the roof panel in the cargo area. The tether strap anchors in your vehicle are in the following positions: Attach the tether strap only to the appropriate tether anchor as shown. The tether strap may not work properly if attached somewhere other than the correct. Ŧ ŧ tether anchor. Ŧ 1. Position the child safety seat on the seat cushion. 2. Route the child safety seat tether strap over the back of the seat. For vehicles with adjustable head restraints, remove the head restraint first, place under the front seat for storage, and then route the tether strap over the top of the seatback. 125

Seating and Safety Restraints 3. Locate the correct anchor for the selected seating position. ta C There are three tether anchors located on the headliner at the rear of the vehicle. 4. Clip the tether strap to the anchor as shown. The arrow in the above graphic points toward the front of the vehicle.  $\mathcal{O}$ If the tether strap is clipped incorrectly, the child safety seat may not be retained properly in the event of a collision 5. Install the child safety seat tightly using the LATCH anchors or safety belts. Follow the instructions in this chapter. 6. Tighten the child safety seat tether strap according to the manufacturer's instructions. If the safety seat is not anchored properly, the risk of a child being injured in a collision greatly increases 126

Seating and Safety Restraints Attaching safety seats with LATCH (Lower Anchors and Tethers for Children) attachments for child seat anchors Some child safety seats have two rigid or webbing mounted attachments This type of child seat eliminates the need to use seat belts to attach the child seat. For forward-facing child seats, the tether strap must also be attached to the proper tether anchor. See Attaching safety seats with tether straps in this chapter. Your vehicle has LATCH anchors for child seat installation at the following locations: The anchors on both sides of the center of the rear seat are provided E primarily for child seats at the outboard seats, and are further apart than the pairs of lower k anchors for child seat installation at other seats. A child seat with rigid LATCH attachments cannot be installed at the center rear seat. A child seat with LATCH attachments on belt webbing can be used at the center rear seat unless a child seat at an outboard rear seat is attached to one of these lower anchors. Install a child seat onto the lower anchors at the center rear seat ONLY IF the child restraint manufacturer recommends that the child seat can be installed to anchors that are spaced up to 500 mm (20 in) apart. Never attach two LATCH child safety seats to the same anchor. In a crash, one anchor may not be strong enough to hold two child safety seat attachments and may break, causing serious injury or death, 127



# APPENDIX B MANUFACTURER'S DATA (OVSC FORM 14)



Safety Compliance Testing For FMVSS 225 "Child Restraint Anchorage Systems"

FORM 14 Page 2 of 11 Table 1. Seating Positions<sup>1</sup> and Torso Angles

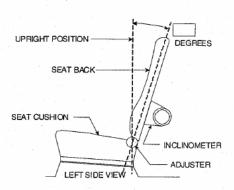
Right	(Front Passenger) 820	855	n/a	2349	3165	n/a	21 deg		24 deg	n/a	
Center (if any)	n/a	864	n/a	n/a	3165	n/a	n/a		24 deg	n/a	
Left (Driver Side)	(Driver) 820	855	n/a	2349	3165	n/a	21 deg		24 deg	n/a	
	AI	A2	A3	В	C	D	Torso Front Row	Angle (degree)	Second Row	Third Row	

Note: 1. All dimensions are in mm. If not, provide the unit used.

# FORM 14 Page 3 of 11

### NOMINAL DESIGN RIDING POSITION -

For adjustable driver, passenger,  $2^{nd}$  row and  $3^{rd}$  row seat backs, describe how to position the inclinometer to measure the seat back angle. Include description of the location of the adjustment latch detent if applicable. Indicate if applicable, how the detents are numbered (Is the first detent "0" or "1"?). Indicate if the seat back angle is measured with the dummy in the seat.



#### <u>Seat back</u> angle, driver's seat = 17.4 degrees Measurement Instructions:

In order to correctly measure or set the SEATBACK (frame) angle (not torso angle, 21deg.), the trim and foam on the upper-seatback must be removed. Place the inclinometer on the upper frame and use the recliner to set the seatback at the correct design position. Option: The latch detent is "8" clicks from front to design position.

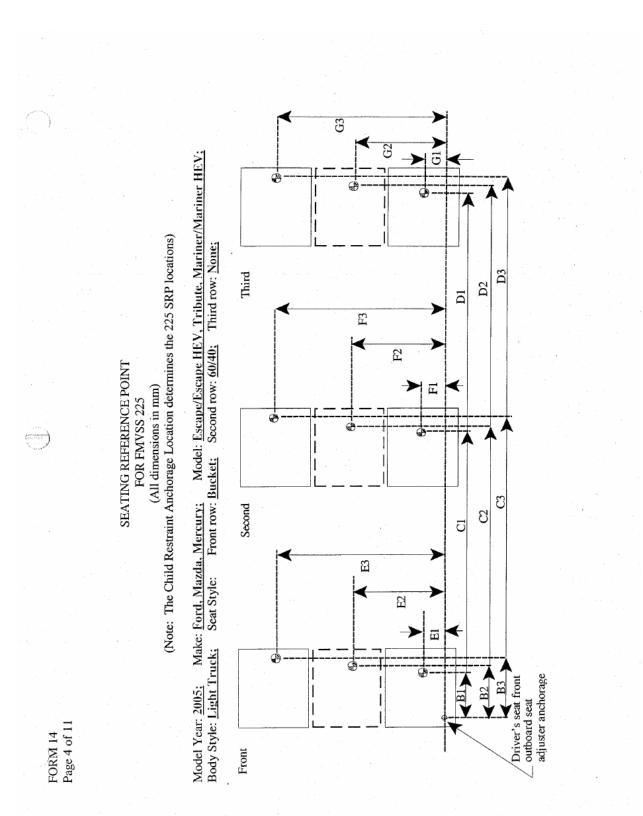
#### <u>Seat back</u> angle for passenger's seat = 17.4 degrees Measurement Instructions:

In order to correctly measure or set the SEATBACK (frame) angle (not torso angle, 21deg.), the trim and foam on the upper-seatback must be removed. Place the inclinometer on the upper frame and use the recliner to set the seatback at the correct design position. Option: The latch detent is "8" clicks from front to design position.

#### <u>Seat back</u> angle for $2^{nd}$ row seat = <u>23.5</u> degrees Measurement Instructions:

In order to correctly measure the 2<sup>nd</sup> row SEATBACK (frame) angle (not torso angle, 24deg), Place the inclinometer on the flat area of the back side of the frame.

Seat back angle for  $3^{rd}$  row seat = <u>na</u> degrees Measurement Instructions:

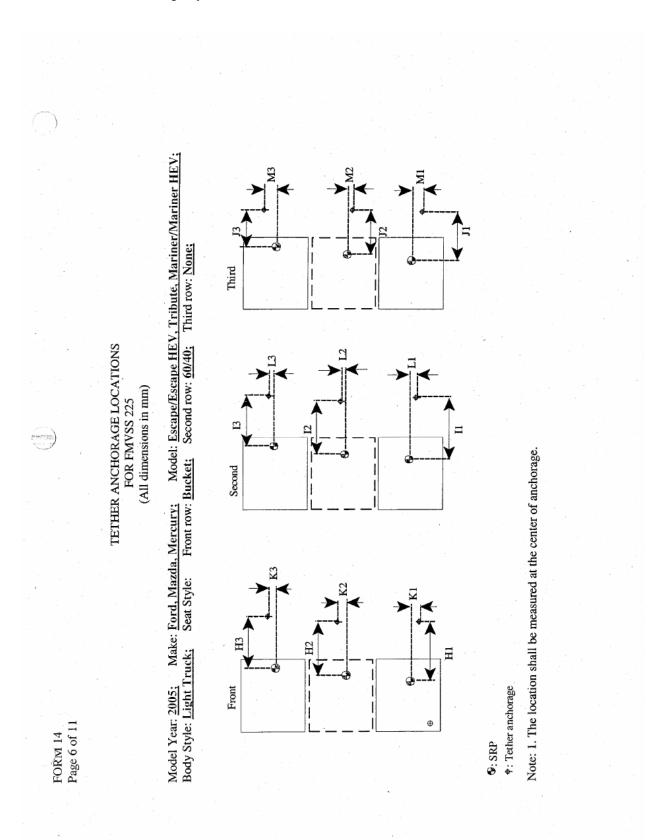


FORM 14 Page 5 of 11

Table 2. Seating Reference Point and Tether Anchorage Locations

Seating Reference (SRP)		Distance from Driver's front outboard seat adjuster anchorage <sup>1</sup>			
Front Row	B1	307.3			
	E1	198			
	B2	n/a			
	E2	n/a			
	B3	307.3			
	E3	938			
Second Row	C1	1147.4			
	F1	198			
	C2	1147.4			
	F2	566			
	C3	1147.4			
	F3	938			
Third Row	D1	n/a			
	G1	n/a			
	D2	n/a			
	G2	n/a			
	D3	n/a			
	G3	n/a			

Note: 1. Use the center of anchorage.



### FORM 14 Page 7 of 11

Table 3. Seating Reference Point and Tether Anchorage Locations

Seating Reference Point (SRP)		Distance from SRP
Front Row	H1	n/a
	KI	n/a
	H2	n/a
	K2	n/a
	H3	n/a
	K3	n/a
Second Row	11	807
	LI	0
	I2	818
	L2	0
	13	807
	L3	0
Third Row	J1	n/a
	M1	n/a
	J2	n/a
	M2	n/a
	J3	n/a
	M3	n/a

Note: 1. Use the center of anchorage.

