REPORT NUMBER: 208-MGA-2004-001

VEHICLE SAFETY COMPLIANCE TESTING FOR
FMVSS 208, OCCUPANT CRASH PROTECTION
FMVSS 212, WINDSHIELD MOUNTING
FMVSS 218, WINSHIELD INTRUSION (PARTIAL)
FMVSS 301, FUEL SYSTEM INTEGRITY

Daimler Chrysler Corp.
2004 Jeep Liberty MPV
NHTSA No.: C403000

PREPARED BY:
MGA RESEARCH CORPORATION
5000 WARREN ROAD
BURLINGTON, WI 53105

Test Dates: January 12 – February 27, 2004
Final Report Date: June 10, 2004

FINAL REPORT

PREPARED FOR:
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION
OFFICE OF ENFORCEMENT
OFFICE OF VEHICLE SAFETY COMPLIANCE
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Prepared

Jeff Lewandowski, Project Engineer

Date: June 10, 2004

Reviewed by:

David Winklbauer, Facility Director

Date: June 10, 2004

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16. Abstract 
Compliance tests were conducted on the subject 2004 Jeep Liberty in accordance with the specifications of the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance Test Procedure No. TP208-12 for the determination of FMVSS 208 compliance. Test failures identified were as follows:

TEST FAILURES: 
S.A.5.1 Air Bag Labels

17. Key Words
Frontal Impact 
40 kmph Vehicle Safety Compliance Testing 
FMVSS 208, "Occupant Crash Protection" 
FMVSS 212, "Windshield Mounting" 
FMVSS 219, (partial), "Windshield Zone Intrusion" 
FMVSS 301, "Fuel System Integrity"

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SECTION 1
PURPOSE OF COMPLIANCE TEST

This Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) 208 compliance test is part of a program conducted for the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) by MGA Research Corporation (MGA) under Contract No. DTRH22-03-D-11002. The purpose of this test was to determine whether the subject vehicle, a 2004 Jeep Liberty, NHTSA No. C40300, meets certain performance requirements of FMVSS 208, "Occupant Crash Protection"; FMVSS 212, "Windshield Mounting"; FMVSS 219, "Windshield Zone Intrusion"; and FMVSS 301, "Fuel System Integrity". The compliance test was conducted in accordance with OVSC Laboratory Test Procedure No. TP208-12 dated January 14, 2003.
SECTION 2
TESTS PERFORMED

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Dates: 1/12-2/27/04

The following checked items indicate the tests that were performed:

1. Rear outboard seating position seat belts (S4.1.1.2(b) & (S4.2.4)
2. Air bag labels (S4.5.1)
3. Readiness indicator (S4.5.2)
4. Passenger air bag manual cut-off device (S4.5.4)
5. Lap belt lockability (S7.1.1.5)
6. Seat belt warning system (S7.3)
7. Seat belt contact force (S7.4.4)
8. Seat belt latch plate access (S7.4.4)
9. Seat belt retraction (S7.4.5)
10. Seat belt guides and hardware (S7.4.6)
11. Suppression tests with 12-month-old CRABI dummy (Part 572, Subpart N)
12. Suppression tests with newborn infant (Part 572, Subpart K)
13. Suppression tests with 3-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart P)
14. Suppression tests with 6-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart O)
15. Test of reactivation of the passenger air bag system with an unbelted 5th percentile female dummy
16. Low risk deployment test with 12-month-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart N)
17. Low risk deployment test with 3-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart P)
18. Low risk deployment test with 6-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
19. Low risk deployment test with 5th female dummy (Part 572, Subpart O)
20. Impact Tests

Frontal Oblique

☐ Belted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 kmph) (S5.1.1.1(a))
☐ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 kmph) (S5.1.1.1(b))
☐ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (32 to 40 kmph) (S5.1.2(a)(2) or S5.1.2(b))

Frontal 0°

☐ Belted 50th male dummy driver (0 to 48 kmph) (S5.1.1.1(b)(1) or S6.1.1(a))
☐ Belted 50th male dummy passenger (0 to 48 kmph) (S5.1.1.1(b)(1) or S6.1.1(a))
☐ Belted 5th female dummy driver (0 to 48 kmph) (S16.1(a))
☐ Belted 5th female dummy passenger (0 to 48 kmph) (S16.1(a))
☐ Belted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 56 kmph) (S5.1.1.1(b)(2))
☐ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 kmph) (S5.1.2(a)(1))
☐ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver (32 to 40 kmph) (S5.1.2(a)(2) or S5.1.2(b))
☐ Unbelted 50th male dummy passenger (32 to 40 kmph) (S5.1.2(a)(2) or S5.1.2(b))
X  Unbelted 5th female dummy driver (32 to 40 kmph) (S16.1(b))
X  Unbelted 5th female dummy passenger (32 to 40 kmph) (S16.1(b))
X  40% Offset 0° Belted 5th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 40 kmph) (S18.1)

21. Sled Test: unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (S13)
22. FMVSS 204 Indicant Test
X 23. FMVSS 212 Test
X 24. FMVSS 219 Indicant Test
X 25. FMVSS 301 Frontal Test

For the crash tests, the vehicle was instrumented with 8 accelerometers. The accelerometer data from the vehicle and dummies were sampled at 10,000 samples per second and processed as specified in SAE J211/1 MAR95 and FMVSS 208, S4.13.

The dynamic tests were recorded using high speed film and high speed digital video.

The vehicle appears to meet the performance requirements to which it was tested.
SECTION 3

INJURY RESULT SUMMARY FOR FMVSS 208 TESTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Dates: 1/18 & 1/30/04

5th Percentile Female Low Risk Deployments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Injury Criteria</th>
<th>Max. Allowable Injury Assessment Values</th>
<th>Measured Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIC15</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nte)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>118.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ntf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>28.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nce)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>169</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ncf)</td>
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<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>0.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neck Tension</td>
<td>2070 N</td>
<td>806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Compression</td>
<td>2520 N</td>
<td>-437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest g</td>
<td>60 g</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest Displacement</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
<td>-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-37</td>
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</table>

Second stage fire time of 45 ms; Injuries calculated on 0 ms to 170 ms

5th Percentile Female SN 518 Position 2 (Chin On Rim) 1-30-04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Injury Criteria</th>
<th>Max. Allowable Injury Assessment Values</th>
<th>Measured Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIC15</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nte)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>17.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ntf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>29.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nce)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>163.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ncf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms) NA</td>
<td>53.7</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Neck Tension</td>
<td>2070 N</td>
<td>1085</td>
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<td>Neck Compression</td>
<td>2520 N</td>
<td>-135</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chest g</td>
<td>60 g</td>
<td>13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chest Displacement</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
<td>-23</td>
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<tr>
<td>Left Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-148</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Second stage fire time of 45 ms; Injuries calculated on 0 ms to 170 ms
INJURY RESULT SUMMARY FOR FMVSS 208 TESTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

40 kmph Frontal Crash

Impact Angle: Zero degrees

Belted Dummies: X Yes (Rear Passenger) X No (Driver and Front Passenger)
Speed Range: ___ 0 to 40 kmph X 32 to 40 kmph ___ 0 to 68 kmph

Test Speed: 39.8 kmph Test Weight 1954.6 kg

Driver Dummy: X 5th female ___ 50th male
Passenger Dummy: X 5th female ___ 50th male
Center Rear Passenger Dummy: ___ 5th female X 50th male

5th Percentile Female Frontal Crash Test
Vehicles certified to S16.1(a), S16.1(b), or S18.1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Injury Criteria</th>
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<th>Driver</th>
<th>Passenger</th>
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<td>HIC15</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>222</td>
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<td>Neq</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nle</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nle</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nle</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Tension</td>
<td>2620 N</td>
<td>1401</td>
<td>710</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Compression</td>
<td>2520 N</td>
<td>-126</td>
<td>-807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest g</td>
<td>60 g</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>45</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chest Displacement</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>-4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Left Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-3087</td>
<td>-4820</td>
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<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-3652</td>
<td>-4835</td>
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50th Percentile Male Center Rear Passenger Frontal Crash Test

<table>
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<th>Injury Criteria</th>
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<th>Center Rear Passenger</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Nle</td>
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<tr>
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<td>2220</td>
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<td>Chest Displacement</td>
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<td>Left Femur</td>
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<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>10,000 N</td>
<td>-1864</td>
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SECTION 4
DISCUSSION OF TESTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Date: 1/12-2/27/04

The vehicle did not meet the performance requirements of S.4.5.1 Air Bag Labels.

The air bag system operation and maintenance information was contained in an addendum inserted in the owner’s manual.

A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

The Cosco Dream Ride Car Bed was tested for suppression in the Middle Seat Slide position. Its orientation was lateral with the Newborn dummy’s head placed to the left hand side of the vehicle. The CRS would not fit in the Forward Seat Slide position due to interference with the transmission shifter. The CRS would not fit in the Rearward Seat Slide position due to interference with the center console.

Empty seat detection during Suppression testing was performed with the DRB III diagnostic tool.

MGA dummy (SN494) was used for 5th percentile Position 1 Low Risk Deployment due to dummy availability.

A 50th percentile dummy (S/N 401) was positioned as a Center Rear Passenger during the 25 mph frontal crash test.

There were no other unexpected events or items to discuss.
SECTION 5
TEST DATA SHEETS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Dates: 1/12-2/27/04
DATA SHEET 1
COTR VEHICLE WORK ORDER

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Dates: 1/12-2/27/04
COTR Signature: Charles R. Cessa

Test to be performed for this vehicle are checked below:

1. Rear Outboard Seating Position Seat Belts (§4.1.2(b)) & (§4.2.4)
2. Air Bag Labels (§4.5.1)
3. Readiness Indicator (§4.5.2)
4. Passenger Air Bag Manual Cut-off Device (§4.5.4)
5. Lap Belt Lockability (§7.1.1.5)
6. Seat Belt Warning System (§7.3)
7. Seat Belt Contact Force (§7.4.4)
8. Seat Belt Latch Plate Access (§7.4.4)
9. Seat Belt Retraction (§7.4.5)
10. Seat Belt Guides and Hardware (§7.4.8)
11. Suppression tests with 12-month-old CRABI dummy (Part 572, Subpart N) using the following indicated child restraints.

Section B

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<th>X</th>
<th>Mid Position</th>
<th>Full Forward</th>
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<td>Full Rearward</td>
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<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
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Section C

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<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cosco Olympian 02803</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cosco Tour iva 02519</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eventio Horizon V 425</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eventio Medallion 254</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Suppression tests with newborn infant (Part 572, Subpart K) using the following indicated child restraints.

Section A

| Cosco Dream Ride 02-719     | Full Rearward | X | Mid Position | Full Forward |

13. Suppression tests with 3-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart P) using the following indicated child restraints where a child restraint is required.

Section C
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X</th>
<th>Britax Roundabout 151</th>
<th>Full Rearward</th>
<th>X</th>
<th>Mid Position</th>
<th></th>
<th>X</th>
<th>Full Forward</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Century Encore 4612</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Century ST 1000 4416</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Cosco Olympian 02803</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Cosco Tourva 02519</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Evento Horizon V 425</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Evento Medallion 254</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section D**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X</th>
<th>Britax Roadster 9004</th>
<th>Full Rearward</th>
<th>X</th>
<th>Mid Position</th>
<th></th>
<th>X</th>
<th>Full Forward</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Century Next Step 4920</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Cosco High Back Booster 02-442</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Evento Right Fit 245</td>
<td>Full Rearward</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Mid Position</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Full Forward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section C**

14. Suppression tests with representative 3-year-old child using the following indicated child restraints where a child restraint is required. (Appendix H, Data Sheet 16H and 17H)

**Section D**

15. Suppression tests with 3-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart P) in the following Forward, Middle, and Rearward seat track positions

- X Sitting on seat with back against seat back (S22.2.2.1)
- X Sitting on seat with back against inclined seat back (S22.2.2.2)
- X Sitting on seat with back not against seat back (S22.2.2.3)
- X Sitting on seat, spine vertical, hands by the child's side (S22.2.2.4)
- X Standing on seat, facing forward (S22.2.2.5)
- X Kneeling on seat facing forward (S22.2.2.6)
- X Kneeling on seat facing rearward (S22.2.2.7)
- X Lying on seat (S22.2.2.8)

16. Suppression tests with representative 3-year-old child in the following positions

- X Sitting on seat with back against seat back (S22.2.2.1)
- X Sitting on seat with back against inclined seat back (S22.2.2.2)
- X Sitting on seat with back not against seat back (S22.2.2.3)
- X Sitting on seat, spine vertical, hands by the child's side (S22.2.2.4)
- X Standing on seat, facing forward (S22.2.2.5)
- X Kneeling on seat facing forward (S22.2.2.6)
- X Kneeling on seat facing rearward (S22.2.2.7)
- X Lying on seat (S22.2.2.8)

17. Suppression tests with 5-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart N) using the following indicated child restraints where a child restraint is required.
Section D

Britax Roadster 9004  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Next Step 4920  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco High Back Booster 02-442  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo Right Fit 245  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward

16. Suppression tests with representative 6-year-old child using the following indicated child restraints where a child restraint is required.

Section D

Britax Roadster 9004  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Next Step 4920  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco High Back Booster 02-442  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo Right Fit 245  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward

19. Suppression tests with 6-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart N) in the following Forward, Middle, and Rearward seat track positions

- Sitting on seat with back against seat back (§22.2.2.1)
- Sitting on seat with back against reclined seat back (§22.2.2.2)
- Sitting on seat edge, spine vertical, hands by the child's side (§22.2.2.3)

20. Suppression tests with representative 6-year-old child in the following positions

- Sitting on seat with back against seat back (§22.2.2.1)
- Sitting on seat with back against reclined seat back (§22.2.2.2)
- Sitting on seat edge, spine vertical, hands by the child's side (§22.2.2.4)

21. Test of Reactivation of the Passenger Air Bag System with an Unbelted 5th percentile female dummy (§20.3, 22.3, 24.3). Perform this test after the following suppression tests: After each restraint.

22. Test of Reactivation of the passenger air bag system with a representative 5th percentile female (§20.3, 22.3, 24.3). Perform this test after the following suppression tests:

23. Low risk deployment test with 12-month-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart N) using the following indicated child restraints.

Section B

Britax Handle with Care 191  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Asuna 4563  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Aventa SE 41630  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Smart Fit 4543  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco Ariva 02727  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco Opus 35 32603  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo Discovery Adjust Right 212  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo First Choice 204  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo On My Way Position Right V 282  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Greco Infant 8457  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward

Section C

Britax Roundabout 161  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century Encore 4912  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Century SLT 1000 4416  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco Olympian 32803  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Cosco Tourna 02519  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward
Evenflo Horizon V 425  □  Full Rearward  □  Mid Position  □  Full Forward

10
24. Low risk deployment test with 3-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart P) in the following positions
   Position 1
   Position 2

25. Low risk deployment test with 8-year-old dummy (Part 572, Subpart N) in the following positions
   Position 1
   Position 2

26. Low risk deployment test with 5th percentile female dummy (Part 572, Subpart Q) in the following positions
   Position 1
   Position 2

27. Impact Tests
   □ Frontal Oblique – Test Speed:
     □ Belted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 km/h) (S5.1.1(a))
     □ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 km/h) (S5.1.2(a)(1))
     □ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (32 to 40 km/h) (S5.1.2(a)(1) or S5.1.2(b))
   □ Frontal 0° - Test Speed: 39.8 km/h
     □ Belted 50th male dummy driver (0 to 48 km/h) (S5.1.1(b)(1) or S5.1.1(a))
     □ Belted 50th male dummy passenger (0 to 48 km/h) (S5.1.1(b)(1) or S5.1.1(a))
     □ Belted 5th female dummy driver (0 to 48 km/h) (S16.1(a))
     □ Belted 5th female dummy passenger (0 to 48 km/h) (S16.1(a))
     □ Belted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 65 km/h) (S5.1.1(b)(2))
     □ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 48 km/h) (S5.1.2(a)(1))
     □ Unbelted 50th male dummy driver (32 to 40 km/h) (S5.1.2(a)(2) or S5.1.2(b))
     □ Unbelted 50th male dummy passenger (32 to 40 km/h) (S5.1.2(a)(2) or S5.1.2(b))
     □ Unbelted 5th female dummy driver (32 to 40 km/h) (S16.1(b))
     □ Unbelted 5th female dummy passenger (32 to 40 km/h) (S16.1(b))
   □ 40% Offset 0° Belted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (0 to 40 km/h) (S18.1)

28. Sled Test: Unbelted 50th male dummy driver and passenger (S13)
29. FMVSS 204 Indicant Test
30. FMVSS 212 Indicant Test
31. FMVSS 219 Indicant Test
32. FMVSS 301 Indicant Frontal Test
DATA SHEET 2
REPORT OF VEHICLE CONDITION

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Dates: 1/12-2/27/04

CONTRACT NO. DTNH22-03-D-11002 Date: 3/12/04
FROM (Lab and rep name): MGA Research Corporation
TO: NHTSA, OVSC (NVS-220)

PURPOSE: ( ) Initial Receipt ( ) Received via Transfer (X) Present vehicle condition

MODEL YEAR/MAKE/MODEL/BODY STYLE: 2004 JEEP LIBERTY MPV
MANUFACTURE DATE: 10/03
NHTSA NO. C40300 GVWR: 2427kg (5350 lbs)
BODY COLOR: WHITE GAWR (Fr): 1248kg (2760 lbs)
VIN: 1J4GK48XK4W142148 GAWR (Rr): 1428kg (3150 lbs)

ODOMETER READINGS: ARRIVAL (miles): 18 COMPLETION (miles): 25
DATE: 1/23/03 DATE: 2/27/04
PURCHASE PRICE: ($) 19,558.00
DEALER'S NAME: Ricart Automotive, 4255 S. Hamilton Rd, Columbus, OH 43227

A. All options listed on window sticker are present on the test vehicle: X Yes ___ No
B. Tires and wheel sizes are new and the same as listed: X Yes ___ No
C. There are no dents or other interior or exterior flaws: X Yes ___ No
D. The vehicle has been properly prepared and is in running condition: X Yes ___ No
E. Keyless remote is available and working: ___ Yes X No
F. The glove box contains an owner's manual, warranty document, consumer information, and extra set of keys: X Yes ___ No
G. Proper fuel filler cap is supplied on the test vehicle: X Yes ___ No
H. Using permanent marker, identify vehicle with NHTSA number and FMVSS test type(s) on roof line above driver door or for school buses, place a placard with NHTSA number inside the windshield and to the exterior front and rear side of bus: X Yes ___ No
I. Place vehicle in storage area: X Yes ___ No
J. Inspect the vehicle's interior and exterior, including all windows, seats, doors, etc. to confirm that each system is complete and functional per the manufacturer's specifications. Any damage, misadjustment, or other unusual condition that could influence the test program or test results shall be recorded. Report any abnormal condition to the NHTSA CCT before beginning any test: X Vehicle OK ___ Conditions reported below
REPORT OF VEHICLE CONDITION AT THE COMPLETION OF TESTING

LIST OF FMVSS TESTS PERFORMED BY THIS LAB:  FMVSS 208, 212, 219, 301

VEHICLE:  2004 JEEP LIBERTY MPV  NHTSA NO.  C40300

REMARKS:

Equipment that is no longer on the test vehicle as noted on previous page:
RH rear window glass / motor, RH rear tail light, hub covers, and headrests.

