

INDIANA UNIVERSITY

TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH CENTER

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REMOTE NOT-IN-TRAFFIC SURVEILLANCE BACKOVER INVESTIGATION

CASE NUMBER - IN-07-004 LOCATION - NEW MEXICO VEHICLE - 2003 Ford F150 4x4 Lariat Super Cab CRASH DATE - October 2006

Submitted:

March 29, 2007 Revised August 6, 2007



Contract Number: DTNH22-07-C-00044

Prepared for:

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration National Center for Statistics and Analysis Washington, D.C. 20590-0003

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The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points be coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the pre-crash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

Technical Report Documentation Page

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15.	Supplementary Notes Remote not-in-traffic surveillance backover investigation involving a 2003 Ford F150 4x4 Lariat super cab.					
16.	<i>Abstract</i> This report covers a remote not-in-traffic surveillance backover investigation involving a 2003 Ford F150 4x4 Lariat super cab (case vehicle), which was involved in a backover incident in a private driveway. This crash is of special interest because the case vehicle backed over a 2-year-old male resulting in fatal injury to the child. The case vehicle was parked in a driveway between two other parked vehicles and near a residence. Two adults were outside the residence talking. One was the driver (also the child's uncle) of the case vehicle and the other was the child's father. The father went into the residence to retrieve an item for the driver. When he returned, the child followed him out the door and was most likely behind and near the case vehicle when the driver began to back up. The child was struck by the left portion of the back bumper and the left rear wheel rolled over him causing fatal injuries.					
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

IN-07-004

Page No.

BACKGROUND	1
SUMMARY	1
CRASH CIRCUMSTANCES	1
CASE VEHICLE: 2003 FORD F150 4x4 LARIAT SUPER CAB	4
VISIBILITY STUDY	4
PEDESTRIAN	5
Nominal Visibility Diagram	6
CRASH DIAGRAM	7
ATTACHMENTS: NOT-IN-TRAFFIC SURVEILLANCE BACKOVER DATA FORMS	

BACKGROUND

This incident was brought to NHTSA's attention on or before November 17, 2006 by an online news story from a Texas television station. This crash involved a 2003 Ford F-150 Lariat 4x4 super cab pickup truck. The crash occurred in October 2006, at 11:24 a.m. in New Mexico and was investigated by the applicable county sheriff's department. A standard "State of New Mexico Uniform Crash Report" was completed by the county sheriff's department, stored at the sheriff's department and reported to the state. This crash is of special interest because the case vehicle backed over a child pedestrian [2-year-old, White (Hispanic) male] who sustained critical injuries resulting in his death. This contractor was not able to locate the case vehicle or contact the case vehicle's driver (i.e., the child's uncle) for an interview because he was in the custody of the U.S. border patrol and under investigation for being a deported felon. Attempts to contact the child's father (a witness to this incident) were also unsuccessful. Therefore, this case was assigned as a remote investigation on February 1, 2007. This contractor initially acquired the sheriff's department crash report and on-scene photographs. Numerous attempts were made to acquire the sheriff's department supplemental on-scene measurements, which were promised but never sent. Further efforts to acquire the measurements were suspended March 6, 2007. An exemplar vehicle (2003 Ford F-150 Lariat 4x4 super cab) was located and nominal rear and right side visibility measurements were made on March 8, 2007. This report is based on the sheriff's department crash report, sheriff's department on-scene photographs, exemplar vehicle inspection, on-line news story, interviews with the investigating sheriff's deputies, and this contractor's evaluation of the evidence.

SUMMARY

The case vehicle was parked in a driveway between two other parked vehicles and near a residence. Two adults were outside the residence talking. One was the driver (also the child's uncle) of the case vehicle and the other was the child's father. The father went into the residence to retrieve an item for the driver. When he returned, the child followed him out the door and was most likely behind and near the case vehicle when the driver began to back up. The child was struck by the left portion of the back bumper and the left rear wheel rolled over him causing fatal

injuries. Nominal visibility assessments were made from an exemplar vehicle. It was determined that a large blind zone exists behind the case vehicle. The child was most likely within this blind zone when the driver began to back up and could not be seen by the driver.