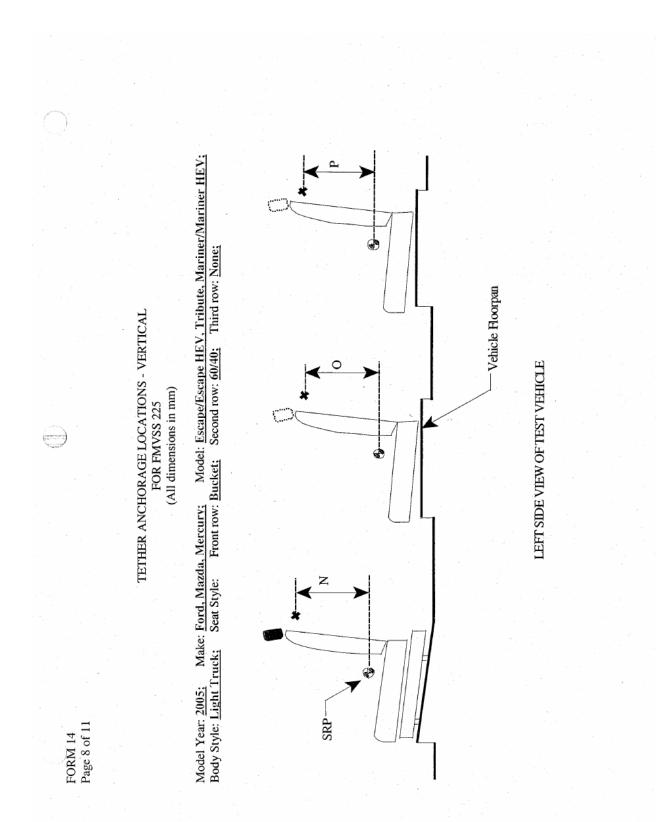


Table 4. Vertical Dimension For The Tether Anchorage

	ating Reference Point	n/a	n/a	n/a	810	803	810	n/a	n/a	n/a	
- - - -	Vertical Distance from Seating Reference Point	N1 (Driver)	N2 (Center)	N3 (Right)	01 (Left)	02 (Center)	O3 (Right)	P1 (Left)	P2 (Center)	P3 (Right)	
	Seating Row	Front Row			Second Row			Third Row			

Note: 1. All dimensions are in mm. If not, provide the unit anchorage.

MGA File #: G05Q7-002.12

# FORM 14 Page 10 of 11

# **Test Procedures Used for Compliance Tests**

Lower Anchorages (ON SEAT)

	ating location in each applicable FMVSS Section	FMVSS 225 Section(s)					
Block 1 Block 2		Lower anchorage location certification method used (Enter applicable section used in block 1 or each position by circling A or B) A) 9.2.1 or B) 15.1.2.2					
		Lower anchorage dimension (Enter applicable section used in block 2 by circling A or B) A) 9.1.1 or B) 15.1.2.2 (also provide roll and yaw angles) pitch° roll°					
	Block 3		ge marking (Enter applicable sec A) 9.5 or B) 15.4			······	
	Block 4		A) Section 9 or B) Sect	used in block 4 by ion 15	circling A c	or B)	
	Driver	N/A	•				
Front	<del>Center (if any)</del>	Bleek-I AB	Block 2 A B Pitch °, Roll °, Yaw	Block-3 A-B	Block 4	AB	
N/A	Right (if any)	Block I A B	Block 2 A B Pitch °, Roll °, Yew ?	Block 3 AB	Block-4	AB	
	Left	Block I A B	Block 2 A B Pitch 17°, Roll 0°, Yaw 0°	Block 3 A B		Ав	
Second	Center N/A	Block-1 AB	Block 2 A B	Block 3	Block 4	AB	
	Right	Block I A B	Block 2 A B Pitch 17°, Roll 0°, Yaw 0°	Block 3 A B	Block 4	А в	
	Left	Block I AB	Blook 2 B Pitch °, Roll °, Yaw	Block 3 AB	Block 4	AB	
Third	Center	Block I AB	Blook 2 A B Pitch °, Roll °, Yaw	Block 3 A-B	Block-4	AB	
N/A	Right	Block I A B	Block 2 A B Pitch °, Roll °, Yaw ^	Block 3 A-B	Block 4	AB	
	Loft	Block 1 AB	Block 2 A B Pitch °, Roll °, Yaw °	Block 3 AB	Block 4	AB	
Fourth	Center	Block I A B	Block 2 A B	Block 3 AB	Block 4	AB	
N/A	Right	Block I AB	Block 2 A B	Block 3	Block-4	AB	

FORM 14 Page 11 of 11

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# **Test Procedures Used for Compliance Tests**

Tether Anchorages

each row	seating location in record applicable VSS Section	FMVSS Section(s) - Req.					
Block 1		Tether anchorage location certification method used (Enter applicable section used in block 1 by circling A, B, C, D, E or F) A) 6.2.1 B) 6.2.1.1 C) 6.2.1.2 D) 6.2.2 E) 6.2.2.1 F) 6.2.2.2					
	Block 2	Number or tether anche (Enter applicable section					
	Block 3	Tether anchorage stren used in block 3 by circl A) 6					
	Driver	N/A	-				
Front	Center (if any)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Right (if any)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Left	Block 1 A	Block 2 A	Block 3 A			
Second	Center	Block 1 A	Block 2 A	Block 3 A			
	Right	Block 1 A	Block 2 A	Block 3 A			
	Left	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Third	Center	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Right	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Left	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Fourth	Center	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	Right	N/A	N/A	N/A			

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