Explanation for equipment removal:
Components removed for Instrumentation installation and to meet target weight.

Test Vehicle Condition:
Normal frontal impact damage

RECORDED BY:  Jeff Lewandowski   DATE:  3/12/2004
APPROVED BY:  David Winkelbauer   DATE:  3/12/2004

RELEASE OF TEST VEHICLE

The vehicle described above is released from MGA to be delivered to:

Data:  Time:  Odometer:

Lab Rep's Signature:
Title:
Carrier/Customer Rep:
Data:
DATA SHEET 3
CERTIFICATION LABEL AND TIRE PLACARD INFORMATION

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
Test Technician: Clark Smith  
NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Date: 2/27/04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Certification Label</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer:</td>
<td>Daimler Chrysler Corp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Manufacture:</td>
<td>10/03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIN:</td>
<td>1J4GK48X4VW162401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Certified As (Pass. Car/MPV/Truck/Bus):</td>
<td>MPV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front Axle GVWR:</td>
<td>2427 kg (5350 lbs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear Axle GVWR:</td>
<td>1248 kg (2750 lbs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total GVWR:</td>
<td>1429 kg (3150 lbs)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tire Placard</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable, vehicle is not a passenger car and does not have a tire placard.</td>
<td>YES (MPV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This is not a passenger car, but all or part of this information is still contained on a vehicle label and is reported here.</td>
<td>YES (MPV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Capacity Weight:</td>
<td>522 kg (1150 lbs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designated Seating Capacity Front:</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designated Seating Capacity Rear:</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Designated Seating Capacity:</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Cold Tire Inflation Pressure Front:</td>
<td>227 kpa (33 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Cold Tire Inflation Pressure Rear:</td>
<td>227 kpa (33 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Tire Size:</td>
<td>P215/75R16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signature:  
Date: 2/23/04
DATA SHEET 4
REAR OUTBOARD SEATING POSITION SEAT BELTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do all rear outboard seating positions have Type 2 seat belts?</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If NO, describe the seat belt installed, the seat location, and any other information about the seat that would explain why a Type 2 seat belt was not installed.

REMARKS: NONE

Signature: Wayne Dahlke
Date: 1/15/04
### DATA SHEET 6
### AIR BAG LABELS (S4.5.1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Vehicle</th>
<th>2004 Jeep Liberty</th>
<th>NHTSA No.: C40300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Program</td>
<td>FMVSS 208 Compliance</td>
<td>Test Date: 1/15/04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Technician</td>
<td>Wayno Dohike</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Air bag maintenance label and owner's manual instructions: (S4.5.1(a))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong> 1.1 Does the manufacturer recommend periodic maintenance or replacement of the air bag?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes, go to 1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong> No - go to 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ 1.2 Does the vehicle have a label specifying air bag maintenance or replacement?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ 1.3 Does the label contain one of the following?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Check applicable schedule:
- Schedule on label specifies month and year (Record date ________)
- Schedule on label specified vehicle mileage (Record mileage ________)
- Schedule on label specifies interval measured from date on certification label (Record interval ________)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.4 Is the label permanently affixed within the passenger compartment such that it cannot be removed without destroying or defacing the label or thesurfacor?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.5 Is the label lettered in English?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.6 Is the label in block capitals and numerals?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.7 Are the letters and numerals at least 3/32 inches high?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.8 Does the owner's manual set forth the recommended schedule for maintenance or replacement?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2. Does the owner's manual: (S4.5.1(f))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong> 2.1 Include a description of the vehicle's air bag system in an easily understandable format?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong> Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ No - Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X 2.2 Include a statement that the vehicle is equipped with an air bag and a lap/shoulder belt at the front outboard seating position?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>X</strong> Yes - Pass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.3 Include a statement that the air bag is a supplement restraint at the front outboard seating position?
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.4 Emphasize that all occupants, including the driver, should always wear their seat belts whether or not an air bag is also provided at their seating positions to minimize the risk of severe injury or death in the event of a crash?
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.5 Provide any necessary precautions regarding the proper positioning of occupants, including children, at seating positions equipped with air bags to ensure maximum safety protection for those occupants?
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.6 Explain that no objects should be placed over or near the air bag on the steering wheel or on the instrument panel, because any such objects could cause harm if the vehicle is in a crash severe enough to cause the air bag to inflate?
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7 Is the vehicle certified to meet the requirements of S14.5, S15, S17, S19, S21, S23, and S25? (Obtain answer from COTR) (S4.5.1(f)(2))
- Yes - (Go to 2.7.1)
- No - (Go to 3.)

2.7.1 Explain the proper functioning of the advanced air bag system? (S4.5.1(f)(2))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7.2 Provide a summary of the actions that may affect the proper functioning of the system? (S4.5.1(f)(2))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7.3 Present and explain the main components of the advanced passenger air bag system? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(i))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7.4 Explain how the components function together as part of the advanced passenger air bag system? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(ii))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7.5 Contain the basic requirements for proper operation, including an explanation of the actions that may affect the proper functioning of the system? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(iii))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

2.7.6 Is the vehicle certified to the requirements of S19.2, S21.2, or 23.2 (automatic suppression)?
- Yes, continue with 2.7.8
- No, go to 2.7.7
2.7.6.1 Contain a complete description of the passenger air bag suppression system installed in the vehicle, including a discussion of any suppression zones? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(iv))

X Yes – Pass
No – Fail

2.7.6.2 Discuss the telltale light, specifying its location in the vehicle and explaining when the light is illuminated?

X Yes – Pass
No – Fail

2.7.7 Explain the interaction of the advanced passenger air bag system with other vehicle components, such as seat belts, seats or other components? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(vi))

X Yes – Pass
No – Fail

2.7.8 Summarize the expected outcomes when child restraint systems, children and small teenagers or adults are both properly and improperly positioned in the passenger seat, including cautionary advice against improper placement of child restraint systems? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(vi))

X Yes – Pass
No – Fail

2.7.9 Provide information on how to contact the vehicle manufacturer concerning modifications for persons with disabilities that may affect the advanced air bag system? (S4.5.1(f)(2)(vii))

X Yes – Pass
No – Fail

3. Sun Visor Air Bag Warning Label (S4.5.1(b)) Check only one of the following:

X The vehicle is not certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23 (Obtain answer from COTR) (S4.5.1(b)(1)) Go to 3.1 and skip 3.2 and 3.3

X The vehicle is certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23 before 9/1/03. (Obtain answer from COTR) (S4.5.1(b)(2)) Go to 3.2 and skip 3.1 and 3.3

X The vehicle is certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23 on 9/1/03 or later. (Obtain answer from COTR) (S4.5.1(b)(3)) Go to 3.3 and skip 3.1 and 3.2

3.1 Vehicles not certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23.

3.1.1 Is the label permanently affixed (including permanent marking on the visor material or molding into the visor material) to either side of the sun visor at each front outboard seating position such that it cannot be removed without destroying or defacing it? (S4.5.1(b)(1))

X Driver Side, Yes – Pass
X Driver Side, No – Fail
X Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
X Passenger Side, No – Fail
3.1.2 Does the label conform in content to the label shown in either Figure 6A or 6B (Figure 6B is for vehicles with passenger air bag on-off switches), as appropriate, at each front outboard seating position? (S4.6.1(b)(1)) (Vehicles without back seats may omit the statement: "The back seat is the safest place for children." (S4.6.1(b)(1)(ii)))

![Label Diagram](image)

Figure 6A: Sun Visor Label Visible When Visor is in Down Position.

Figure 6B: Sun Visor Label Visible When Visor is in Down Position.

- [ ] Driver Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No - Fail
- [ ] Passenger Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Passenger Side, No - Fail

3.1.3 Is the label heading area yellow with the word "WARNING" and the alert symbol in black? (S4.6.1(b)(1)(ii))

- [ ] Driver Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No - Fail
- [ ] Passenger Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Passenger Side, No - Fail

3.1.4 Is the message area white with black text? (S4.6.1(b)(1)(iii))

- [ ] Driver Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No - Fail
- [ ] Passenger Side, Yes - Pass
- [ ] Passenger Side, No - Fail

19
3.15 Is the message area at least 30 cm²? *(S4.5.1(b)(1)(i))*

Driver Side: Length______, Width_______
Passenger Side: Length______, Width_______
Actual message area ________ cm²

[ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
[ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.16 Is the pictogram black with a red circle and slash on a white background? *(S4.5.1(b)(2)(ii))*

[ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
[ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.17 Is the pictogram at least 30 mm in diameter? *(S4.5.1(b)(2)(iii))*

Actual diameter ________ mm

[ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
[ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.2 Vehicles certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23 before 9/1/03.

3.2.1 Is the label permanently affixed (including permanent marking on the visor material or molding into the visor material) to either side of the sun visor at each front outboard seating position such that it cannot be removed without destroying or defacing the label or the sun visor? *(S4.5.1(b)(2))*

[ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
[ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
[ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail
3.2.2 Does the label conform in content to the label shown in either Figure 8 or 11 at each front outboard seating position? (S4.5.1(b)(2)) (Vehicles without back seats may omit the statement: "The back seat is the safest place for children." (S4.5.1(b)(2)(iv)) Vehicles without back seats or the back seat is too small to accommodate a rear-facing child restraint may omit the statement "Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front." (S4.5.1(b)(2)(v))

![WARNING](image)

Figure 8. Sun Visor Label Visible when Visor is Down Position.

![WARNING](image)

Figure 9. Visor Label Visible when Visor is Up Position.

- Driver Side, Yes — Pass
- Driver Side, No — Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes — Pass
- Passenger Side, No — Fail

3.2.3 Is the label heading area yellow with the word "WARNING" and the alert symbol in black? (S4.5.1(b)(2)(i))

- Driver Side, Yes — Pass
- Driver Side, No — Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes — Pass
- Passenger Side, No — Fail

3.2.4 Is the message area white with black text? (S4.5.1(b)(2)(ii))

- Driver Side, Yes — Pass
- Driver Side, No — Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes — Pass
- Passenger Side, No — Fail
3.2.5 Is the message area at least 30 cm²? (S4.5.1(b)(2)(ii))

Driver Side: Length_________, Width_________
Passenger Side: Length________, Width_________
Actual message area_____________ cm²

☐ Driver Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Driver Side, No – Fail
☐ Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.2.6 Is the pictogram black on a white background? (S4.5.1(b)(2)(iii))

☐ Driver Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Driver Side, No – Fail
☐ Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.2.7 Is the pictogram at least 30 mm (1.2 inches) in length? (S4.5.1(b)(2)(iii))

Driver Side: Length_________
Passenger Side: Length_________

☐ Driver Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Driver Side, No – Fail
☐ Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Passenger Side, No – Fail

X 3.3 Vehicles certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23 on 9/1/03 and later. (S4.5.1(b)(3))

X 3.3.1 Is the label permanently affixed (including permanent marking on the visor material or molding into the visor material) to either side of the sun visor at each front outboard seating position such that it cannot be removed without destroying or defacing the label or the sun visor? (S4.5.1(b)(3))

X Driver Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Driver Side, No – Fail
X Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
☐ Passenger Side, No – Fail

X 3.3.2 Does the label conform in content to the label shown in either Figure 11 at each front outboard seating position? (S4.5.1(b)(2)) (Vehicles without back seats may omit the statement “The back seat is the safest place for children.” (S4.5.1(b)(3)(v)) Vehicles without back seats or the back seat is too small to accommodate a rear-facing child restraint may omit the statement “Never put a rear-facing child seat in the front.” (S4.5.1(b)(3)(v))
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.3.3</th>
<th>Is the label heading area yellow with the word &quot;WARNING&quot; and the alert symbol in black? (S4.5.1(b)(3)(i))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.3.4</th>
<th>Is the message area white with black text? (S4.5.1(b)(3)(ii))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.3.5</th>
<th>Is the message area at least 30 cm²? (S4.5.1(b)(3)(iii))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side: Length 8.7 cm, Width 4.8 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side: Length 8.7 cm, Width 4.8 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Actual message area 41.76 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Actual message area 41.76 cm²</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.3.6</th>
<th>Is the pictogram black on a white background? (S4.5.1(b)(3)(iii))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side, No – Fail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3.3.7</th>
<th>Is the pictogram at least 30 mm (1.2 inches) in length? (S4.5.1(b)(3)(iii))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side: Length 45 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Side: Length 45 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Driver Side, Yes – Pass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4 Is the same side of the sun visor that contains the air bag warning label free of other information with the exception of the air bag maintenance label and/or the rollover-warming label? (§4.5.1(b)(5)(i))

- [ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
- [ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- [ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.5 Is the sun visor free of other information about air bags or the need to wear seat belts with the exception of the air bag alert label and/or the rollover-warming label? (§4.5.1(b)(5)(ii))

- [ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
- [ ] Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- [ ] Passenger Side, No – Fail

3.6 Does the driver side visor contain a rollover-warming label on the same side of the visor as the air bag warning label?

- [ ] Yes, go to 3.6.1
- [ ] No, go to 4 (skipping 3.6.1 through 3.8.3)

3.6.1 Are both the rollover-warming label and the air bag warning label surrounded by a continuous solid-lined border?

- [ ] Yes, go to 3.6.2 and skip 3.6.3
- [ ] No, go to 3.6.3 and skip 3.6.2

3.6.2 Is the shortest distance from the border of the rollover label to the border of the air bag warning label at least 1 cm? (§755.105(d)(1)(iv)(B))

__________ actual distance

3.6.3 Is the shortest distance from any of the lettering or graphics on the rollover-warming label to any of the lettering or graphics of the air bag warning label at least 3 cm? (§755.105(d)(1)(iv)(A))

17 mm (1.7 cm) actual distance

- [ ] Yes – Pass
- [ ] No – Fail

4. Air Bag Alert Label (§4.5.1(c)) (A "Rollover Warning Label" or "Rollover Alert Label" may be on the same side of the driver’s sun visor as the "Air Bag Alert Label.

- [ ] §575.105(d))

4.1 Is the sun visor warning label visible when the sun visor is in the stowed position?

- [ ] If yes for driver and passenger, go to 5.
- [ ] Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- [ ] Driver Side, No – Fail
4.2 Is the air bag alert label permanently affixed (including permanent marking on the visor material or molding into the visor material) to the sun visor at each front outboard seating position such that it cannot be removed without destroying or defacing the label or the sun visor? (S4.5.1(c))

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

4.3 Is the air bag alert label visible when the visor is in the stowed position? (S4.5.1(c))

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

4.4 Does the label conform in content to the label shown in Figure 6C? (S4.5.1(c))

![Label Image]

Figure 6C. Sun Visor Label Visible When Visor is in Up Position.

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

4.5 Is the message area black with yellow text? (S4.5.1(c)(1))

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail
4.6  Is the message area at least 20 cm²? (S4.5.1(c)(1))

Driver Side: Length__________, Width__________
Passenger Side: Length__________, Width__________
Actual message area ____________ cm²

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

4.7  Is the pictogram black with a red circle and slash on a white background? (S4.5.1(c)(2))

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

4.8  Is the pictogram at least 20 mm in diameter? (S4.5.1(e)(2))

Driver Side Diameter__________ mm
Passenger Side Diameter__________ mm

- Driver Side, Yes – Pass
- Driver Side, No – Fail
- Passenger Side, Yes – Pass
- Passenger Side, No – Fail

5.  Label on the Dashboard

5.1  Is the vehicle certified to meet the requirements of S19, S21, and S23? (Obtain answer from COTR) (S4.5.1(3)(2))

- Yes, go to 5.1.1 and skip 5.2
- No, go to 5.2, skipping 5.1.1 through 5.1.6

5.1.1  Does the vehicle have a label on the dash or steering wheel hub? (S4.5.1(e)(2))

- Yes – Pass
- No – Fail

5.1.2  Is the label clearly visible from all front seating positions? (S4.5.1(e)(2))

- Yes – Pass
- No – Fail

5.1.3  Does the label conform in content to the label shown in Figure 9? (S4.5.1(e)(2))

- Vehicles without back seats may omit the statement: "The back seat is the safest place for children." (S4.5.1(e)(2)(iii))

- Yes – Pass
- No – Fail
This Vehicle is Equipped with Advanced Air Bags

Even with Advanced Air Bags, children can be killed or seriously injured by the air bags. The back seat is the safest place for children. Always use seat belts and child restraints. See owner's manual for more information about air bags and child restraints.

Figure 9. Removable Label on Dash.