CRASH CIRCUMSTANCES

Crash Environment: The case vehicle was parked in a somewhat large, level driveway area adjacent to a residence. The case vehicle was parked between a late model pickup truck on its left and what appeared to be a minivan on its right (**Figure 1**). It is not known if the case vehicle



Figure 1: On-scene sheriff's department photo showing overview of case vehicle from street after incident in relation to parked pickup on its left and parked minivan on its right

Crash Circumstances (Continued)

was parked as far into the driveway as these two vehicles. A children's play area with playground toys was located in front of all three vehicles. The residence, which was to the right of the vehicles, and the property was surrounded by a woven wire fence with bushes along the front

fence. The incident occurred in the driveway. At the time of the incident the light condition was daylight, the weather was clear and the driveway pavement was dry bituminous. See sketch of the after-incident situation at the end of this report.

Pre-Crash: The available information indicated that two adults were outside the residence talking. One was the driver of the case vehicle (also the child's uncle) and the other was the child's father. The child's father went into the residence to retrieve an item that the case vehicle's driver had forgotten. The location of the case vehicle's driver at this time is not known, but it is possible he was sitting in the case vehicle's driver's seat preparing to leave. When the child's father came back out of the residence, the child reportedly



of back of case vehicle at final rest in relation to the door of the residence

followed him out the door (**Figure 2**). The child's father reportedly did not notice that the child had followed him out the door. The child's father gave the item to the case vehicle's driver, who then began to back the case vehicle out of the driveway. The time span from the child's father coming out of the residence to the case vehicle beginning to back up is not known. However, given the reported circumstances of the incident, one plausible scenario is that the child's father

came out of the residence and walked around behind to case vehicle to give the item to the case vehicle's driver, who was in the driver's seat ready to leave. The child followed his father and was behind and near the back of the case vehicle when the driver began to back up.

Crash: The evidence in the sheriff's department on-scene photos indicated that as the case vehicle backed up, the child was most likely impacted by the left portion of the back bumper and knocked to the ground. The inside of the case vehicle's left rear tire then rolled over him. **Figure 3** shows a blood stain on the inside tread face of the left rear tire. This evidence and the injuries and tire mark evidence on the child's body visible in the sheriff's department on-scene photos indicated that



Figure 3: Sheriff's department photo showing blood spot and contact mark on inside portion of case vehicle's left rear tire tread

the child was facing up with his feet toward the vehicle when he was contacted by the left rear tire and backed over. What appear to be tire marks were visible on the inside of his left leg. The tire marks extended onto the left portion of his abdomen, chest and face indicating he was laying on

Crash Circumstances (Continued)

his back or knocked to his back as the backover progressed. The evidence indicated that the case vehicle's left rear tire passed completely over the child's body. Based on the length of the case vehicle's rear overhang, blood stain evidence on the pavement below the case vehicle and measurements made by scaling off of one of the on-scene photos (Figure 4), it was determined that the case vehicle traveled backward approximately 2.9 to 3.2 meters (9.6 to 10.6 feet) from the point of bumper contact with the child to the case vehicle's rest position depicted in the sheriff's department on-scene photos. The distance the case vehicle backed to impact is not known. However, an outer bound distance can be estimated based on the sheriff's department onscene photos and knowledge of the case vehicle's overall length. If the case vehicle had been parked as far forward as the children's play area (Figure 5), then given the case vehicle's rest position relative to the parked pickup truck (Figure 6) indicates the outer bound distance backed to impact would likely have been no more than the length of the case vehicle [5.7 meters (18.7 feet)]. Given this distance and backup acceleration data determined from exemplar vehicle acceleration tests (conducted assuming "normal" acceleration), the outer bound speed at impact and time to impact could have been respectively 8.5 km.p.h (5.3 m.p.h) and 4.82 seconds.

Post-Crash: The sheriff's department crash report indicated that the driver stopped the case vehicle when he heard the child's father yell and saw him run toward the back of the case vehicle. The father picked up the child and ran toward the residence to call 911. The sheriff's department on-scene photos show a trail of blood drops heading toward the residence. The sheriff's department crash report indicated that the father was too frantic to make the call and then ran to a neighbor's house. The sheriff's department crash report indicated that the child was pronounced departed of the scene 04 minutes following the or IN-07-004



Figure 4: Sheriff's department photo showing left side view of case vehicle at its final rest position, arrows show blood spots on pavement



Figure 5: Sheriff's on-scene photo showing front of case vehicle at final rest relative to van on right, play area and pickup truck on left



Figure 6: View of front and left side of case vehicle at rest position, truck on right was parked at location shown at time of incident

deceased at the scene 94 minutes following the crash.

CASE VEHICLE

The 2003 Ford F150 Lariat was a four wheel drive, super cab pickup truck (VIN: 2FTRX18L73C-----) equipped with a 5.4L, V8 engine. The vehicle was equipped with dark tinted left and right rear windows and backlite. The pickup bed was equipped with a low profile chrome toolbox located at the front of the bed. There was no cargo in the pickup bed that extended above the sides or back of the bed at the time of the incident. The case vehicle's recommended tire size was P265/70R17. The tires on the truck at the time of the crash were LT (light truck) series tires. The size of the tires is not known, but it is assumed the rim size was 43 centimeters (17 inches). The case vehicle's specification wheelbase was 353 centimeters (139 inches). The overall length was 574 centimeters (225.8 inches), and the rear overhang was approximately 122 centimeters (48 inches). The sheriff's department on-scene photographs were used to code some of the variables on the vehicle data form attached at the end of this report.

CASE VEHICLE DAMAGE

The impact with the pedestrian caused no clearly identifiable marks on the case vehicle's back bumper. The CDC for the case vehicle was estimated to be: **06-BLLU-1** (**180** degrees). The CDC was estimated based on the most likely location of pedestrian contact to the back bumper given the location of the contact evidence on the inside of the left rear tire tread and the location of the injuries on the left aspect of the pedestrian's body.

CASE VEHICLE DRIVER

The case vehicle's driver was a 44-year-old, White (Hispanic) male. This contractor was unable to contact the case vehicle's driver for an interview. There was no available information regarding the case vehicle driver's height, weight and eye wear.

VISIBILITY STUDY

An exemplar 2003 Ford F150 Lariat 4x4 super cab pickup truck (**Figure 7**) was located and a nominal visibility study was undertaken to determine the size of the blind zone behind the back of the pickup truck. The measurements were made assuming the driver was looking over his right shoulder through the backlite as he backed up. The surrogate driver for this study was 180 centimeters (71 inches) tall and his eye height was 164 centimeters (64.6 inches) above the ground as he sat in the driver's seat. A target 71 centimeters (28 inches) tall was moved rearward from the



Figure 7: Left side view of exemplar 2003 Ford F150 4x4 super cab



Figure 8: Exemplar vehicle and location of target (arrow) at point it first came into view with driver looking over right shoulder and out backlite

Case Vehicle Visibility Study (Continued)

back of the vehicle along the approximate centerline until the target came into view (Figure 8 above and Figure 9). The target had to be moved rearward from the tailgate 10.4 meters (34.1 feet) before the top of the target began to come into the surrogate driver's view. The target was then moved forward slightly until it was out of view and then moved to the right from the approximate centerline until it came into view off the right rear corner of the truck bed. The distance from the truck's projected centerline to this point was 5.6 meters (18.4 feet). The target was then moved to the left from the approximate centerline until it came into view off the left rear corner of the truck bed. The distance from the projected centerline to this point was 2.7 meters (8.9 feet). For all practical purposes, a driver looking over his right shoulder while backing this vehicle would be unable to turn his head far enough to look much beyond the left rear corner of the truck bed. Nominal visibility observations were also taken to determine the blind zone off the right side of the truck bed and the right "C"pillar. Figure 10 shows a view from the driver's seat toward the right "C"-pillar and through the right side of the backlite See the nominal visibility diagram at the end of this report for an illustration of the back and right side blind zones.