5.1.4 Is the heading area yellow with black text? (S4.5.1(e)(2)(i))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

5.1.5 Is the message white with black text? (S4.5.1(e)(2)(ii))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

6.1.8 Is the message area at least 30 cm²? (S4.5.1(e)(2)(ii))
- Length 8.7 cm, Width 3.5 cm
- Actual message area 30.45 cm²

- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

5.2 Does the vehicle have a label on the dash or steering wheel hub? (S4.5.1(e)(1))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

5.2.1 Is the label clearly visible from all front seating positions? (S4.5.1(e)(1))
- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

5.2.2 Does the label conform in content to the label shown in Figure 7? (S4.6.1(e)(1)(iii))
- Vehicles without back seats may omit the statement: "The back seat is the safest place for children." (S4.6.1(e)(2)(ii))

- Yes - Pass
- No - Fail

Figure 7. Removable Label on Dash.

WARNING
Children Can Be KILLED or SEVERELY INJURED by Passenger Air Bag

The back seat is the safest place for children 12 and under. Make sure all children are seat belts or child restraints.

Figure 7. Removable Label on Dash.
5.2.3 Is the heading area yellow with the word "WARNING" and the alert symbol in black? (S4.5.1(e)(1)(i))

☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail

5.2.4 Is the message white with black text? (S4.5.1(e)(1)(ii))

☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail

5.2.5 Is the message area at least 30 cm²? (S4.5.1(e)(1)(iii))

Length______, Width______
Actual message area ________ cm²

☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: ______________________

Date: 1/15/04
An occupant restraint system that deploys in the event of a crash shall have a monitoring system with a readiness indicator. A totally mechanical system is exempt from this requirement.
(11/8/94 legal interpretation to Lawrence F. Hennegerger on behalf of Breed)

1. Is the system totally mechanical? If Yes, this data sheet is complete.
   - Yes
   - No

2. Describe the location of the readiness indicator. Left side of instrument cluster

3. Is the readiness indicator clearly visible to the driver?
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

4. Is a list of the elements in the occupant restraint system, being monitored by the readiness indicator, provided on a label or in the owner's manual?
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

5. Does the vehicle have an on-off switch for the passenger air bag?
   - If Yes, go to 6
   - If No, this form is complete.

6. Is the air bag readiness indicator off when the passenger air bag switch is in the off position?
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 7

PASSENGER AIR BAG MANUAL CUT-OFF DEVICE (S4.5.4)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

1. Is the vehicle equipped with an on-off switch that deactivates the air bag installed at the right front outboard seating position?
   - Yes, go to 2
   - No, this sheet is complete

2. Does the vehicle have any forward-facing rear designated seating positions? (S4.5.4(a))
   - Yes, go to 3
   - No, go to 4

3. Verification of the lack of room for a child restraint in the rear seat behind the driver's seat. (S4.5.4(b))
   - Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflected adjustment position (S8.1.3)
   - N/A, no lumbar adjustment
   - Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.02)
   - N/A, no additional support adjustment
   - If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment
   - If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full down position (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment
   - Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment
   - If the seat height is adjustable, put it in the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, no seat height adjustment
   - Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.
   - Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for full rearward.
   - N/A – the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment
   - Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position. (S8.1.2)
   - N/A – the seat does not have fore-aft adjustment
If there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat.

If seat adjustments, other than fore-aft, are present and the horizontal reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal.

N/A – No adjustments

Angle of reference line as tested:

The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1 (b) and S9.1.3)

N/A – No seat back angle adjustment

Manufacturers design seat back angle:

Tested seat back angle:

Is the driver seat a bucket seat?

Yes, go to 3.12.1 and skip 3.12.2

No, go to 3.12.2 and skip 3.12.1

Bucket Seats:

Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the longitudinal centerline of the seat driver's seat cushion. (S22.2.1.3) The longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion is determined at the widest part of the seat cushion. Measure perpendicular to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle.

Record the length of the seat:

Record the distance from the edge of the seat to Plane B:

Locate the longitudinal horizontal line in plane B that is tangent to the highest point of the rear seat cushion behind the driver's seat. Measure along this line from the front of the seat back of the rear seat to the rear of the seat back of the driver's seat.

Distance (mm):

Less than 720 mm – Pass

More than 720 mm – Fail

Go to 4

Bench seats (including split bench seats):

Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the center of the steering wheel parallel to the vehicle longitudinal centerline.

Locate the longitudinal horizontal line in plane B that is tangent to the highest point of the rear seat cushion. Measure along this line from the front of the seat back of the rear seat to the rear of the seat back of the front seat.

Distance (mm):

Less than 720 mm – Pass

More than 720 mm – Fail

Go to 4

Does the device turn the air bag on and off using the vehicle's ignition key? (S4.5.4.2)

Yes – Pass
5. Is the on-off device separate from the ignition switch? (S4.5.4.2)
   No - Fail
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail

6. Is there a telltale light that comes on when the passenger air bag is turned off? (S4.5.4.2)
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail

7. Telltale light (S4.5.4.3)
   7.1 Is the light yellow? S4.5.4.3(a))
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail
   7.2 Are the words "PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF" (S4.5.4.3(b))
   on the telltales?
   Yes - Pass, go to 7.3
   No - go to 7.2.2
   7.2.1 within 25 mm of the telltales?
   Measurement from the edge of the telltale light (mm):
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail
   7.3 Does the telltale remain illuminated while the air bag is turned off? (S4.5.4.3(c)) (Leave the air bag off for 5 minutes.)
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail
   7.4 Is the telltale illuminated while the air bag is turned on? (S4.5.4.3(d))
   Yes - Fail
   No - Pass
   7.5 Is the telltale combined with the air bag readiness indicator? (S4.5.4.3(e))
   Yes - Fail
   No - Pass

5. Owner's Manual
   8.1 Does the owner's manual contain complete instructions on the operation of the on-off switch? (S4.5.4.4(a))
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail
   8.2 Does the owner's manual contain a statement that the on-off switch should only be used when a member of one of the following risk groups is occupying the right front passenger seating position? (S4.5.4.4(b))
   Infants: there is no back seat
   the rear seat is too small to accommodate a child restraint
   Children aged: there is a medical condition that must be monitored constantly
   1 to 12: there is a medical condition that must be monitored constantly
   Medical condition: greater risk for harm than with the air bag on
6.3 Does the owner's manual contain a warning about the safety consequences of using the on-off switch at other times?

☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 8

LAP BELT LOCKABILITY
Passenger cars, trucks, buses, and multipurpose passenger
Vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less. (S7.1.1.5)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

Complete one of these forms for each designated seating position that can be adjusted to
forward-facing or that is a forward-facing seat, other than the driver's seat (S7.1.1.5(a), and that
has seat belt retractors that are not solely automatic locking retractors. (S7.1.1.5(c))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION:</th>
<th>Front Passenger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. N/A – no retractor is at this position
   N/A – the retractor is an automatic locking retractor ONLY
   Record test fore-aft seat position: Full All
   (S7.1.1.5(c)(1)) (Any position is acceptable)

2. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT have to be attached
   by the vehicle user to the seat belt webbing, retractor, or any other part of the vehicle.
   (S7.1.1.5 (a))
   X Yes – Pass
   X No – Fail

3. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT require inverting,
   twisting or deforming of the belt webbing. (S7.1.1.5 (a))
   X Yes – Pass
   X No – Fail

4. Buckle the seat belt. (S7.1.1.5(c)(1))

5. Locate a reference point A on the seat belt buckle. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

6. Locate a reference point B on the attachment hardware or retractor assembly at the
   other end of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

7. Does the vehicle owner need to take some action to activate the locking feature on the lap
   belt portion of the seat belt in any forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to
   forward-facing?
   X Yes, go to 7.1
   X No, go to 8

7.1 Does the vehicle owner's manual include a description in words and/or diagrams
    describing how to activate the locking feature so that the seat belt assembly can tightly
    secure a child restraint system and how to deactivate the locking feature to remove the
    child restraint system. (S7.1.1.5(b))
   X Yes – Pass
   X No – Fail

8. Adjust the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly according to any
   procedures recommended in the vehicle owner's manual to activate any locking feature
   so that the webbing between points A and B is at the maximum length allowed by the
   belt system. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2) & S7.1.1.5(c)(1))
9. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing for the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

   Measured distance between A and B (inches): 64 1/2

10. Readjust the belt system so that the webbing between points A and B is at any length that is 5 inches or more shorter than the maximum length of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(3))

11. To the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply a preload of 10 pounds using the webbing tension pull device in Figure 5. Apply the load in a vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle and passing through the seating reference point of the designated seating position. Apply the preload in a horizontal direction toward the front of the vehicle with a force application angle of not less than 5 degrees nor more than 16 degrees above the horizontal. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))

   Measured force application angle (Spec. 5-16 degrees): 14.5

12. Measure the length between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing while the preload is being applied. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))

   Measured distance between A and B (inches): 45 1/4

13. Increase the load to 50 pounds at a rate of no more than 50 pounds per second. Attain the load in not more than 5 seconds. If webbing sensitive emergency locking retractors are installed as part of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply the load at a rate less than the threshold value for lock-up specified by the manufacturer.) Maintain the load for at least 5 seconds. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(5))

   Record onset rate (lb/sec) (Spec. 10 to 50 lb/sec) (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 10

   Measured distance between A and B (inches) (S7.1.1.5(c)(6)): 45 1/2

14. Subtract the measurement in 12 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 2 inches or less? (S7.1.1.5(c)(7))

   13 - 12 = 1/2

   Yes - Pass

   No - Fail

15. Subtract the measurement in 9 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 3 inches or more? (S7.1.1.5(c)(8))

   9 - 13 = -19 3/4

   Yes - Pass

   No - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 8

LAP BELT LOCKABILITY

Passenger cars, trucks, buses, and multipurpose passenger
Vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less. (S7.1.1.5)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

NHTSA No.: C40500  
Test Date: 1/15/04

Complete one of these forms for each designated seating position that can be adjusted to
forward-facing or that is a forward-facing seat, other than the driver's seat (S7.1.1.5(a), and that
has seat belt retractors that are not solely automatic locking retractors. (S7.1.1.5(c))

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Left Rear Passenger

☐ N/A – no retractor is at this position
☐ N/A – the retractor is an automatic locking retractor ONLY
☒ 1. Record test fore-aft seat position: Not Adjustable
   (S7.1.1.6(e)(1)) (Any position is acceptable)
☐ 2. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT have to be attached
   by the vehicle user to the seat belt webbing, retractor, or any other part of the vehicle.
   (S7.1.1.5 (a))
☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail
☒ 3. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT require inverting,
   twisting or deforming of the belt webbing. (S7.1.1.5 (a))
☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail
☒ 4. Buckle the seat belt. (S7.1.1.6(c)(1))
☒ 5. Locate a reference point A on the seat belt buckle. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))
☒ 6. Locate a reference point B on the attachment hardware or retractor assembly at the
   other end of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))
☒ 7. Does the vehicle user need to take some action to activate the locking feature on the lap
   belt portion of the seat belt in any forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to
   forward-facing?
☐ Yes, go to 7.1
☐ No, go to 8
☒ 7.1 Does the vehicle owner's manual include a description in words and/or diagrams
   describing how to activate the locking feature so that the seat belt assembly can tightly
   secure a child restraint system and how to deactivate the locking feature to remove the
   child restraint system. (S7.1.1.5(b))
☐ Yes – Pass
☐ No – Fail
☒ 8. Adjust the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly according to any
   procedures recommended in the vehicle owner's manual to activate any locking feature
   so that the webbing between points A and B is at the maximum length allowed by the
   belt system. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2) & S7.1.1.5(c)(1))
9. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing for the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

- Measured distance between A and B (Inches): 65 3/4

10. Re-adjust the belt system so that the webbing between points A and B is at any length that is 5 inches or more shorter than the maximum length of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(3))

11. To the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply a preload of 10 pounds using the webbing tension pull device in Figure 5. Apply the load in a vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle and passing through the seating reference point of the designated seating position. Apply the preload in a horizontal direction toward the front of the vehicle with a force application angle of not less than 5 degrees nor more than 15 degrees above the horizontal. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))

- Measured force application angle (Spec. 5-15 degrees): 15

12. Measure the length between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing while the preload is being applied. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))

- Measured distance between A and B (Inches): 31 7/8

13. Increase the load to 50 pounds at a rate of no more than 50 pounds per second. Attain the load in not more than 5 seconds. (If webbing sensitive emergency locking retractors are installed as part of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply the load at a rate less than the threshold value for lock-up specified by the manufacturer.) Maintain the load for at least 5 seconds. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(5))

- Record onset rate (lb/sec) (spec. 10 to 50 lb/sec): (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 10

- Measured distance between A and B (Inches) (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 32 3/8

14. Subtract the measurement in 12 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 2 inches or less? (S7.1.1.5(c)(7))

- 13 - 12 = 1/2

- Yes - Pass

- No - Fail

15. Subtract the measurement in 9 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 3 inches or more? (S7.1.1.5(c)(8))

- 9 - 13 = 33 3/8

- Yes - Pass

- No - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04

Figure 2: Webbing Tension Pull Device
DATA SHEET 8

LAP BELT LOCKABILITY
Passenger cars, trucks, buses, and multipurpose passenger
Vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less. (S7.1.1.5)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Date: 1/15/04
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

Complete one of these forms for each designated seating position that can be adjusted to
forward-facing or that is a forward-facing seat, other than the driver's seat (S7.1.1.5(a), and that
has seat belt retractors that are not solely automatic locking retractors. (S7.1.1.5(c))

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Center Rear Passenger

☐ N/A – no retractor is at this position

☐ N/A – the retractor is an automatic locking retractor ONLY

☒ 1. Record test fore-aft seat position: Not Adjustable
   (S7.1.1.5(c)(1)) (Any position is acceptable)

☒ 2. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT have to be attached
   by the vehicle user to the seat belt webbing, retractor, or any other part of the vehicle.
   (S7.1.1.5(a))
   ☒ Yes – Pass
   ☐ No – Fail

☒ 3. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be
   adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT require inverting,
   twisting or deforming of the belt webbing. (S7.1.1.5(a))
   ☒ Yes – Pass
   ☐ No – Fail

☒ 4. Buckle the seat belt. (S7.1.1.5(c)(1))

☒ 5. Locate a reference point A on the seat belt buckle. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

☒ 6. Locate a reference point B on the attachment hardware or retractor assembly at the
   other end of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

☒ 7. Does the vehicle user need to take some action to activate the locking feature on the lap
   belt portion of the seat belt in any forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to
   forward-facing?
   ☒ Yes, go to 7.1
   ☐ No, go to 8

☒ 7.1 Does the vehicle owner's manual include a description in words and/or diagrams
   describing how to activate the locking feature so that the seat belt assembly can tightly
   secure a child restraint system and how to deactivate the locking feature to remove the
   child restraint system. (S7.1.1.5(b))
   ☒ Yes – Pass
   ☐ No – Fail

☒ 8. Adjust the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly according to any
   procedures recommended in the vehicle owner's manual to activate any locking feature
   so that the webbing between points A and B is at the maximum length allowed by the
   belt system. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2) & S7.1.1.5(c)(1))

☐
9. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing for the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))
   Measured distance between A and B (inches): 66

10. Reinstall the belt system so that the webbing between points A and B is at any length that is 5 inches or more shorter than the maximum length of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(3))

11. To the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply a preload of 10 pounds using the webbing tension pull device in Figure 5. Apply the load in a vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle and passing through the seating reference point of the designated seating position. Apply the preload in a horizontal direction toward the front of the vehicle with a force application angle of not less than 5 degrees nor more than 15 degrees above the horizontal. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))
   Measured force application angle (Spec. 5-15 degrees): 15

12. Measure the length between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing while the preload is being applied. (S7.1.1.5(c)(4))
   Measured distance between A and B (inches): 30 3/4

13. Increase the load to 50 pounds at a rate of not more than 50 pounds per second. Attain the load in not more than 5 seconds. (If webbing sensitive emergency locking retractors are installed as part of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply the load at a rate less than the threshold value for lock-up specified by the manufacturer.) Maintain the load for at least 5 seconds. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing. (S7.1.1.5(c)(5))
   Record onset rate (lb/sec) (Spec. 10 to 50 lb/sec) (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 10
   Measured distance between A and B (inches) (S7.1.1.5(c)(6)): 31

14. Subtract the measurement in 12 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 2 inches or less? (S7.1.1.5(c)(7))
   13 - 12 = 1/4
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail

15. Subtract the measurement in 9 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 3 inches or more? (S7.1.1.5(c)(8))
   9 - 13 = 36
   Yes - Pass
   No - Fail

REMARKS:
I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]
Date: 1/15/04

Figure B - Webbing Tension Pull Device
DATA SHEET 8

LAP BELT LOCKABILITY

Passenger cars, trucks, buses, and multipurpose passenger vehicles with a GVWR of 10,000 pounds or less. (S7.1.1.5)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
Test Date: 1/15/04  
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike

Complete one of these forms for each designated seating position that can be adjusted to forward-facing or that is a forward-facing seat, other than the driver's seat (S7.1.1.5(a)), and that has seat belt retractors that are not solely automatic locking retractors. (S7.1.1.5(c))

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Right Rear Passenger

☐ N/A - no retractor is at this position

☐ N/A - the retractor is an automatic locking retractor ONLY

☒ 1. Record test fore-aft seat position: Not Adjustable (S7.1.1.5(c)(1)) (Any position is acceptable)

☒ 2. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT have to be attached by the vehicle user to the seat belt webbing, retractor, or any other part of the vehicle. (S7.1.1.5(a))

☒ Yes - Pass

☒ No - Fail

☒ 3. Does the lap belt portion of the seat belt in the forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to forward-facing consist of a locking device that does NOT require inverting, twisting or deforming of the belt webbing. (S7.1.1.5(a))

☒ Yes - Pass

☒ No - Fail

☒ 4. Buckle the seat belt. (S7.1.1.5(c)(1))

☒ 5. Locate a reference point A on the seat belt buckle. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

☒ 6. Locate a reference point B on the attachment hardware or retractor assembly at the other end of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2))

☒ 7. Does the vehicle user need to take some action to activate the locking feature on the lap belt portion of the seat belt in any forward-facing seat or seat that can be adjusted to forward-facing?