IN-07-004



Figure 9: View out backlite of exemplar vehicle from driver's seat



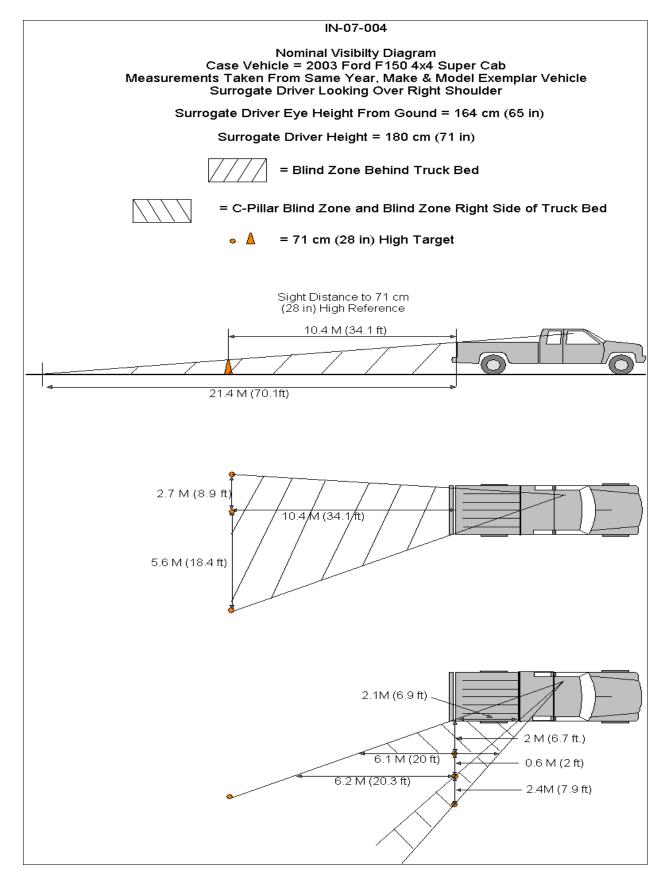
Figure 10: View through right side of back lite of exemplar vehicle

The visibility study showed that the case vehicle has a large blind zone behind and to the right rear side of the vehicle. The visibility study and the information regarding the location of the child just prior to the incident indicated the child was well within the blind zone behind the case vehicle when the driver began to back up. It would not have been possible for the driver to see the child in this location.

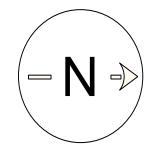
PEDESTRIAN

The pedestrian was a 2-year-old, White (Hispanic) male. The child's height and weight is not known. Based on the tire mark evidence on the child's skin visible in the sheriff's department photos, it appears that he was clothed only in a diaper at the time of the incident.

NOMINAL VISIBILITY DIAGRAM

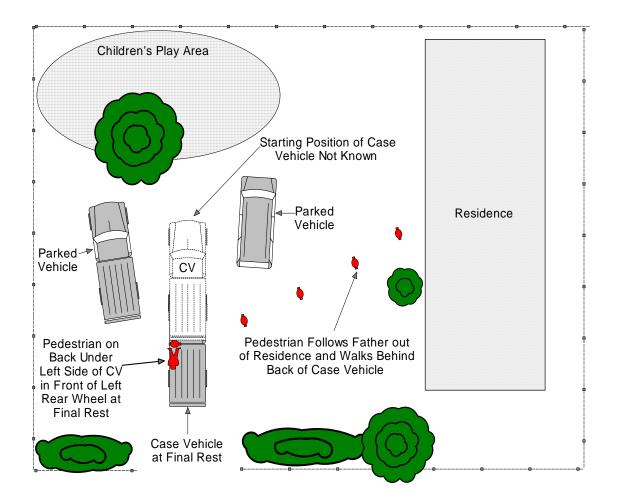


CRASH DIAGRAM



IN-07-004 Sketch of Crash Sequence Not to Scale Daylight, Clear Dry, Bituminous Driveway

CV = 2003 Ford F150 4x4 Lariat Super Cab



National Highway Traffic Sately Administration SCENE FORM Note Traffic Sately Administration 1. Case Number	6	Not Applicable		
1. Case Number			SCENE FOR	M Special Crash Investigations Not In Traffic Surveillance
IDENTIFICATION IDENTIFICATION 2. Date of Crash	1	Case Number		SCENE INFORMATION
8. Driver exterior sightime obstructions Code reported military time of crash. NOTE: Midnight = 2400 Unknown = 9999 O None AMBIENT CONDITIONS O Signs 4. Light Conditions O Baylight O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Dark but lighted O Alley O Linknown O Intersection of driveway and sidewalk 10. Non motorist sightline obstructions (Select all that apply) C Clear-No adverse conditions O Cher (specify) O Cloudy O Struebiers Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt O Unknown O Ther (specify): O Unknown O Ther (specify): O Unknown O Ther (specify): O Unknown Chargeres Celsius (32-50 F) Signe O Ther (specify): O Unknown O Ther (specify): O Unknown O Ther (specify): O Unknown O Unknown */- 11. Grade at parked position to impact */- 12. Estimated distance from parked position to impact			7. 1	 (Select all that apply) O Single family residential O Row houses/townhouses O Multi family housing O Commercial O Industrial O Rural
NOTE: Midling if = 2400 Unknown = 9999 AMBJENT CONDITIONS 4. Light Conditions 0 Daylight 0 Dark 0 Dark but lighted 0 Dawn 0 Unknown 0 Unknown 9. Crash location 0 Unknown 10. Non motorist sightline obstructions (Select all that apply) 0 Clear-No adverse conditions (Select all that apply) 0 Steet, Hail (freezing rain or drizzle) Blowing Snow 0 Blowing Snow 0 Severe Crosswinds 0 Blowing Snow 0 Severe Cleasius (51-75 F) 0 Unknown 1-10 degrees Celsius (Over 75 F) 0 Unknown 12. Estimated distance from impact over whicke final rest 13. Estimated distance from impact to vehicle final rest 14. G	3.		8.	
4. Light Conditions 0 Other (specify)				O Other vehicles O Signs O Building O Glare
 4. Light Conditions Daylight Dark Dark Dark Dark but lighted Dawn Unknown S. Atmospheric Conditions (Select all that apply) C Clear-No adverse conditions C Cloudy Rain Snow Fog. Smog. Smoke Glowing Sand, Soil, Dirt Other (specify): Other (specify		AMBIENT CONDITIONS		
 Daylight Dark Dar	4.	Light Conditions		
 (Select all that apply) Clear-No adverse conditions Cloudy Rain Snow Fog, Smog, Smoke Sleet, Hail (freezing rain or drizzle) Blowing Snow Severe Crosswinds Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt Other (specify): <l< td=""><td></td><td>O Dark O Dark but lighted O Dawn O Dusk</td><td>9.</td><td>ODrivewayORoad / streetOParking LotORoadside / shoulderOSidewalkOOther (specify)OAlleyOUnknown</td></l<>		O Dark O Dark but lighted O Dawn O Dusk	9.	ODrivewayORoad / streetOParking LotORoadside / shoulderOSidewalkOOther (specify)OAlleyOUnknown
 Cloudy Rain Snow Snow Snow Sonow Sonow Sonow Sonow Sleet, Hail (freezing rain or drizzle) Blowing Snow Severe Crosswinds Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt Other (specify): Unknown Cremperature Below 0 degrees Celsius (Below 32 F) 1-10 degrees Celsius (33-50 F) Over 24 degrees Celsius (51-75 F) Over 24 degrees Celsius (Over 75 F) Ounknown Estimated distance from parked position to impact Estimated speed at impact #/- 14. Grade at impact #/- 15. Estimated distance from impact to vehicle final rest Impact distance from impact to vehicle final rest 	5.		10.	
 6. Temperature O Below 0 degrees Celsius (Below 32 F) O 1-10 degrees Celsius (33-50 F) O >10-24 degrees Celsius (51-75 F) O Over 24 degrees Celsius (Over 75 F) O Unknown 13. Estimated speed at impact m 14. Grade at impact % 15. Estimated distance from impact to vehicle final rest m Unknown. = 999 Reference Items 11,12, 13, 14, 1 		 O Cloudy O Rain O Snow O Fog, Smog, Smoke O Sleet, Hail (freezing rain or drizzle) O Blowing Snow O Severe Crosswinds O Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt O Other (specify): 		 O Other vehicles O Building O Trees O Shrubbery O Utility poles O Signs O Glare O Other (specify)
 Below 0 degrees Celsius (Below 32 F) 1-10 degrees Celsius (33-50 F) >10-24 degrees Celsius (51-75 F) Over 24 degrees Celsius (Over 75 F) Unknown 13. Estimated speed at impact m +/- 14. Grade at impact % 15. Estimated distance from impact to vehicle final rest m Unknown. = 999 Reference Items 11,12, 13, 14, 1 	6		11.	-
	υ.	 O Below 0 degrees Celsius (Below 32 F) O 1-10 degrees Celsius (33-50 F) O >10-24 degrees Celsius (51-75 F) O Over 24 degrees Celsius (Over 75 F) 	13. 14.	Estimated speed at impact m Grade at impact % Estimated distance from impact to vehicle final rest m
		Rev July/2007		Unknown. = 999 Reference Items 11,12, 13, 14, 1