☒ Yes, go to 7.1

☒ No, go to 8

☒ 7.1 Does the vehicle owner's manual include a description in words and/or diagrams describing how to activate the locking feature so that the seat belt assembly can tightly secure a child restraint system and how to deactivate the locking feature to remove the child restraint system. (S7.1.1.5(b))

☒ Yes - Pass

☒ No - Fail

☒ 8. Adjust the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly according to any procedures recommended in the vehicle owner's manual to activate any locking feature so that the webbing between points A and B is at the maximum length allowed by the belt system. (S7.1.1.5(c)(2) & S7.1.1.5(c)(1))
9. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing for the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly.  
(S7.1.1.5(c)(2))
Measured distance between A and B (inches): 66

10. Re-adjust the belt system so that the webbing between points A and B is at any length that is 5 inches or more shorter than the maximum length of the webbing.  
(S7.1.1.6(c)(3))

11. To the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply a preload of 10 pounds using the webbing tension pull device in Figure 5. Apply the load in a vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal axis of the vehicle and passing through the seating reference point of the designated seating position. Apply the preload in a horizontal direction toward the front of the vehicle with a force application angle of not less than 5 degrees nor more than 15 degrees above the horizontal.  
(S7.1.1.5(c)(4))
Measured force application angle (spec: 5-15 degrees): 15

12. Measure the length between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing while the preload is being applied.  
(S7.1.1.5(c)(4))
Measured distance between A and B (inches): 32 3/4

13. Increase the load to 50 pounds at a rate of no more than 50 pounds per second. Attain the load in not more than 5 seconds. (If webbing sensitive emergency locking retractors are installed as part of the lap belt or lap belt portion of the seat belt assembly, apply the load at a rate less than the threshold value for lock-up specified by the manufacturer.) Maintain the load for at least 5 seconds. Measure and record the distance between points A and B along the longitudinal centerline of the webbing. 
(S7.1.1.6(c)(5))
Record onset rate (lb/sec) (spec: 10 to 50 lb/sec) (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 10
Measured distance between A and B (inches) (S7.1.1.5(c)(5)): 33 3/8

14. Subtract the measurement in 12 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 2 inches or less?  
(S7.1.1.5(c)(7))
X 13 - 12 = 5/8
Yes – Pass
No – Fail

15. Subtract the measurement in 9 from the measurement in 13. Is the difference 3 inches or more?  
(S7.1.1.5(c)(9))
X 9 - 13 = 32 5/8
Yes – Pass
No – Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04

Figure 6. - Webbing Tension Pull Device
DATA SHEET II
FMVSS 208 SEAT BELT WARNING SYSTEM CHECK (S7.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
Test Technician: Wayne DeHike

1. The occupant is in the driver’s seat.
2. The seat belt is in the stowed position.
3. The key is in the “on” or “start” position.
4. The time duration of the audible signal beginning with key “on” or “start” is
   Seconds: 6.0
5. The occupant is in the driver’s seat.
6. The seat belt is in the stowed position.
7. The key is in the “on” or “start” position.
8. The time duration of the warning light beginning with key “on” or “start” is
   Seconds: Stays On
9. The occupant is in the driver’s seat.
10. The seat belt is in the latched position and with at least 4 inches of belt webbing extended.
11. The key is in the “on” or “start” position.
12. The time duration of the audible signal beginning with key “on” or “start” is
   Seconds: 0.0
13. The occupant is in the driver’s seat.
14. The seat belt is in the latched position and with at least 4 inches of belt webbing extended.
15. The key is in the “on” or “start” position.
16. The time duration of the warning light beginning with key “on” or “start” is
   Seconds: 7.0
17. Complete the following table with the data from 4, 5, 12, and 16 to determine which option is used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S7.3 (a)(1)</th>
<th>Belt latched &amp; key on or start</th>
<th>Item 16: 7.0</th>
<th>Item 12: 0.0</th>
<th>0 seconds**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belt stowed &amp; key on or start</td>
<td>Item 8: Stays On</td>
<td>60 seconds minimum</td>
<td>Item 4: 0.0</td>
<td>4 to 8 seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S7.3 (a)(2)</td>
<td>Belt latched &amp; key on or start</td>
<td>Item 16: 7.0</td>
<td>Item 12: 0.0</td>
<td>0 seconds**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belt stowed &amp; key on or start</td>
<td>Item 8: Stays On</td>
<td>4 to 8 seconds</td>
<td>Item 4: 0.0</td>
<td>4 to 8 seconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* 49 USCS @ 30124 does NOT allow an audible signal to operate for more than 8 seconds.
** 0 seconds means the light or audible signal are NOT permitted to operate under these conditions.

See 7/12/00 interpretation to Patrick Raiber of Hogan and Kramon
18. The seat belt warning system meets the requirements of (manufacturers may comply with either section)

   - S7.3 (a)(1)  
   - S7.3 (a)(2)  

   FAIL – does not meet the requirements of either option

19. Note wording of visual warning: (S7.3(a)(1) and S7.3(a)(2))

   - Fasten seat belts
   - Fasten belts
   - Symbol 101

   FAIL – does not used any of the above wording or symbol

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]  
Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 10
BELT CONTACT FORCE (S6.4.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Date: 1/15/04

Test all Type 2 seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front  
outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable  
seat belt.

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Left Front Driver

1. Does the vehicle incorporate a webbing tension-relieving device?  
   - Yes, this form is complete  
   - No, continue with this check sheet

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest,  
   retracted or dilled adjustment position. (S6.1.3)
   - N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are  
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are  
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this  
   adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to  
   the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft  
   seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a  
   part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward  
   one detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position.  
   For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions.  
   Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if  
   there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-  
   point), and R for full rearward.
   - N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the  
    full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position for this test.  
    (S6.1.2)
Mid position
If there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of
the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat:

11. If seat adjustments other than fore-aft are present and the horizontal reference line is no
longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as
possible to the horizontal. (S16.2.10.3.2.1)

N/A, no adjustments

Reference line angle as tested: Zero

12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding
position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer.
(S4.5.4.1 (b) and S6.1.3)

N/A, no seat back angle adjustment

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5

Tested seat back angle: 23.5

13. Position the test dummies according to dummy position placement instructions in
Appendix F.

14. Fasten the seat belt latch.

15. Pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing,
whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to
return to the dummy's chest.

16. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the
midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point pull the belt webbing cut 3 inches
from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest.
(S10.8) Using a force measuring gage with a full scale range of no more than 1.5
pounds, measure the contact force perpendicular to the dummy's chest exerted by the
belt webbing.

Contact Force (lb): 0.6

0.0 to 0.7 pounds – Pass
Greater than 0.7 pounds - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 10
BELT CONTACT FORCE (S7.4.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  Test Date: 1/15/04
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike

Test all Type 2 seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front
outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable
seat belt.

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Right Front Passenger

1. Does the vehicle incorporate a webbing tension-relieving device?
   - X Yes, this form is complete
   - X No, continue with this check sheet

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest,
   retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S8.1.3)
   - X N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - X N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - X N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this
   adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - X N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - X N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment
   to the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - X N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft
   seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a
   part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward
   one dent at a time and mark each dent as was done for the full rearward position.
   For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions.
   Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (If
   there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-
   point), and R for full rearward.
   - X N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the
    full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position for this test.
    (S8.1.2)
11. If seat adjustments other than fore-aft are present and the horizontal reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal. (S19.2.10.3.2.1)

12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1 (b) and S6.1.3)

13. Position the test dummies according to dummy position placement instructions in Appendix F.

14. Fasten the seat belt latch.

15. Pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing, whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to return to the dummy's chest.

16. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point pull the belt webbing out 3 inches from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest. (S10.8) Using a force measuring gage with a full scale range of no more than 1.5 pounds, measure the contact force perpendicular to the dummy's chest exerted by the belt webbing.

Contact Force (lb): 0.6

0.0 to 0.7 pounds - Pass
Greater than 0.7 pounds - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 10
BELT CONTACT FORCE (S7.4.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Program: FMVSS 209 Compliance  
Test Date: 1/15/04  
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

Test all Type 2 seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Left Rear Passenger

1. Does the vehicle incorporate a webbing tension-relieving device?
   [X] No, continue with this check sheet

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S8.1.3)
   [X] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   [X] N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   [X] N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   [X] N/A, no Independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   [X] N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint), and R for full rearward.
   [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position for this test. (S8.1.2)
□ Mid position
If there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat: Not adjustable

X 11. If seat adjustments other than fore-aft are present and the horizontal reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal. (S10.2.10.3.2.1)

X N/A, no adjustments
Reference line angle as tested: N/A

X 12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1(b) and S3.1.3)
X N/A, no seat back angle adjustment
Manufacturer's design seat back angle:
Tested seat back angle:

X 13. Position the test dummies according to dummy position placement instructions in Appendix F.

X X 14. Fasten the seat belt latch.

X 15. Pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing, whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to return to the dummy's chest.

X 16. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point pull the belt webbing out 3 inches from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest. (S10.8) Using a force measuring gage with a full scale range of no more than 1.5 pounds, measure the contact force perpendicular to the dummy's chest exerted by the belt webbing.

X Contact Force (lb): 0.6
X 0.0 to 0.7 pounds – Pass
□ Greater than 0.7 pounds - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]
Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 18
BELT CONTACT FORCE (S7.4.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 209 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

Test all Type 2 seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

DESEIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Center Rear Passenger

1. Does the vehicle incorporate a webbing tension-relieving device?
   - [ ] Yes, this form is complete
   - [X] No, continue with this checklist

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S8.1.3)
   - [X] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [X] N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [X] N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one dentat at a time and mark each dentat as was done for the full rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint), and R for full rearward.

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position for this test. (S8.1.2)
11. N/A, no adjustments
   Reference line angle as tested: N/A

12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1(b) and S8.1.3)
   N/A, no seat back angle adjustment

13. Position the test dummies according to dummy position placement instructions in Appendix F.

14. Fasten the seat belt latch.

15. Pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing, whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to return to the dummy's chest.

16. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point pull the belt webbing out 3 inches from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest. (S10.8) Using a force measuring gage with a full scale range of no more than 1.5 pounds, measure the contact force perpendicular to the dummy's chest exerted by the belt webbing.
   Contact Force (lb): 0.5
   0.0 to 0.7 pounds - Pass
   Greater than 0.7 pounds - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]
Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 10

BELT CONTACT FORCE (ST.4.3)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  Test Date: 1/15/04
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

Test all Type 2 seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

| DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Right Rear Passenger |
|________________________________________________|

1. Does the vehicle incorporate a webbing tension-relieving device?
   - [ ] Yes, this form is complete
   - [x] No, continue with this check sheet

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S6.1.3)
   - [x] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [x] N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [x] N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.
   - [x] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint), and R for full rearward.
10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the full rearward position and then place the seat in the middle fore-aft position for this test. (S6.1.2)
☐ Mid position
If there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat: Not adjustable

☐ 11. If seat adjustments other than fore-aft are present and the horizontal reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal. (S16.2.10.3.2.1)

☒ N/A, no adjustments
Reference line angle as tested: N/A

☒ 12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.3.5.4.1 (a) and S8.1.3)

☒ N/A, no seat back angle adjustment
Manufacturer's design seat back angle:
Tested seat back angle:

13. Position the test dummies according to dummy position placement instructions in Appendix F.

☒ 14. Fasten the seat belt latch.

☒ 15. Pull either 12 inches of belt webbing or the maximum available amount of belt webbing, whichever is less, from the retractor and then release it, allowing the belt webbing to return to the dummy's chest.

☒ 16. Locate the point where the centerline of the upper torso belt webbing crosses the midsagittal line on the dummy's chest. At that point pull the belt webbing out 3 inches from the dummy's chest and release until it is within one inch from the dummy's chest. (S16.8) Using a force measuring gage with a full scale range of no more than 1.5 pounds, measure the contact force perpendicular to the dummy's chest exerted by the belt webbing.

☒ Contact Force (lbs): 0.6

☒ 0.0 to 0.7 pounds – Pass
☐ Greater than 0.7 pounds - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature:  

Date:  1/15/04
Test all front outboard seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

**DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION:** Left Front Driver

1. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflected adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [x] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

2. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [x] N/A, no additional support adjustment

3. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, no Independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

4. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

5. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

6. If the seat height is adjustable, put it in the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [x] N/A, no seat height adjustment

7. Draw a horizontal reference line on the side of the seat cushion.

8. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one dent at a time and mark each dent as was done for the full rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for full rearward.
   - [x] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the full rearward position and then place the seat in the forward most fore-aft position for this test. (S10.7)
   - [x] N/A, no adjustments

10. If seat adjustments, other than fore-aft, are present and the horizontal reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal.
   - [x] N/A, no adjustments
11. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1 (b) and S8.1.3)

   N/A, no seat back angle adjustment

   Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5

   Tested seat back angle: 23.5

12. Position the test dummy using the procedures in Appendix A. (Some modifications to the positioning procedure may need to be made because the seat is in its forward most position. Note on the Appendix A positioning check sheet any deviations necessary to position the Part 572, Subpart E dummy.) Include the positioning check sheet with this form.

13. Position the adjustable seat belt anchorage in the manufacturer's nominal design position for a 50th percentile adult male occupant.

14. Attach the inboard reach string to the base of the head following the instructions on Figure 3.

15. Attach the outboard reach string to the torso sheath following the instructions on Figure 3.

16. Place the latch plate in the stowed position.

17. Extend inboard reach string in front of the dummy and then backward and outboard to the latch plate to generate an arc of the reach envelope of the test dummy's arms. Is the latch plate within the reach envelope?

   Yes – Pass
   No

18. Extend outboard reach string in front of the dummy and then backward and outboard to the latch plate to generate an arc of the reach envelope of the test dummy's arms. Is the latch plate within the reach envelope?

   Yes – Pass
   No

19. Is the latch plate within the inboard (Item 17) or outboard (Item 18) reach envelope?

   Yes – Pass
   No – Fail

20. Using the clearance test block, specified in Figure 4, is there sufficient clearance between the vehicle seat and the side of vehicle interior to allow the test block to move unhindered to the latch plate or buckle?

   Yes – Pass
   No – Fail
Attach the Inboard Reach Swing (19 1/2" long) at the base of the head on centerline.

Rear view 50th %ile dummy, seated in forwardmost seat adjustment position.

Attach the Outboard Reach Swing (26" long) at this point on the torso sheath.

A—Using flexible tape measure 9" from back centerline 10-1/2" from front centerline to find anchor point below arm pit on torso sheath.

Seat Plane is 80° to the Torso Line

Figure 3. Location of Anchoring Points for Latchplate Reach Limiting Chains or Strings to Test for Latchplate Accessibility Using Subpart E Test Device
Figure 4—USE OF CLEARANCE TEST BLOCK TO DETERMINE HAND/ARM ACCESS

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 11
LATCH PLATE ACCESS (S7.4.4)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahle
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

Test all front outboard seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front
outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable
seat belt.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION:</th>
<th>Right Front Passenger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar support so that the lumbar support is in its lowest,
   retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S1.3)

2. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)

3. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment
to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)

4. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the
   full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)

5. Put the seat in its full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)

6. If the seat height is adjustable, put it in the full down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)

7. N/A, no seat height adjustment

8. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft
   seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a
   part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one
detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position. For
   power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three
   of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid
   position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for full
   rearward.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the
   full rearward position and then place the seat in the forward most fore-aft position for this
   test. (S10.7)

10. If seat adjustments, other than fore-aft, are present and the horizontal reference line is
    no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as
    possible to the horizontal.

   N/A, no adjustments
11. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1 (b) and S8.1.3)

☐ N/A, no seat back angle adjustment

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5

 Tested seat back angle: 23.5

12. Position the test dummy using the procedures in Appendix A. (Some modifications to the positioning procedure may need to be made because the seat is in its forwardmost position. Note on the Appendix A positioning check sheet any deviations necessary to position the Part 572, Subpart E dummy.) Include the positioning check sheet with this form.

13. Position the adjustable seat belt anchorage in the manufacturer's nominal design position for a 50th percentile adult male occupant.

14. Attach the inboard reach string to the base of the head following the instructions on Figure 3.

15. Attach the outboard reach string to the torso sheath following the instructions on Figure 3.

16. Place the latch plate in the stowed position.

17. Extend inboard reach string in front of the dummy and then backward and outboard to the latch plate to generate an arc of the reach envelope of the test dummy's arms. Is the latch plate within the reach envelope?

☐ Yes — Pass

☐ No

18. Extend outboard reach string in front of the dummy and then backward and outboard to the latch plate to generate an arc of the reach envelope of the test dummy's arms. Is the latch plate within the reach envelope?

☐ Yes — Pass

☐ No

19. Is the latch plate within the inboard (Item 17) or outboard (Item 18) reach envelope?

☐ Yes — Pass

☐ No — Fail

20. Using the clearance test block, specified in Figure 4, is there sufficient clearance between the vehicle seat and the side of vehicle interior to allow the test block to move unhindered to the latch plate or buckle?