Not Applicable

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

_ _

_ _

1. Case Number _____ ____ ____ ____

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

_ _

- 3. Model Year ____ ___ ___
- 4. Vehicle Make (specify):
- 5. Vehicle Model (specify): _____

GLAZING							
Location	Presence (check)	Status (select)			Glazing Obstructions (specify if present)		
Windshield		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
LF		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
RF		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
2 nd Left		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
2 nd Right		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
3 rd Left		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
3 rd Right		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
Backlight		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
Left Backlight		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
Right Backlight		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
Roof		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
Other (specify)		Fixed / Closed / Open / Partially Open / Unknown	Clear / Hazy / Very Dirty / Unknown				
	TIRE DATA						
6. Vehicle	6. Vehicle Manufacturer Recommended Tire Size						
7. LF Tire Size 9. RF Tire Size							
8. LR Tire Size 10. RR Tire Size							

Special Crash Investigations – Not In Traffic Surveillance: Vehicle Form

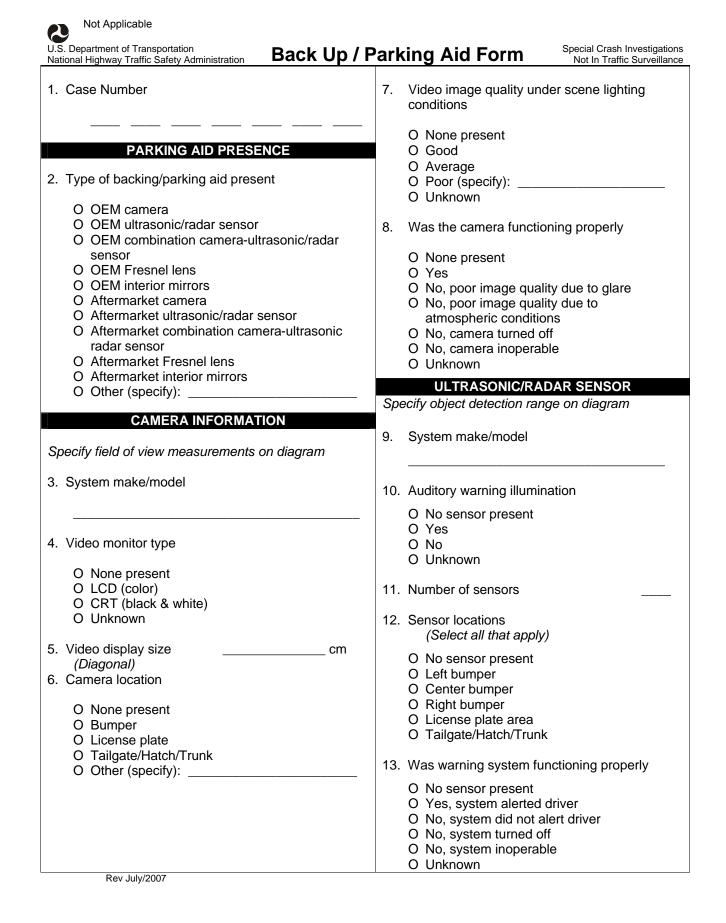
Seat Position	Seat Type (Select from below)	Head Restraint (Check if available)	Head Restraint Adjustment (select)	NOTES:
Front Left			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
Front Middle			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
Front Right			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
2 nd Left			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
2 nd Middle			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
2 nd Right			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
3 rd Left			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
3 rd Middle			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	
3 rd Right			Full Down / Mid / Full Up	

Seat Type codes:

- 0 = No seat or seat folded down
- 1 = Bucket
- 2 = Bucket w/ folding back
- 3 = Bench
- 4 = Bench w/ separate back cushions
- 5 = Bench w/ folding back
- 6 = Split bench w/ separate back cushions
- 7 = Split bench w/ folding back

- 8 = Pedestal (i.e. column supported)
- 9 = Box mounted (i.e. van type)
- 10= Other seat type (specify)
- 99= Unknown seat type

VEHICLE MEASUREMENTS Measurements **Clearance Heights** NOTES (all from ground, and in centimeters **Beltline** Top of trunk/tailgate Bottom of bumper Trailer hitch (if applicable) Undercarriage Sway bar Axle Differential Other (specify): Sensor Height (if equipped) Camera Height (if equipped) Rev July/2007



14. Did driver react to warning	
O No sensor present O Yes O No O Unknown	
15. Did driver report common false warnings	
O No sensor present O Yes O No O Unknown	

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration	DRIVER	FORM	Λ	Special Crash Investigations Not In Traffic Surveillance
1. Case Number		10. Dri	iver entry interruption (Select all that apply)	
O F	lale emale inknown	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Direct trip from buildir Loaded items into veh Spoke with family Spoke with neighbors Spoke with contacted Return trip (backing ir Other (specify): N/A	nicle nonmotorist nto driveway/lot)
4. Driver's Height 999 = Unknown	cm	11. F	Unknown Purpose of backing	
 5. Driver's Weight	kg	0 0 0 0 0	Leaving parking spac Backing onto roadway Entering parking spac Backing into driveway Other (specify): N/A Unknown here was driver going escription:	y from driveway ce in parking lot / from roadway
 7. Driver vision deficiency condition (Select all that apply) O None O Near sighted O Far sighted O Astigmatism O Other (specify) 		0	river in a hurry Yes No	N/A Unknown
O Unknown 8. Non motorist's relationship to driver O No relationship O Child O Grandchild O Sibling O Neighbor O Friend O Other (specify):		after ve O O O	bw did driver check bef chicle entry <i>(Select all that apply)</i> Did not look Checked mirrors Turned right and look Turned left and looke Viewed Camera	ed back
O Unknown DRIVER ACTIONS 9. Driver approach to vehicle for entry From left front O From left O From left rear O From right rear O From right front		15. Es	Listened for auditory/ system Other (specify): N/A stimated time between backing	visual warning from Unknown vehicle entry and start
O Circled vehicle O Return trip (backing into driveway/ O Other (specify): O N/A O Unknown Rev July/2007		0	0-10 Seconds 11-30 Seconds 31-60 Seconds	O Over 60 Seconds O N/A Unknown

Special Crash Investigations – Not In Traffic Surveillance: Driver Form

16. What direction was the driver looking during backing maneuver	19. Did driver see struck non motorist prior to impact (Select all that apply)
<i>(Select all that apply)</i> O Straight ahead O Right O Left O Rearward	 O No, never saw non motorist O Saw non motorist prior to entering vehicle O Saw non motorist after entering vehicle O Other (specify):
O At object inside the car O At mirrors	20. Est time between start of backing and impact
 O Other (specify): O N/A Unknown 17. Was the driver distracted during back up maneuver (Select all that apply) 	O <2 or = 1 second O 2-5 seconds O 6-10 seconds O > 10 seconds O N/A Unknown
O No non-driving activities External	21. Driver interior sightline obstructions (Select all that apply)
 O Looking at other vehicles O Looking at other non motorist O Looking at intended turn destination O External focus, not specified O Other external focus (specify):	O Pillar O Other occupant O Headrest O Other (specify) O Cargo O Unknown None
<i>Internal</i> O Looking at other occupant	 22. Recent experience driving this vehicle O More than 10 times the last three months
 O Talking to passenger O Dialing phone O Talking on phone O Listening to radio/cd/portable playback device O Adjusting radio/cd player O Adjusting climate controls O Using a device/controls integral to vehicle 	O 6-10 times the last three monthsO 2-5 times the last three monthsO Less than 2 times the last three months
 (specify): O Reading/adjusting navigation system O Eating or drinking O Smoking related O Retrieving fallen object (specify): O Internal focus, not specified O Focused on other internal object 	O Daily O Weekly O Several times a month O Monthly O Rarely O First time in lot/driveway O N/A Unknown
(specify): O N/A	24. Driver Impairment
Unknown 18. Driver avoidance actions prior to impact <i>(Select all that apply)</i>	(Select all that apply) O No drugs or alcohol present O Alcohol present (specify BAC):
O None O Braking	O Drugs present (specify): O Unknown
O Steering left O Steering right	25. Source of alcohol/drug results
O Accelerating O Other (specify): O N/A Unknown	 O Police reported O Medical record O Other (specify)
	Unknown if tested