☐ Yes — Pass

☐ No — Fail
Figure 3. Location of Anchoring Points for Latchplate Reach Limiting Chains or Strings to Test for Latchplate Accessibility Using Subpart E Test Device
Figure 4—USE OF CLEARANCE TEST BLOCK TO DETERMINE HAND/ARM ACCESS

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature:  Wayne [Signature]

Date:  1/15/04
DATA SHEET 12

SEAT BELT RETRACTION (S7.4.5)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

Test all front outboard seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION</th>
<th>Left Front Driver</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GVWR</td>
<td>2427 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Is the vehicle a passenger car or walk-in van-type vehicle?
   - [X] Yes, this form is complete
   - [X] No

2. Position the seat’s adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S8.1.3)
   - [X] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)
   - [X] N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the fully rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the fully down position. (S16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its fully rearward position.
   - [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

7. If the seat height is adjustable, put it in the fully down position. (S8.1.2)
   - [X] N/A, no seat adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the fully rearward position. For power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and fully forward positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (If there is no mid position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for full rearward.
   - [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the middle fore-aft position. (S8.1.2)
    - [X] N/A, if there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat.
11. If seat adjustments, other than fore-aft, are present and the reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal. (S18.2.10.3.2)
   - N/A — no seat adjustment
   - Reference angle as tested: Zero

12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer’s nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S8.1.3)
   - N/A — no seat back angle adjustment
   - Manufacturer’s specified seat back angle: 23.5
   - Tested seat back angle: 23.5

13. If adjustable, set the head restraint at the full up and full forward position. (S8.1.3) Any adjustment of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible.
   - N/A — no head restraint adjustment

14. Place any adjustable seat belt anchorages at the vehicle manufacturer’s nominal design position for a 50th percentile adult male occupant (S8.1.3)
   - N/A — no adjustable upper seat belt anchorage
   - Manufacturer’s specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
   - Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

15. Is the driver seat a bucket seat?
   - Yes, go to 16.1 and skip 16.2.
   - No, go to 16.2 and skip 16.1

15.1 Bucket seats - Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the longitudinal centerline of the seat. The longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion is determined at the widest part of the seat cushion. Measure perpendicular to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle.
   - Record the width of the seat: 520 mm
   - Record the distance from the edge of the seat to Plane B: 260 mm

15.2 Bench seats (including split bench seats):
   - Driver seat: Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the center of the steering wheel parallel to the vehicle longitudinal centerline.
   - Passenger seat: Locate and mark a vertical longitudinal Plane B on the seat that is the same distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle as the center of the steering wheel.

Distance from the vehicle centerline to the center of the steering wheel:
   - Distance from the vehicle centerline to Plane B:

16. Stow outboard armrests that are capable of being stowed. (S7.4.5)

17. Remove the arms of a Subpart E dummy and place it in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is coincident with Plane B and the upper torso rests against the seat back. (S10.4.1.1 & S10.4.1.2)

18. Rest the thigh on the seat cushion
19. Position the H-point of the dummy within 0.5 inch of the vertical dimension and 0.5 inch of the horizontal dimension of a point 0.25 inch below the H-point determined by using the equipment and procedures specified in SAE J326 (APR 1980). (S10.4.2.1) Then measure the pelvic angle with respect to the horizontal using the pelvic angle gauge. Adjust the dummy position until these three measurements are within the specifications. (S10.4.2.1 and S10.4.2.2)

- Horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- Vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- Pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)
- Vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- Pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)

20. Set the distance between the outboard knee clevis flange surfaces at 10.6 inches. Measured distance (10.6 inches) (S10.5): 10.6

21. To the extent practicable keep the thighs and the legs in a vertical plane (S10.5) and rest the thighs on the seat cushion while resting the feet on the floorpan or toe board.

22. Fasten the seat belt around the dummy.

23. Remove all slack from the lap belt portion. (S10.9)

24. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract; repeat this four times. (S10.9)

25. Apply a 2 to 4 pound tension load to the lap belt. (S10.9)

- Pound load applied: 3

26. Is the belt system equipped with a tension relieving device?

- Yes, continue
- No, go to 27

26.1 Introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the vehicle manufacturer in the vehicle owner's manual. (S10.9). Go to 25.

27. Check the statement that applies to this test vehicle:

27.1 Check the statement that applies to this test vehicle:
The torso and lap belt webbing of the seat belt system automatically retracts to a stowed position when the adjacent vehicle door is in an open position and the seat belt latch plate is released.

- Pass

27.2 The torso and lap belt webbing of the seat belt system automatically retracts when the seat belt latch plate is released.

- Pass

27.3 Neither A or B apply

- Fail

28. With the webbing and hardware in the stowed position are the webbing and hardware prevented from being pinched when the door is closed?

- Yes – Pass
- No – Fail
29. If this test vehicle has an open body (without doors) and has a belt system with a tension-relieving device, does the belt system fully retract when the tension-relieving device is deactivated?

[X] N/A
[ ] Yes - Pass
[ ] No - Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [signature]
Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 12
SEAT BELT RETRACTION (§7.4.8)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 205 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahike

Test all front outboard seat belts other than those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front
outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable
seat belt.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION:</th>
<th>Right Front Passenger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GVWR:</td>
<td>2427 kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Is the vehicle a passenger car or walk-in van-type vehicle?
   - [X] No

2. Position the seat’s adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest,
   retracted or deflated adjustment position. (§8.1.3)
   - [X] N/A, no lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are
   in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (§16.2.10.2)
   - [X] N/A, no additional support adjustment

4. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment
to the full rearward position. (§16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat cushion height adjusts independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the
   full down position. (§16.2.10.3.1)
   - [X] N/A, no independent seat cushion height adjustment

6. Put the seat in its full rearward position.

7. If the seat height is adjustable, put it in the full down position. (§8.1.2)
   - [X] N/A, no seat adjustment

8. Draw a horizontal line on the side of the seat cushion.

9. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark the fore-aft
   seat positions. Mark the side of the seat and a reference position directly below on a
   part of the vehicle that does not adjust. For manual seats, move the seat forward one
detent at a time and mark each detent as was done for the full rearward position. For
   power seats, mark only the full rearward, middle, and full forward positions. Label three
   of the positions with the following: F for full forward, M for mid-position (if there is no mid
   position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for full
   rearward.
   - [X] N/A, the seat does not have a fore-aft adjustment

10. Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the
    middle fore-aft position. (§8.1.2)
    - [NA] If there is no mid position, put the seat in the closest adjustment position to the rear of
          the midpoint. Describe the location of the seat.
11. If seat adjustments, other than fore-aft, are present and the reference line is no longer horizontal, use those adjustments to maintain the reference line as closely as possible to the horizontal. (S16.2.10.3.2)

X N/A – no seat adjustment

Reference angle as tested: Zero

X

12. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S8.1.3)

X N/A – no seat back angle adjustment

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5

X

13. If adjustable, set the head restraint at the full up and full forward position. (S8.1.3) Any adjustment of the head restraint shall be used to position it fully forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible.

X N/A – no head restraint adjustment

14. Place any adjustable seat belt anchorages at the vehicle manufacturer's nominal design position for a 50th percentile adult male occupant (S8.1.3)

X N/A – no adjustable upper seat belt anchorage

Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down

X

15. Is the driver seat a bucket seat?

X Yes, go to 15.1 and skip 15.2.

X No, go to 15.2 and skip 15.1

15.1 Bucket seats - Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the longitudinal centerline of the seat. The longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion is determined at the widest part of the seat cushion. Measure perpendicular to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle.

X

Record the width of the seat: 520 mm

X

Record the distance from the edge of the seat to Plane B: 260 mm

15.2 Bench seats (including split bench seats):

X Driver seat: Locate and mark a vertical Plane B through the center of the steering wheel, parallel to the vehicle longitudinal centerline.

X Passenger seat: Locate and mark a vertical longitudinal Plane B on the seat that is the same distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle as the center of the steering wheel.

Distance from the vehicle centerline to the center of the steering wheel:

Distance from the vehicle centerline to Plane B:

16. Slow outboard emrness that are capable of being stowed. (S7.4.5)

X

17. Remove the arms of a Subpart E dummy and place it in the seat such that the mid sagittal plane is coincident with Plane B and the upper torso rests against the seat back. (S10.4.1.1 & S10.4.1.2)

X

18. Rest the thighs on the seat cushion
19. Position the H-point of the dummy within 0.5 inch of the vertical dimension and 0.5 inch of the horizontal dimension of a point 0.25 inch below the H-point determined by using the equipment and procedures specified in SAE J626 (APR 1980). (S10.4.2.1) Then measure the pelvic angle with respect to the horizontal using the pelvic angle gage. Adjust the dummy position until these three measurements are within the specifications. (S10.4.2.1 and S10.4.2.2)

   - Horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
   - Vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
   - Pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.1)
   - Vertical Inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
   - Pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)

20. Set the distance between the outboard knee clevis flange surfaces at 10.6 inches.

21. To the extent practicable keep the thighs and the legs in a vertical plane (S10.5) and rest the thighs on the seat cushion while resting the feet on the floorpan or toe board.

22. Fasten the seat belt around the dummy.

23. Remove all slack from the lap belt portion. (S10.9)

24. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract; repeat this four times. (S10.9)

25. Apply a 2 to 4 pound tension load to the lap belt. (S10.9)

26. Is the belt system equipped with a tension relieving device?

   - Yes, continue
   - No, go to 27

26.1 Introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the vehicle manufacturer in the vehicle owner's manual. (S10.9). Go to 5.

27. Check the statement that applies to this test vehicle:

   - Check the statement that applies to this test vehicle:
     - The torso and lap belt webbing of the seatbelt system automatically retracts to a stowed position when the adjacent vehicle door is in an open position and the seat belt latch plate is released.

   - Pass

   - 27.2 The torso and lap belt webbing of the seatbelt system automatically retracts when the seat belt latch plate is released.

   - Pass

   - 27.3 Neither A or B apply

   - Fall

28. With the webbing and hardware in the stowed position are the webbing and hardware prevented from being pinched when the door is closed?

   - Yes - Pass
   - No - Fall
If this test vehicle has an open body (without doors) and has a belt system with a tension-relieving device, does the belt system fully retract when the tension-relieving device is deactivated?

- N/A
- Yes – Pass
- No – Fail

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: W. Zuckler  

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 13
SEAT BELT GUIDES AND HARDWARE (S7.4.8)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 1/15/04

Test seat belts except those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Left Front Driver

1. Is the seat cushion movable so that the seat back serves a function other than seating? (S7.4.6.1(b))
   - Yes, this form is complete
   - X No, go to 2

2. Is the seat removable? (S7.4.6.1(b))
   - Yes, this form is complete
   - X No, go to 3

3. Is the seat movable so that the space formerly occupied by the seat can be used for a secondary function? (S7.4.6.1(b))
   - Yes, this form is complete
   - X No, go to 4

4. Is the webbing designed to pass through the seat cushion or between the seat cushion and seat back? (S7.4.6.1(a))
   - Yes, go to 5
   - X No, this form is complete

5. Does one of the following three parts, the seat belt latch plate, the buckle, or the seat belt webbing, stay on top of or above the seat cushion under normal conditions (i.e., conditions other than when belt hardware is intentionally pushed behind the seat by a vehicle occupant)? (S7.4.6.1(a))
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail
   Identify the part(s) on top or above the seat:
   - Seat belt latch plate
   - Buckle
   - Seat belt webbing

6. Are the remaining two seat belt parts accessible under normal conditions?
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

7. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the belt is completely retracted or, if the belt is nonretractable, the belt is unatched. (S7.4.6.2)
8. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the seat is moved to any position to which it is designed to be adjusted. (§7.4.6.2)
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

9. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the seat back, if foldable, is folded forward as far as possible and then moved backward into position. (§7.4.6.2)
   - Yes – Pass
   - No – Fail

10. Is the inboard receptacle end of the seat belt assembly, installed in the front outboard designated seating position, accessible with the center armrest in any position to which it can be adjusted (without moving the armrest)? (§7.4.6.2)
    - Yes – Pass
    - No – Fail
    - N/A – Rear seat

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: 

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 13
SEAT BELT GUIDES AND HARDWARE (S7.4.6)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance  Test Date: 1/15/04
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke

Test seat belts except those in walk-in van-type vehicles and those at front outboard designated seating positions in passenger cars. Complete a form for each applicable seat belt.

DESIGNATED SEATING POSITION: Right Front Passenger

☐ 1. Is the seat cushion movable so that the seat back serves a function other than seating? (S7.4.6.1 (b))
   ☑ Yes, this form is complete
   ☑ No, go to 2

☐ 2. Is the seat removable? (S7.4.6.1(b))
   ☑ Yes, this form is complete
   ☑ No, go to 3

☐ 3. Is the seat movable so that the space formerly occupied by the seat can be used for a secondary function? (S7.4.6.1(b))
   ☑ Yes, this form is complete
   ☑ No, go to 4

☐ 4. Is the webbing designed to pass through the seat cushion or between the seat cushion and seat back? (S7.4.6.1(a))
   ☑ Yes, go to 5
   ☑ No, this form is complete

☐ 5. Does one of the following three parts, the seat belt latch plate, the buckle, or the seat belt webbing, stay on top of or above the seat cushion under normal conditions (i.e., conditions other than when belt hardware is intentionally pushed behind the seat by a vehicle occupant)? (S7.4.6.1(e))
   ☑ Yes – Pass
   ☑ No – Fail
   Identify the part(s) on top or above the seat.
   ☐ Seat belt latch plate
   ☐ Buckle
   ☐ Seat belt webbing

☐ 6. Are the remaining two seat belt parts accessible under normal conditions?
   ☑ Yes – Pass
   ☑ No – Fail

☐ 7. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the belt is completely retracted or, if the belt is nonretractable, the belt is unlatched. (S7.4.6.2)
   ☑ Yes – Pass
   ☑ No – Fail
8. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the seat is moved to any position to which it is designed to be adjusted. (S7.4.6.2)
   Yes – Pass
   No – Fail

9. The buckle and latch plate do not pass through the guides or conduits provided and fall behind the seat when the seat back, if foldable, is folded forward as far as possible and then moved backward into position. (S7.4.6.2)
   Yes – Pass
   No – Fail

10. Is the inboard receptacle end of the seat belt assembly, installed in the front outboard designated seating position, accessible with the center armrest in any position to which it can be adjusted (without moving the armrest)? (S7.4.6.2)
    Yes – Pass
    No – Fail
    N/A – Rear seat

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 1/15/04
DATA SHEET 14
MARKING OF REFERENCE POINTS FOR VARIOUS TEST POSITIONS AND POINTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Eric Peachman
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

1. Driver Designated Seating Position:

X 1.1 Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment positions. (S16.2.10.1)

X N/A – No lumbar adjustment

X 1.2 Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position (S16.2.10.2)

X N/A – No additional support adjustment

X 1.3 Mark a point (seat cushion reference point) on the side of the seat cushion that is between 150 mm and 250 mm from the front edge of the seat cushion.

X 1.4 Draw a line (seat cushion reference line) through the seat cushion reference point.

X 1.5 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position.

X 1.6 If the seat cushion adjusts fore-aft, independent of the seat back, use only the controls that primarily move the seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position (S16.2.10.3)

X N/A – No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

X 1.7 Using any part of any control, other than the parts just used for fore-aft positioning, determine the range of angles of the seat cushion reference line and set the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle.

Maximum Angle: Zero Degrees

Minimum Angle: Zero Degrees

Mid-angle: Zero Degrees

X 1.8 If the seat and/or seat cushion height is adjustable, use any part of any control other than those which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to put the seat cushion reference point in its lowest position with the seat cushion reference line angle at the mid-angle found in 1.7.

X N/A – No seat height adjustment

X 1.9 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, verify the seat is in the rearmost position.

X 1.10 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark for future reference the fore-aft seat positions. Mark each position so that there is a visual indication when the seat is at a particular position. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent. For power seats, mark only the rearmost, middle, and foremost positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for rearmost.

X 1.11 Use only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction to place the seat in the rearmost position.
Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat and/or seat cushion in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.7.

Using only the controls that primarily move the seat and/or seat cushion in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the mid-fore-aft position.

Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.7.

Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the fore-aft position.

Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 1.7.

Visually mark for future reference the seat back angle, if adjustable, at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 60th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer.

N/A – No seat back angle adjustment

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5

Is the seat a bucket seat?

Yes, go to 1.18.1 and skip 1.18.2

No, go to 1.18.2 and skip 1.18.1

1.18.1 Bucket seats:

Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion.

The longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion is determined at the widest part of the seat cushion. Measure perpendicular to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle. (S18.3.1.10)

Record the width of the seat cushion: 620 mm

One half the width of the seat cushion is: 250 mm

Record the distance from the edge of the seat cushion to the seat mark: 260 mm

1.18.2 Bench seats:

Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal line on the seat cushion that marks the longitudinal vertical planes through the centerline of the steering wheel.

2. Passenger Designated Seating Position

Is the seat adjustable independent of the driver seating position?

Yes, go to 2.2

No, go to 2.18

Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment positions (S16.2.10.1, S20.1.9.1, S22.1.7.1)

N/A – No lumbar adjustment

Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2, S20.1.8.2, S22.1.7.2)

N/A – No additional support adjustment

Mark a point (seat cushion reference point) on the side of the seat cushion that is between 150 mm and 250 mm from the front edge of the seat cushion.
2.5  Draw a line (seat cushion reference line) through the seat cushion reference point.

2.6  Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position.

2.7  If the seat cushion adjusts fore-aft, independent of the seat back, use only the controls that primarily move the seat cushion in the fore-aft direction to move the seat cushion reference point to the rearmost position (§16.2.10.3, §23.1.9.3, §22.1.7.3)

N/A – No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment.

2.8  Using any part of the control, other than the parts just used for fore-aft positioning, determine the range of angles of the seat cushion reference line and set the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle.

Maximum Angle: Zero Degrees
Minimum Angle: Zero Degrees
Mid-angle: Zero Degrees

2.9  If the seat and/or seat cushion height is adjustable, use any part of any control other than those which primarily move the seat or seat cushion fore-aft, to put the seat cushion reference point in its lowest position with the seat cushion reference line angle at the mid-range angle.

N/A – No seat height adjustment

2.10 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat and/or seat cushion in the fore-aft direction, verify the seat is in the rearmost position.

2.11 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, mark for future reference the fore-aft seat positions. Mark each position so that there is a visual indication when the seat is at a particular position. For manual seats, move the seat forward one detent at a time and mark each detent. For power seats, mark only the rearmost, middle, and foremost positions. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the closest adjustment position to the rear of the mid-point), and R for rearmost.

2.12 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the rearmost position.

2.13 Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 2.6.

N/A – No seat height adjustment: Go to 2.18

2.14 Using only the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the mid-fore-aft position.

2.15 Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 2.6.

2.16 Using only the controls that change the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the foremost position.

2.17 Using any controls, other than the controls that primarily move the seat in the fore-aft direction, find and visually mark for future reference the maximum, minimum, and middle height of the seat cushion reference point with the seat cushion reference line at the mid-angle determined in 2.6.
2.18 Visually mark for future reference the seat back angle, if adjustable, at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer.

☐ N/A – No seat back angle adjustment
☐ N/A – The seat back angle adjustment is controlled by the setting of the driver seat back angle.

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5
Actual seat back angle: 23.5

2.19 Is the seat a bucket seat?

☐ Yes, go to 2.19.1 and skip 2.19.2
☐ No, go to 2.19.2 and skip 2.19.1

2.19.1 Bucket seats:

☐ Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. (S20.2.1.3, S22.2.1.3) The longitudinal centerline of a bucket seat cushion is determined at the widest part of the seat cushion. Measure perpendicular to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle. (S20.1.10)

Record the width of the seat cushion: 620 mm
One half the width of the seat cushion is: 260 mm

☐ Record the distance from the edge of the seat cushion to the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. (The vertical plane through this longitudinal centerline is Plane B for suppression.) 260 mm

2.19.2 Bench seats:

☐ Locate and mark for future reference the longitudinal centerline of the passenger seat cushion. The longitudinal centerline is the same distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle as the center of the steering wheel. (S20.2.1.3, S22.2.1.3)

☐ Record the distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle to the center of the steering wheel:

☐ Record the distance from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle to the longitudinal centerline of the seat cushion. (The vertical plane through this longitudinal centerline is Plane B for suppression.)

3. Head Restraints

☐ N/A, vehicle contains automatic head restraints
☐ N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment

3.1 Left outboard

3.1.1 Adjust the head restraint to its lowest position. (S16.3.4.2)

3.1.2 Any adjustment of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible. Mark the foremost position.

3.1.3 Measure the vertical distance from the top most point of the head restraint to the bottom most point. Locate and mark a horizontal plane through the midpoint of this distance.

Vertical height of head restraint (mm):
Mid-point height (mm):

3.2 Right outboard

3.2.1 Adjust the head restraint to its lowest position. (S16.3.4.2)

3.2.2 Any adjustment of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible. Mark the foremost position.
3.2.3 Measure the vertical distance from the top most point of the head restraint to the bottom most point. Locate and mark a horizontal plane through the midpoint of this distance.

Vertical height of head restraint (mm): 100 mm
Mid-point height (mm): 96 mm

4. Steering Wheel

4.1 Is the steering wheel adjustable up and down and/or in and out?

X Yes, go to 4.2

X No, this form is complete

4.2 Find and mark for future reference each up and down position. Label three of the positions with the following: H for highest, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the next lowest adjustment position), and L for lowest.

X N/A, steering wheel is not adjustable up and down

4.3 Find and mark for future reference each in and out position. Label three of the positions with the following: F for foremost, M for mid-position (if there is no mid-position, label the next rearmost adjustment position), and R for rearmost.

X N/A, steering wheel is not adjustable in and out

5. Driver Low Risk Deployment

X N/A, no low risk deployment tests scheduled

5.1 Position the steering wheel so the front wheels are in the straight-ahead position. (S26.2.1)

5.2 Position any adjustable parts of the steering controls to the mid-position as determined in item 3 above. If a mid-position adjustment is not achievable, position the controls to the next lowest detent position. (S26.2.1)

5.3 Locate the vertical plane parallel to the vehicle longitudinal centerline through the geometric center of the opening through which the driver air bag deploys into the occupant compartment. This is referred to as "Plane E." (Check determination method below.) (S26.2.6)

X Plane E determined using manufacturer's information supplied by the COTR. (Found in Appendix D on page D-26) OR

X Plane E determined by test lab personnel and approved by the COTR.

(Include supporting documentation in the test report.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ey (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Plane E&quot; Measurement:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specified:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verify Measured Equals Specified +/- 6mm:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.4 Locate the horizontal plane through the highest point of the air bag module cover. This is referred to as "Plane F." (Check determination method below.) (S26.2.6)

X Plane F determined using manufacturer's information supplied by the COTR. (Found in Appendix D on page D-26) OR

X Plane F determined by test lab personnel and approved by the COTR.

(Include supporting documentation in the test report.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>fz (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Plane F&quot; Measurement:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measured:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Specified:**

Verify Measured Equals Specified +/- 6mm:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Passenger Low Risk Deployment – Planes C and D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>N/A, no low risk deployment tests scheduled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.1** Locate the horizontal plane through the geometric center of the opening through which the right front air bag deploys into the occupant compartment. This is referred to as “Plane C.” (Check location method below) (S224.1.3)

- Plane C located using manufacturer’s information supplied by the COTR. (Include manufacturer’s information in the test report.) OR
- Plane C located by test lab personnel and approved by the COTR. (Include supporting documentation in the test report.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Cz (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measured</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verify Measured Equals Specified +/- 6mm:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.2** Locate the vertical plane parallel to the vehicle longitudinal centerline through the geometric center of the opening through which the right front air bag deploys into the occupant compartment. This is referred to as “Plane D.” (Check determination method below) (S224.1.2)

- Plane D determined using manufacturer’s information supplied by the COTR. (Include manufacturer’s information in the test report.) OR
- Plane D determined by test lab personnel and approved by the COTR. (Include supporting documentation in the test report.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Dy (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measured</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verify Measured Equals Specified +/- 6mm:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**6.3** Mark the intersection of Planes C and D on the instrument panel.

**X** 7. 5th Female Dummy

Mark a point on the chin of the dummy 40 mm below the center of the mouth. (Chin Point) (S262.2.8)

**X** 8. 6-Year-Old Dummy

Locate and mark a point on the front of the dummy’s chest jacket on the midsagittal plane which is 139 mm (5.5 in) ± 3 mm (± 0.1 in) along the surface of the skin down from the top of the skin at the neck line. Designate this point as “Point 1.” (S224.1.1)

**X** 9. 3-Year-Old Dummy

Locate and mark a point on the front of the dummy’s chest jacket on the midsagittal plane which is 114 mm (4.5 in) ± 3 mm (± 0.1 in) along the surface of the skin down from the top of the skin at the neck line. Designate this point as “Point 1.” (S224.1.1)

**REMARKS:**

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

**Signature:** __________________________ **Date:** 2/27/04
DATA SHEET 16 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section B  Rear Facing CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>12 Month Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Britax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>Handle With Care 191</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>5-26-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Base: __On__  _Off_  X  N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle:  23.5°
Tested seat back angle:  23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position:  2nd Down
Tested anchorage position:  2nd Down

A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Handle Down</th>
<th>Handle Up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear Facing</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear Facing</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section B  Rear Facing CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>12 Month Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Evenflo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>First Choice 204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>6-20-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Base: [On] [Off] [X] N/A - Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Handle Down</th>
<th>Handle Up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Forward position. (SN513)

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section B Rear Facing CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Child Restraint Name:</td>
<td>Graco</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Child Restraint Model:</td>
<td>Infant 8457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Date of Manufacture:</td>
<td>8-31-2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base:</td>
<td>X_On ___Off ___N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer's design seat back angle:</td>
<td>23.5°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tested seat back angle:</td>
<td>23.5°</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer's specified anchorage position:</td>
<td>2nd Down</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tested anchorage position:</td>
<td>2nd Down</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Handle Down</th>
<th>Handle Up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward 5</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward 6</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward 5</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the defent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section B  Rear Facing CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TJ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>12 Month Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CHILD RESTRAINT NAME: Graco
CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL: Infant 8457
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 8-31-2000

Base: _On  _X_Off  _N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Handle Down</th>
<th>Handle Up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward 4</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward 4</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

NHTSA No.: C40300  TEST DATE: 1-14-04
LABORATORY: MGA  TECHNICIANS: JL/TB
DUMMY TYPE: 12 Month Old  DUMMY SERIAL NO.: 082

CHILD RESTRAINT NAME: Britax
CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL: Roundabout 181
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 7-21-2000

Base: On Off X N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

A blanket was not used in the suppression testing because it did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>No Blanket</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
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</table>

Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was not performed.
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>12 Month Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Century</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>Encore 4612</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>8-18-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Base: _On_ _Off_ _X_ N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: **23.5°**
Tested seat back angle: **23.5°**
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: **2nd Down**
Tested anchorage position: **2nd Down**

A blanket was not used in the suppression testing because it did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

### Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>No Blanket</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>131</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
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<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
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<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Middle position. (SN613)
DATA SHEET 15 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 12-month-old CRABI Dummy (Part 572, Subpart R)
Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>12 Month Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>082</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Eventflo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>Medallion 254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>6-1-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Base: ___On ___Off X N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

A blanket was not used in the suppression testing because it did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>No Blanket</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facing</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Forward position. (SN513)
DATA SHEET 16 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using Newborn Infant Dummy (Part 572, Subpart K)
Section A Car Bed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JLTB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>Newborn Infant</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| CAR BED NAME:    | Cosco          |
| CAR BED MODEL:   | Dream Ride 02-719 |
| DATE OF MANUFACTURE: | 8-16-2000 |

Base: ___On ___Off _X_ N/A-Restraint does not have a removable base
(A car bed with a removable base shall be treated as two separate models, i.e. this form and test procedure will be completed with the base on and then repeated on a new form with the base off.

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

A blanket and visor were not used in the suppression testing because they did not affect the weight sensing system used on the vehicle.

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Handle Down</th>
<th>Handle Up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was not performed.

The CRS would not fit in the Forward Seat Slide position due to interference with the transmission shifter.
The CRS would not fit in the Rearward Seat Slide position due to interference with the center console.
DATA SHEET 17 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 3 Year Old Dummy And Booster Seats (Part 572, Subpart P)
Section D Forward Facing Belt Positioning Booster

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-13-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/IB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>3 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BOOSTER SEAT NAME: Century
BOOSTER SEAT MODEL: Next Step 4920
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 8-10-2000

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>No Blanket</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward 7</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Facing Without Harness</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Facing Without Harness</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Not Performed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>Not Performed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Facing Cinched With Harness</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>Not Performed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Forward position. (SN513)

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 17 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 3 Year Old Dummy And Booster Seats (Part 572, Subpart P)
Section D Forward Facing Toddler Belt Positioning Booster Seat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-13-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JLTB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>3 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOOSTER SEAT NAME:</th>
<th>Cosco</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BOOSTER SEAT MODEL:</td>
<td>High Back Booster 02-442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>4-28-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>No Blanket</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Would Not Fit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Facing</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Without Harness</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Would Not Fit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Facing</td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cinched With Harness</td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)
DATA SHEET 18 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 3 Year Old Dummy And Convertible Restraints (Part 572, Subpart P)
Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

NHTSA No.: C40300 TEST DATE: 1-14-04
LABORATORY: MGA TECHNICIANS: JL/1B
DUMMY TYPE: 3 Year Old DUMMY SERIAL NO.: 031

CHILD RESTRAINT NAME: Britax
CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL: Roundabout 51
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 7-21-2000

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2" Down
Tested anchorage position: 2" Down

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Clinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)
DATA SHEET 18 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 3 Year Old Dummy And Convertible Restraints (Part 572, Subpart P)
Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>3 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Century</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>Encore 4612</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>8-16-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

### Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was not performed.
DATA SHEET 13 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 3 Year Old Dummy And Convertible Restraints (Part 572, Subpart P) Section C Forward Facing Convertible CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-14-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/TB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>3 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILD RESTRAINT NAME:</th>
<th>Eventflo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CHILD RESTRAINT MODEL:</td>
<td>Medallion 254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</td>
<td>6-1-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Summary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Seat Belt</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was not performed.
**DATA SHEET 19 SUMMARY**

Suppression Test Using An Unbelted 3 Year Old Dummy (Part 572, Subpart F)

No CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
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<th>1-13-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/DB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>3 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>031</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Summary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Position</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back against seat back</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back against reclined seat back</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back not against seat back</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat edge, spine vertical, hands at dummy's sides</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standing on seat, facing forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kneeling on seat, facing forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kneeling on seat, facing rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lying on seat. (Three designated seating positions only)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rearward</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Forward position. (SN513)
DATA SHEET 20 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 6 Year Old Dummy And Booster Seats (Part 572, Subpart N)
Section D: Forward Facing Toddler Belt Positioning Booster Seat

NHTSA No.: C40300  TEST DATE:  1-12-04
LABORATORY: MGA  TECHNICIANS: JL/TB
DUMMY TYPE: 6 Year Old  DUMMY SERIAL NO.: 152

BOOSTER SEAT NAME: Century
BOOSTER SEAT MODEL: Next Step 4820
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 8-16-2000

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unbelted</td>
<td>Forward 3</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)

* The CRS would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 20 SUMMARY
Suppression Test Using 6 Year Old Dummy And Booster Seats (Part 572, Subpart N)
Section D Forward Facing Toddler Belt Positioning Booster Seat

NHTSA No.: C40300  TEST DATE: 1-12-04
LABORATORY: MGA  TECHNICIANS: JU/TB
DUMMY TYPE: 6 Year Old  DUMMY SERIAL NO.: 152

BOOSTER SEAT NAME: Cosco
BOOSTER SEAT MODEL: High Back Booster 02-442
DATE OF MANUFACTURE: 4-28-2000

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Forward position. (SN513)
DATA SHEET 20 SUMMARY

Suppression Test Using 6 Year Old Dummy And Booster Seats (Part 572, Subpart N)
Section D: Forward Facing Toddler Belt Positioning Booster Seat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LABORATORY:</th>
<th>TECHNICIANS:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>JLSTB</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DUMMY TYPE:</th>
<th>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>6 Year Old</td>
<td>152</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
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<th>BOOSTER SEAT NAME:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Evenflo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BOOSTER SEAT MODEL:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Right Fit 245</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF MANUFACTURE:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8-26-2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Manufacturer's specified anchorage position: 2nd Down
Tested anchorage position: 2nd Down

**Test Summary**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seat Belt</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Cinch Load (N)</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted</td>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Middle position. (SN513)
# Data Sheet 21 Summary

Suppression Test Using An Unbelted 8 Year Old Dummy (Part 572, Subpart N)
No CRS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>C40300</th>
<th>TEST DATE:</th>
<th>1-13-04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LABORATORY:</td>
<td>MGA</td>
<td>TECHNICIANS:</td>
<td>JL/JB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUMMY TYPE:</td>
<td>8 Year Old</td>
<td>DUMMY SERIAL NO.:</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Test Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Seat Slide</th>
<th>Seat Back Angle</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Position 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back against seat back</td>
<td>Forward 6</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back against reclined seat back</td>
<td>Forward 6</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>48.2</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat edge, spine vertical, hands at dummy's sides</td>
<td>Forward 6</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitting on seat with back against seat back then leaning on the door</td>
<td>Forward 6</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Middle</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rearward</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>Suppressed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Successful Unbelted 5th percentile Female Dummy Reactivation was performed with the seat in the Rearward position. (SN513)

* The Dummy would not fit in this Seat Slide position; but is at the detent indicated in the Seat Slide field (1 = Full Forward; 19 = Full Rearward; 19 detents total Seat Slide travel)
DATA SHEET 27 SUMMARY
Low Risk Deployment Tests Using an Unbelted 5th Percentile Female Dummy (Part 572, Subpart O) (S26)
Position 1 - Chin On Module (S26.2)

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat position: Full Aft

Tested steering wheel angle: 24.3°
Thorax cavity angle: 29.4°
Chin Point height: 15 mm Above Module

Air Bag Deployment Timing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage No.</th>
<th>Firing time (ms)</th>
<th>Recorded firing time (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>45.0</td>
<td>45.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5th Percentile Female SN 484 Position 1 (Chin On Module)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Injury Criteria</th>
<th>Max. Allowable Injury Assessment Values</th>
<th>Measured Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIC15</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nte)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>118.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ntf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>28.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nce)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>169</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ncf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Tension</td>
<td>2070 N</td>
<td>806</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Compression</td>
<td>2520 N</td>
<td>-437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest q</td>
<td>60 g</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest Displacement</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
<td>-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>6805 N</td>
<td>-37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculated on data recorded for 126 ms after the initiation of the final stage of air bag deployment designed to deploy in any full frontal rigid barrier crash up to 26 km/h. (S4.11 (d))
Second stage fire time of 45 ms; injuries calculated on 0 ms to 170 ms.
DATA SHEET 28 SUMMARY
Low Risk Deployment Tests Using an Unbelted 5th Percenttile Female
Dummy (Part 572, Subpart O) (526)
Position 2 - Chin On Rim (S26.3)

NHTSA No.: C40300  TEST DATE: 1-30-04
LABORATORY: MGA  TECHNICIANS: WD/DWBR
DUMMY TYPE: 5th Percentile Female  DUMMY SERIAL NO.: 515

Manufacturer's design seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat back angle: 23.5°
Tested seat position: Full Aft

Tested steering wheel angle: 24.4°
Thorax cavity angle: 30.7°
Chin Point height: 4 mm Below Rim

Air Bag Deployment Timing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage No.</th>
<th>Firing time (ms)</th>
<th>Recorded firing time (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>45.0</td>
<td>45.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5th Percentile Female SN 515 Position 2 (Chin On Rim) 1-30-04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Injury Criteria</th>
<th>Max. Allowable Injury Assessment Values</th>
<th>Measured Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HIC15</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nte)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>17.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ntf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>29.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Nce)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>183.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak Nij (Ncf)</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time (ms)</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>53.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Tension</td>
<td>2070 N</td>
<td>1085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neck Compression</td>
<td>2520 N</td>
<td>-135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest g</td>
<td>80 g</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chest Displacement</td>
<td>52 mm</td>
<td>-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Left Femur</td>
<td>6905 N</td>
<td>-42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Femur</td>
<td>6905 N</td>
<td>-148</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calculated on data recorded for 125 ms after the initiation of the final stage of air bag deployment designed to deploy in any full frontal rigid barrier crash up to 26 km/h. (34.11(d))
Second stage fire time of 45 ms; Injuries calculated on 0 ms to 170 ms