Not Applicable

U.S. Department of Transportation

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

Non Motorist Form

1. Case Number

NON-MOTORIST PROFILE

Months 2. Non-motorist's Age Years 99 = Unknown 3. Non-motorist's Sex O Male O Female O Unknown 4. Non-motorist's Height cm 999 = Unknown 5. Non-motorist's Weight _____ kg 999 = Unknown 6. Medical outcome O Not injured O ER only O Hospitalized 1-4 days O Hospitalized 5 days or more O Treatment later O Fatal O Unknown 7. Source of most severe injury Bumper O Tire O Undercarriage O Other Specify:_____ O Ground O N/A Unknown 8. Non-motorist impairment (Select all that apply) O No drugs or alcohol present O Positive for alcohol (specify BAC): O Positive for drugs (specify): _____ O Unknown 9. Source of alcohol/drug results Police reported Medical Report O Other (specify) O Not Tested O Unknown if tested **NON-MOTORIST ACTIONS** 10. Non-motorist attitude O Standing O On skates/skateboard O Bending at waist O On bike/scooter O Sitting O Other (specify) O Crouching O Unknown

- Special Crash Investigations Not In Traffic Surveillance 11. Non-motorist motion O Not moving O Walking slowly O Walking rapidly O Running or jogging O Skipping/Hopping/Jumping O Falling/Stumbling/Rising O On skates/skateboard O On bike/scooter O Other (specify): O Unknown 12. Non-motorist approach relative to rear of vehicle O Stationary O From left O From right O From behind O Other (specify): _____ O Unknown 13. Non-motorist first avoidance action O No avoidance actions O Stopped O Accelerated pace O Ran away (along vehicle path) O Jumped O Turned away from vehicle O Turned toward vehicle and braced O Dove or fell away from vehicle O Other (specify): _____ O Unknown 14. Non-motorist primary focus of attention O Striking vehicle O Play object O Person O Surrounding traffic O Animal O Handheld electronic (phone, MP3 player, etc.) O Other Object (specify) O Unknown 15. Were any other Non-motorists present? (Select all that apply) O Alone O One adult present O One other child present O Multiple adults present O Multiple children present
 - O Unknown

Rev July/2007

O Kneeling

Sp	ecial Crash Inve		ffic Surveillance: Non- MOTORIST CLOTHIN		Page 2
NC		NE' if applicable	eight for outermost laye	only	
	<u>Color</u> Black Lt gray/silver Gold/tan Dark blue Dark green Maroon Orange White	'S Charcoal gray Brown Purple Light blue Light green Red Yellow Other (specify)	<u>Fabrics</u> Natural Synthetic Blend	<u>Textures</u> Soft Slick Coarse	<u>Weights</u> Heavy Medium Light
	Clothing	Color	Fabric	Texture	Weight
н	Hat				
E A	Helmet				
D W	Hood				
E A R	Other (specify):				
U	Short Sleeve				
P P	Long Sleeve				
E R	Light Jacket				
В	Heavy Jacket				
O D Y	Other (Specify):				
L O	Shorts				
W E R	Pants				
	Shoes				
B O	Other (specify):				
D Y					