99
DATA SHEET 30
VEHICLE WEIGHT, FUEL TANK, AND ATTITUDE DATA

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Wayne Dahlke
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/7/04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
<td>No – Front Occupants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 kmph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Fill the transmission with transmission fluid to the satisfactory range.
2. Drain fuel from vehicle.
3. Run the engine until fuel remaining in the fuel delivery system is used and the engine stops.
4. Record the usable fuel tank capacity supplied by the COTR.
   Usable Fuel Tank Capacity supplied by COTR: 50 liters (19.5 gallons)
5. Record the fuel tank capacity supplied in the owner's manual.
   Usable Fuel Tank Capacity in owner's manual: 50 liters (19.5 gallons)
6. Using purple dyed Stoddard solvent having the physical and chemical properties of Type 1 solvent or cleaning fluid, Table 1, ASTM Standard D484-71, "Standard Specifications for Hydrocarbon Dry-cleaning Solvents," or gasoline, fill the fuel tank.
   Amount Added: 50 liters (19.5 gallons)
7. Fill the coolant system to capacity.
8. Fill the engine with motor oil to the Max. mark on the dip stick.
9. Fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid to its normal level.
10. Fill the windshield washer reservoir to capacity.
11. Inflate the tires to the tire pressure on the tire placard. If no tire placard is available, inflate the tires to the recommended pressure in the owner's manual.
   Tire placard pressure: RF: 33 psi, LF: 33 psi, RR: 33 psi, LR: 33 psi
   Owner's manual pressure: RF: 35 psi, LF: 35 psi, RR: 35 psi, LR: 35 psi
   Actual inflated pressure: RF: 33 psi, LF: 33 psi, RR: 33 psi, LR: 33 psi

12. Record the vehicle weight at each wheel to determine the unloaded vehicle weight (UVW), i.e. "as delivered" weight.
   Right Front (kg): 440.6
   Right Rear (kg): 410.1
   Left Front (kg): 462.2
   Left Rear (kg): 410.4
   Total Front (kg): 899.0
   Total Rear (kg): 820.5
   % Total Weight: 52.1
   % Total Weight: 47.8
   UVW = TOTAL FRONT PLUS TOTAL REAR (KG): 1720.5

13. UVW Test Vehicle Attitude: (All dimensions in millimeters)
   13.1 Mark a point on the vehicle above the center of each wheel.
   13.2 Place the vehicle on a level surface.
13.3 Measure perpendicular to the level surface to the 4 points marked on the body and record the measurements.

RF: 812  LF: 808  RR: 822  LR: 820

14. Calculate the Rated Cargo and Luggage Weight (RCLW).
14.1 Does the vehicle have the vehicle capacity weight (VCW) on the certification label or the placard?
   - Yes, go to 14.3 Information on sticker in glovebox
   - No, go to 14.2
14.2 VCW = Gross Vehicle Weight – UVW

   VCW = __________ - __________ = __________

14.3 VCW = 521.6 kg (1150 lbs)

14.4 Does the certification or tire placard contain the Designated Seating Capacity (DSC)?
   - Yes, go to 14.6
   - No, go to 14.5 and skip 14.8
14.5 DSC = Total number of seat belt assemblies = ________
14.6 DSC = 5

14.7 RCLW = VCW - (66 kg x DSC) = 521.6 kg - (66 kg x 5) = 181.6 kg

14.8 Is the vehicle certified as a truck, MPV or bus (see the certification label on the door jamb)?
   - Yes, if the calculated RCLW is greater than 136 kg, use 136 kg as the RCLW. (38.1.1)
   - No, use the RCLW calculated in 14.7

15. Fully Loaded Weight (100% fuel fill)
15.1 Place the appropriate test dummy in both front outboard seating positions.
   - Driver: 50th female  50th male
   - Passenger: 50th female  50th male

15.2 Load the vehicle with the RCLW from 14.7 or 14.8 whichever is applicable.
15.3 Place the RCLW in the cargo area. Center the load over the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle. (38.1.1(d))
15.4 Record the vehicle weight at each wheel to determine the Fully Loaded Weight:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Right Front (kg)</th>
<th>463.6</th>
<th>Right Rear (kg)</th>
<th>514.8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left Front (kg)</td>
<td>465.4</td>
<td>Left Rear (kg)</td>
<td>516.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Front (kg)</td>
<td>929.0</td>
<td>Total Rear (kg)</td>
<td>1033.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Total Weight</td>
<td>47.3</td>
<td>% Total Weight</td>
<td>52.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% GVW</td>
<td>51.4</td>
<td>% GVW</td>
<td>58.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fully Loaded Weight = Total Front Plus Total Rear (kg):</td>
<td>1962.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Fully Loaded Test Vehicle Attitude: (All dimensions in millimeters)
16.1 Place the vehicle on a level surface.
16.2 Measure perpendicular to the level surface to the 4 points marked on the body (see 13.1 above) and record the measurements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RF:</th>
<th>LF:</th>
<th>RR:</th>
<th>LR:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>804</td>
<td>790</td>
<td>788</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17. Drain the fuel system

18. Using purple dyed Stoddard solvent having the physical and chemical properties of Type 1 solvent or cleaning fluid, Table 1, ASTM Standard D484-71, "Standard Specifications for Hydrocarbon Dry-cleaning Solvents," fill the fuel tank to 92 - 94 percent of usable capacity.

Fuel tank capacity x .94 = 73.8 liters (19.5 gallons) x .94 = 69.4 liters (18.33 gallons)

Amount added 69.4 liters (18.33 gallons) 94%

19. Crank the engine to fill the fuel delivery system with Stoddard solvent

20. Calculate the test weight range.

20.1 Calculated Weight = UVW (see 12 above) + RCLW (see 14 above) + 2x(dummy weight)

\[ 1059.5 \text{ kg} = 1725.5 \text{ kg} + 136.0 \text{ kg} + 99.0 \text{ kg} \]

20.2 Test Weight Range = Calculated Weight (- 4.5 kg, - 9 kg.)

Max. Test Weight = Calculated Test Weight - 4.5 kg = 1855.0 kg

Min. Test Weight = Calculated Test Weight - 9 kg = 1850.5 kg

21. Remove the RCLW from the cargo area.

22. Drain transmission fluid, engine coolant, motor oil, and windshield washer fluid from the test vehicle so that Stoddard solvent leakage from the fuel system will be evident.

23. Vehicle Components Removed For Weight Reduction:

- Cargo interior, RH rear tail light, hub covers, right rear window glass, and right rear window motor.

24. Secure the equipment and ballast in the load carrying area and distribute it, as nearly as possible, to obtain the proportion of axle weight indicated by the gross axle weight ratings and center it over the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle.

25. If necessary, add ballast to achieve the actual test weight.

26. Ballast, including test equipment, must be contained so that it will not shift during the impact event or interfere with data collection or interfere with high-speed film recordings or affect the structural integrity of the vehicle or do anything else to affect test results. Care must be taken to assure that any attachment hardware added to the vehicle is not in the vicinity of the fuel tank or lines.

27. Record the vehicle weight at each wheel to determine the actual test weight.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Right Front (kg):</th>
<th>459.9</th>
<th>Right Rear (kg):</th>
<th>484.0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left Front (kg):</td>
<td>494.0</td>
<td>Left Rear (kg):</td>
<td>508.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Front (kg):</td>
<td>933.9</td>
<td>Total Rear (kg):</td>
<td>992.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Total Weight:</td>
<td>45.3</td>
<td>% Total Weight:</td>
<td>50.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% GVW</td>
<td>51.4</td>
<td>% GVW</td>
<td>58.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[ \text{(% GVW} = \text{Axle GVW divided by Vehicle GVW)} \]

\[ \text{TOTAL FRONT PLUS TOTAL REAR (kg): 1954.6} \]
28. Is the test weight between the Max. Weight and the Min. Weight (Sec 20.2)?
   X Yes
   [ ] No, explain why not.

29. Test Weight Vehicle Attitude: (all dimensions in millimeters)
   X 29.1 Place the vehicle on a level surface
   X 29.2 Measure perpendicular to the level surface to the 4 points marked on the body (see 13 above) and record the measurements

   RF: 803  LF: 798  RR: 800  LR: 793

30. Summary of test attitude
   X 30.1 AS DELIVERED:

   RF: 812  LF: 808  RR: 822  LR: 820

   AS TESTED:

   RF: 803  LF: 798  RR: 800  LR: 793

   FULLY LOADED:

   RF: 807  LF: 804  RR: 780  LR: 788

30.2 Is the "as tested" test attitude equal to or between the "fully loaded" and "as delivered" attitude?
   X Yes
   [ ] No, explain why not. Mass distribution altered by 50th% Center Rear Passenger

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 2/23/04
DATA SHEET 31

VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATION AND MEASUREMENT

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Clark Subot
NHTSA No.: CA0300
Test Date: 2/27/04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
<td>No – Front Occupants Yes – Center Rear Passenger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 kmph 0 to 48 kmph 0 to 58 kmph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female 50th Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female X 50th Male Cir Rear</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Find the location where the vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle and through the center of the left front outboard seating position intersects the left rear seat cross member. Install an accelerometer at this intersection on the rear seat cross member to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

2. Find the location where the vertical plane parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle and through the center of the right front outboard seating position intersects the right rear seat cross member. Install an accelerometer at this intersection on the rear seat cross member to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

3. Find the location where a vertical plane through the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle and a vertical transverse plane through the center of the two wheels on opposite sides of the engine intersect at the top of the engine. Install an accelerometer at this intersection to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

4. Find the location where a vertical plane through the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle and a vertical transverse plane through the center of the two wheels on opposite sides of the engine intersect the bottom of the engine. Install an accelerometer at this intersection to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

5. Install an accelerometer on the right front brake caliper to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

6. Find the location where a vertical plane through the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle intersects the top of the instrument panel. Install an accelerometer at this intersection to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

7. Install an accelerometer on the left front brake caliper to record x-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

8. Find the location where a vertical plane through the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle intersects the floor of the trunk. Install an accelerometer on the trunk floor at this intersection to record z-direction accelerations. Record the location on the following chart.

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: Clark Subot Date: 2/24/04
Dimensions Corresponding To The Letters "A" Through "K" (Excluding "I") Are Recorded In The Table On The Following Page.
Accelarometers Corresponding To The Numbers 1 Through 8 Are Specified On The Preceding Page.
### DATA SHEET 31
VEHICLE ACCELEROMETER LOCATION AND MEASUREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIMENSION</th>
<th>LENGTH (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRETEST VALUES</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (LH Rear Seat Xnbr)</td>
<td>435</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (RH Rear Seat Xnbr)</td>
<td>431</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (Engine Top)</td>
<td>3410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (Engine Bottom)</td>
<td>3475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E (Caliper)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Side 3405</td>
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<td>J (Right Caliper)</td>
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<td>K (Trunk)</td>
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<tr>
<td>B (RH Rear Seat Xnbr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>C (Engine Top)</td>
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<tr>
<td>D (Engine Bottom)</td>
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<td>E (Caliper)</td>
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</table>
DATA SHEET 32
PHOTOGRAPHIC TARGETS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Clark Subr
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/7/04

IMPACT ANGLE: Zero Degrees
BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO): No – Front Occupants Yes – Center Rear Passenger
TEST SPEED: X 32 to 40 kmph 0 to 48 kmph 0 to 58 kmph
DRIVER DUMMY: X 5th female 50th Male
PASSENGER DUMMY: X 5th female X 50th Male Ctr Rear

1. FMVSS 208 vehicle targeting requirements (See Figures 28A and 28B)
   1.1 Targets A1 and A2 are on flat rectangular panels.
   1.2 Three circular targets at least 90 mm in diameter and with black and yellow quadrants are mounted at the front on the outboard sides of A1 and A2. The center of each circular target is 100 mm from the one next to it.
   1.3 Three circular targets at least 80 mm in diameter and with black and yellow quadrants are mounted at the back on the outboard sides of A1 and A2. The center of each circular target is 100 mm from the one next to it.
   1.4 The distance between the first circular target at the front of A1 and A2 and the last circular target at the back of A1 and A2 is at least 915 mm.
   1.5 Distance between targets (mm): 100 mm
   1.6 Distance between targets (mm): 100 mm
   1.7 Firmly fix target A1 on the vehicle roof is the vertical longitudinal plane that is coincident with the midsagittal plane of the driver dummy.
   1.8 Firmly fix target A2 on the vehicle roof is the vertical longitudinal plane that is coincident with the midsagittal plane of the passenger dummy.
   1.9 Place tape with squares having alternating colors on the top portion of the steering wheel.
   1.10 Chalk the bottom portion of the steering wheel
   1.11 Is this an offset test?
      Yes, continue with this section
      No, go to 2.
   1.12 Measure the width of the vehicle.
      Vehicle width (mm):
1.13 Find the centerline of the vehicle. (¼ of the vehicle width)

1.14 Find the line parallel to the centerline of the vehicle and 0.1 x vehicle width from the centerline of the vehicle.

1.15 Apply 25 mm wide tape with alternating black and yellow squares parallel to and on each side of the line found in 1.14. The edge of each tape shall be 50 mm from the line found in 1.14. The tape shall extend from the bottom of the bumper to the front edge of the windshield. (Figure 26D)

2. Barrier Targeting

2.1 Fix two stationary targets D1 and D2 to the barrier as shown in Figure 26A. One target is in the vertical longitudinal plane that is coincident with the midsagittal plane of the driver dummy. The other is in the vertical longitudinal plane that is coincident with the midsagittal plane of the passenger dummy.

2.2 Targets D1 and D2 are on a rectangular panel.

2.3 Three circular targets at least 90 mm in diameter and with black and yellow quadrants are mounted on the sides of the rectangular panel away from the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle. The center of each circular target is 100 mm from the one next to it.

Distance between circular targets on D1 (mm): 100mm
Distance between circular targets on D2 (mm): 100mm

3. FMVSS 208 Dummy Targeting Requirements

3.1 Place a circular target with black and yellow quadrants on both sides of the driver dummy head as close as possible to the center of gravity of the head in the x and z direction (relative to the measuring directions of the accelerometers).

3.2 Place a circular target with black and yellow quadrants on both sides of the passenger dummy head as close as possible to the center of gravity of the head in the x and z direction (relative to the measuring directions of the accelerometers).

3.3 Place a circular target with black and yellow quadrants on the outboard shoulder of the driver dummy. Place the target as high up on the arm as possible at the intersection of the arm and shoulder. The sleeve of the shirt on the dummy may be cut to make the target visible, but do not remove any material.

3.4 Place a circular target with black and yellow quadrants on the outboard shoulder of the passenger dummy. Place the target as high up on the arm as possible at the intersection of the arm and shoulder. The sleeve of the shirt on the dummy may be cut to make the target visible, but do not remove any material.

4. FMVSS 204 Targeting Requirements

4.1 Is an FMVSS 204 Indicant test ordered on the “CCTR Vehicle Work Order”?

[ ] Yes, continue with this form.
[ X] No, this form is complete. (Removed at manufacturer’s request with COTR approval)

4.2 Reassembly panel (Figure 26C)

4.2.1 The panel deviates no more than 6 mm from perfect flatness when suspended vertically.

4.2.2 The 8 targets on the panel are circular targets at least 90 mm in diameter and with black and yellow quadrants.

4.2.3 The center of each of the 4 outer targets are placed within 1 mm of the corners of a square measuring 914 mm on each side.

4.2.4 Locate another square with 228 mm sides and with the center of this square coincident with the center of the 914 mm square.

4.2.5 The center of the 4 inner targets are placed at the midpoints of each of the 228 mm sides.

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4.3 Place a circular target at least 80 mm in diameter and with black and yellow quadrants on a material (cardboard, metal, etc.) that can be taped to the top of the steering column.

4.4 Tape the target from 4.3 to the top of the steering column in a manner that does not interfere with the movement of the steering column in a crash.

REMARKS: Center Rear Passenger Dummy Target Information:

Horizontal distance from camera to dummy reference targets: 768 mm
Horizontal distance from camera to vehicle reference targets: 1197 mm
Distance between 1" reference targets: 75 mm
Reference targets were placed on inch tape for continuous reference.

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]
Date: 2/27/04
REFERENCE PHOTO TARGETS

CONCRETE BARRIER

MONORAIL

COVERED PHOTO PIT

LEFT SIDE VIEW
RESECTION PANEL TARGETING ALIGNMENT

RESECTION CONTROL POINTS PANEL

STEERING COLUMN TARGET B

REAR VIEW

TEST RUN STEERING COLUMN CAMERA VIEW OF TYPICAL TIME ZERO VEHICLE POSITION

LEFT SIDE VIEW
PRE-RUN STEERING COLUMN HIGH SPEED CAMERA VIEW

LEFT SIDE VIEW
### Data Sheet 33
#### Camera Locations

**Test Vehicle:** 2004 Jeep Liberty  
**Test Program:** FMVSS 208 Compliance  
**NHTSA No.:** C40300  
**Test Date:** 2/27/04  
**Time:** 1:33 pm

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<th>Camera No.</th>
<th>View</th>
<th>Camera Positions (mm)</th>
<th>Lens (mm)</th>
<th>Speed (fps)</th>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Real Time Left Side View</td>
<td>1000 -8000 1590</td>
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<td>1550 -8500 1550</td>
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<td>4510 -5000 2010</td>
<td>50</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>Onboard Rear Passenger View</td>
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*Coordinates:
+X - forward of impact plane
+Y - right of monorail centerline
+Z - above ground level

**No usable film**
DATA SHEET 34

APPENDIX G

DUMMY POSITIONING PROCEDURES
FOR 5TH% DRIVER TEST DUMMY CONFORMING TO SUBPART O OF PART 572

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<th>2004 Jeep Liberty</th>
<th>NHTSA No.:</th>
<th>CA0300</th>
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<td>FMVSS 208 Compliance</td>
<td>Test Date:</td>
<td>2/27/04</td>
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<tr>
<td>Test Technician:</td>
<td>Eric Paschman</td>
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<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
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<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
<td>No - Front Occupants</td>
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<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 kmph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

X.1. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S16.2.10.1)

X N/A - No lumbar adjustment

X.2. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S16.2.10.2)

X N/A - No additional support adjustment

X.3. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S16.2.10.3.1)

X N/A - No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

X.4. Use the seat markings determined during the completion of Data Sheet 14 to set the rearmost fore-aft position, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle. (S16.3.2.1.1)

X.5. If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, place it in the full forward position. (S16.3.2.2.1)

X N/A accelerator pedal not adjustable

X.6. Set the steering wheel hub at the geometric center of the full range of driving positions including any telescoping positions as determined in data sheet 14. (S16.2.9)

X.7. Fully recline the seat back. (S16.3.2.1.2)

X N/A seat back not adjustable.

X.8. Place the dummy in the seat with the legs at an angle of 120 degrees to the thighs. The calves should not be touching the seat cushion. (S16.3.2.1.2)

X.9. Position the dummy in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is coincident with the longitudinal seat cushion markings as determined in item 1.18 of Data Sheet 14 (S16.3.2.1.3 and S16.3.2.1.4)

X.10. Hold down the dummy's thighs and push rearward on the upper torso to maximize the pelvic angle. (S16.3.2.1.5)

X.11. Set the angle between the legs and the thighs to 120 degrees. (S16.3.2.1.6)
X.12. Set the transverse distance between the centers of the front of the knees at 180 to 170 mm. (6.3 to 6.7 inches) Center the knee separation with respect to the longitudinal seat cushion marking as determined in item 1.16 of Data Sheet 14. (S16.3.2.1.8) Record Knee Separation 170 mm.

X.13. Push rearward on the dummy's knees until the pelvis contacts the seat back, or the backs of the calves contact the seat cushion, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.2.1.6)
- Pelvis contacted seat back.
- X Calves contacted seat cushion.

X.14. Gently rock the upper torso ± 5 degrees (approximately 51 mm (2 inches)) side to side three times. (S16.3.2.1.7)

X.15. If needed, extend the legs until the feet do not contact the floor pan. The thighs should be resting on the seat cushion. (S16.3.2.1.8)

X.16. Position the right foot until the foot is in line with a longitudinal vertical plane passing through the center of the accelerator pedal. Maintain the leg and thigh in a vertical plane. (S16.3.2.1.8)

X.17. Rotate the left leg and thigh laterally to equalize the distance between each knee and the longitudinal seat cushion marking as determined in item 1.18 of Data Sheet 14. (S16.3.2.1.8)

X.18. Attempt to return the seat to the foremost fore-aft position, mid-height, and seat cushion mid-angle. The foot may contact and depress the accelerator and/or change the angle of the foot with respect to the leg. (S19.3.2.1.8)
- X Foremost position achieved. Proceed to step 23.
- Foremost not achieved because of foot interference. Proceed to step 20.
- Foremost not achieved because of steering wheel contact.

X.19. If the dummy's legs contact the steering wheel, move the steering wheel up the minimum amount required to avoid contact. If the steering wheel is not adjustable separate the knees the minimum required to avoid contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)
- N/A there was no leg contact
- Steering wheel repositioned
- Knees separated

X.20. If the left foot interferes with the clutch or brake pedals, rotate the left foot about the leg to provide clearance. If this is not sufficient, rotate the thigh outboard at the hip the minimum amount required for clearance. (S16.3.2.1.8)
- N/A No foot interference with pedals.
- Foot adjusted to provide clearance.
- Foot and Thigh adjusted to provide clearance.
21. Continue to move the seat. Use seat controls to line up the seat markings determined during the completion of Data Sheet 14 to set the foremost fore-aft position, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle. If the dummy contacts the interior move the seat rearward until a maximum clearance of 5 mm (0.2 inches) is achieved or the seat is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)

Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5 mm
Measued Clearance

Dummy Contact. Seat set at nearest detent position.
Seat position detent positions rearward of foremost
(Foremost is position zero)

22. If the steering wheel was repositioned in step 19, return the steering wheel to the original position. If the steering wheel contacts the dummy before reaching the original position, position the wheel until a maximum clearance of 5 mm (.2 inches) is achieved, or the steering wheel is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.2.1.8)

N/A Steering wheel was not repositioned.

Original position achieved.

Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5 mm
Measured Clearance

Dummy Contact. Steering wheel set at nearest detent position.
Steering wheel position detent positions upward of original position.
(Original position is position zero)

23. If the seat back is adjustable, rotate the seat back forward while holding the thighs in place. Continue rotating the seat back forward until the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level ± 0.5 degrees. If the head cannot be leveled using the seat back adjustment, or the seat back is not adjustable, use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be achieved, minimize the angle. (S16.3.2.1.9)

Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)

X Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
- Head leveled using the neck bracket.

Head Angle 0.3 degrees

Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)

X Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
- Head adjusted using the neck bracket.

Head Angle __________ degrees

24. Verify the pelvis is not interfering with the seat bight. (S16.3.2.1.9)

X No interference

Pelvis moved forward the minimum amount so that it is not caught in the seat bight.
X.26. Verify the dummy abdomen is properly installed. (S18.3.2.1.8)
   Abdomen still seated properly into dummy
   __ Abdomen was adjusted because it was not seated properly into dummy

X.26. Head Angle
   __ N/A, neither the pelvis nor the abdomen were adjusted.

X.26.1 Head still level (Go to 27)

   __ 26.2 Head level adjusted

   __ Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
      __ Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
      __ Head leveled using the neck bracket.
      
      Head Angle __________ degrees

   __ Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
      __ Head level adjusted using the adjustable seat back
      __ Head level adjusted using the neck bracket.
      
      Head Angle __________ degrees

X.27. If the dummy torso contacts the steering wheel while performing step 23, reposition the
      steering wheel in the following order to eliminate contact.
      __ N/A, No dummy torso contact with the steering wheel.

X.27.1 Adjust telescoping mechanism.
      __ N/A No telescoping adjustment.
      __ Adjustment performed (fill in appropriate change)
      Steering wheel moved ____ detent positions in the forward direction.
      Steering wheel moved ____ mm in the forward direction.

X.27.2 Adjust tilt mechanism.
      __ N/A No tilt adjustment.
      __ No adjustment performed.
      __ Adjustment performed.
      Steering wheel moved ____ detent positions Upward/Downward.
      (circle one)
      Steering wheel moved ____ degrees Upward/Downward

X.27.3 Adjust Seat in the aft direction.
      __ No Adjustment performed.
      __ Seat moved aft ____ mm from original position.
      __ Seat moved aft ____ detent positions from the original position.

X.28. Measure and set the pelvic angle using the pelvic angle gage TE-2504. The pelvic
       angle should be 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees. If the pelvic angle cannot be set to the
       specified range because the head will not be level, adjust the pelvis as closely as
       possible to the angle range, but keep the head level.
       __ Pelvic angle set to 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees.
       __ Pelvic angle of 20.0 degrees not achieved, the angular difference was minimized.
       __ Record the pelvic angle __________ degrees
X.29. Check the dummy for contact with the interior after completing adjustments.  
   X No contact.  
   __ Dummy in contact with interior.  
   ___ Seat moved aft ___ mm from the previous position.  
   ___ Seat moved aft ___ detent positions from the previous position.

X.30. Check the dummy to see if additional interior clearance is obtained, allowing the seat to 
be moved forward.  
   X N/A, Seat already at foremost position.  
   ___ Clearance unchanged. No adjustments required.  
   ___ Additional clearance available  
   ___ Seat moved Forward ___ mm from the previous position.  
   ___ Seat moved Forward ___ detent positions from the previous position.

X.31. Driver's foot positioning, right foot. Place the foot perpendicular to the leg and determine 
if the heel contacts the floor pan at any leg position. If the heel contacts the floor pan 
proceed to step 32 otherwise, proceed to step 33.

X.32. Perform the following steps until either all steps are completed, or the foot contacts the 
accelerator pedal. Step 32.6 shall be completed in all cases.

X.32.1 With the rear of the heel contacting the floor pan, move the foot forward until pedal 
contact occurs or the foot is at the full forward position.

X.32.2 If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, move the pedals rearward until pedal 
contact occurs or the pedals reach the full rearward position. Not Applicable.

X.32.3 Extend the leg, allowing the heel to lose contact with the floor until the foot contacts the 
pedal. Do not raise the toe of the foot higher than the top of the accelerator pedal. If the 
foot does not contact the pedal, proceed to the next step. If pedal contact does occur, 
place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part 
of the taper facing forward.

X.32.4 Angle the foot to achieve contact between the foot and the pedal. If the foot does not 
contact the pedal, return the foot to the perpendicular orientation. If pedal contact does 
occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the 
shallow part of the taper facing forward.

X.32.5 Align the centerline of the foot with the vertical-longitudinal planes passing through the 
center of the accelerator pedal. Place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 
under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward.

X.32.6 Record foot position  
   X Pedal Contact achieved. Contact occurred at step 32.1.  
   X Heel contacts floor pan  
   ___ Heel set ___ mm from floor pan.

   __ Pedal Contact not achieved. Heel set ___ mm from the floor pan.
FIGURE G1

33. Perform the following steps until either all steps are completed, or the foot contacts the accelerator pedal. Step 33.5 shall be completed in all cases.

33.1 Extend the leg until the foot contacts the pedal. Do not raise the toe of the foot higher than the top of the accelerator pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, proceed to the next step. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward.

33.2 If the vehicle has an adjustable accelerator pedal, move the pedals rearward until pedal contact occurs or the pedals reach the full rearward position. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward.

33.3 Angle the foot to achieve contact between the foot and the pedal. If the foot does not contact the pedal, return the foot to the perpendicular orientation. If pedal contact does occur, place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward.

33.4 Align the centerline of the foot in the same horizontal plane as the centerline of the accelerator pedal. Place a tapered foam block as shown in Figure G1 under the heel with the shallow part of the taper facing forward.
X.33.5 Record foot position

X Pedal Contact achieved. Contact occurred at step 32.1.

- Heel set _____ mm from floor pan.

- Pedal Contact not achieved. Heel set _____ mm from the floor pan.

X.34. Driver's foot positioning, left foot.

X.34.1 Place the foot perpendicular to the leg and determine if the heel contacts the floor pan at any leg position. If the heel contacts the floor pan proceed to step 34.2, otherwise position the leg as perpendicular to the thigh as possible with the foot parallel to the floor pan.

X.34.2 Place the foot on the toe board with the heel resting on the floor pan as close to the intersection of the floor pan and the toe board as possible. Adjust the angle of the foot if necessary to contact the toe board. If the foot will not contact the toe board, set the foot perpendicular to the leg, and set the heel on the floor pan as far forward as possible. Do not place the foot on the wheel well projection or footrest. If the pedals interfere with the placement of the foot, reposition the foot by rotating the foot about the leg, or rotate the leg outward about the hip if necessary.

- Foot rotated about the leg
- Foot rotated about the leg, and the leg rotated about the hip.
- No pedal interference

X.34.3 Record foot position.

- Heel does not contact floor pan.
- Foot placed on toe board.
- Foot placed on floor pan.

X.35. Driver arm/hand positioning.

X.35.1 Place the dummy's upper arms adjacent to the torso with the arm centerlines as close to a vertical longitudinal plane as possible. (S16.3.2.3.1)

X.35.2 Place the palms of the dummy in contact with the outer part of the steering wheel rim at its horizontal centerline with the thumbs over the steering wheel rim. (S16.3.2.3.2)

X.35.3 If it is not possible to position the thumbs inside the steering wheel rim at its horizontal centerline, then position them above and as close to the horizontal centerline of the steering wheel rim as possible. (S16.3.2.3.3)

X.35.4 Lightly tape the hands to the steering wheel rim so that if the hand of the test dummy is pushed upward by a force of not less than 5 N (2 lb) and not more than 22 N (5 lb), the tape releases the hand from the steering wheel rim. (S16.3.2.3.4)

X.36. Adjustable head restraints

X.36.1 If N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment

X.36.1 If the head restraint has an automatic adjustment, leave it where the system positions the restraint after the dummy is placed in the seat. (S16.3.4.1) Go to 37.
36.2 Adjust each head restraint vertically so that the horizontal plane determined in item 3 of Data Sheet 14 is aligned with the center of gravity (CG) of the dummy head. (S16.3.4.3)

36.3 If the above position is not attainable, move the vertical center of the head restraint to the closest detent below the center of the head CG. (S16.3.4.3)
   N/A midpoint position attained in previous step
   Headrest set at nearest detent below the head CG

36.4 If the head restraint has a fore and aft adjustment, place the restraint in the foremost position or until contact with the head is made, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.4.4)

37. Driver and passenger manual belt adjustment (for tests conducted with a belted dummy). (S16.3.5) Unbelted Test

37.1 If an adjustable seat belt D-ring anchorage exists, place it in the manufacturer's design position for a 5th percentile adult female.
   This information will be supplied by the COTR.
   Manufacturer's specified position ______________________________
   Actual Position ______________________________

37.2 Place the Type 2 manual belt around the test dummy and fasten the latch. (S16.3.5.2)

37.3 Ensure that the dummy's head remains as level as possible. (S16.3.5.3)

37.4 Remove all slack from the lap belt. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract; repeat this operation four times. Apply a 9 N (2 lbf) to 16 N (4 lbf) tension load to the lap belt. If the belt system is equipped with a tension-relieving device, introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the manufacturer. If the belt system is not equipped with a tension-relieving device, allow the excess webbing in the shoulder belt to be retracted by the retractive force of the retractor. (S16.3.5.4)

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: ___________________________ Date: 2/27/04
APPENDIX G
DUMMY POSITIONING PROCEEDURES
FOR 60% PASSENGER TEST DUMMY CONFORMING TO SUBPART O OF PART 572

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
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<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>32 to 40 kmph</td>
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<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Check this item ONLY if it applies to this vehicle.)

The passenger seat adjustments are controlled by the adjustments made to the driver’s seat. Therefore, positioning of the passenger dummy is made simultaneously with the driver dummy. Adjustments made to the seat to position the driver will over ride any adjustments that would normally be made to position the passenger. (§16.2.10.3)

1. Position the seat’s adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar supports are in the lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (§16.2.10.1)
   - N/A — No lumbar adjustment

2. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (§16.2.10.2)
   - N/A — No additional support adjustment

3. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (§16.2.10.3.1)
   - N/A — No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

4. Use the seat markings determined during the completion of Data Sheet 14 to set the rearmost fore-aft position, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle. (§16.3.3.1.1)

5. Fully recline the seat back. (§16.3.3.1.2)
   - N/A seat back not adjustable.

6. Place the dummy in the seat with the legs at an angle of 120 degrees to the thighs. The calves should not be touching the seat cushion. (§16.3.3.1.2)

7. Position the dummy in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is coincident with the longitudinal seat cushion marking that was determined in item 2.19 of Data Sheet 14 (§16.3.3.1.3 and §16.3.3.1.4)

8. Hold down the dummy’s thighs and push rearward on the upper torso to maximize the pelvic angle. (§16.3.3.1.5)

9. Set the angle between the legs and the thighs to 120 degrees. (§16.3.3.1.6)
X.10. Set the transverse distance between the centers of the front of the knees at 160 to 170 mm. (6.3 to 6.7 inches) Center the knee separation with respect to the longitudinal seat cushion marking that was determined in item 2.19 of Data Sheet 14. (S16.3.3.1.6) Record Knee Separation 165 mm.

X.11. Push rearward on the dummy’s knees until the pelvis contacts the seat back, or the backs of the calves contact the seat cushion, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.3.1.6)
- Pelvis contacted seat back.
- X. Calves contacted seat cushion.

X.12. Gently rock the upper torso ± 5 degrees (approximately 51 mm (2 inches)) side-to-side three times. (S16.3.3.1.7)

X.13. If needed, extend the legs until the feet do not contact the floor pan. The thighs should be resting on the seat cushion. (S16.3.3.1.8)

X.14. Use seat controls to line up the seat markings determined during the completion of Data Sheet 14 to set the foremost fore-art position, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle. If the dummy contacts the interior move the seat rearward until a maximum clearance of 5 mm (0.2 inches) is achieved or the seat is in the closest detent position that does not cause dummy contact. (S16.3.3.1.8)
- X. Foremost, mid-height position and the seat cushion mid-angle reached

___ Dummy contact. Clearance set at maximum of 5mm
Measured Clearance _____________
___

___ Dummy Contact. Seat set at nearest detent position.
Seat position ___ detent positions rearward of foremost
(Foremost is position zero)

X.15. If the seat back is adjustable, rotate the seat back forward while holding the thighs in place. Continue rotating the seat back forward until the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level ± 0.5 degrees. If head cannot be leveled using the seat back adjustment, or the seat back is not adjustable, use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be achieved, adjust the head as closely as possible to the ± 0.5 degree range. (S16.3.3.1.9 and S16.3.3.1.10)
(Check All That Apply)
- ___ Seat back not adjustable

___ Seat back not independent of driver side seat back

X. Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
- X. Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
- ___ Head leveled using the neck bracket.
  Head Angle ______ 0.3 _______ degrees

___ Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
- ___ Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
- ___ Head adjusted using the neck bracket.
  Head Angle ________ _______ degrees

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X. 16. Verify the pelvis is not interfering with the seat bight. (S16.3.3.1.9)
   X No interference
   __ Pelvis moved forward the minimum amount so that it is not caught in the seat bight.

X. 17. Verify the dummy abdomen is properly installed. (S16.3.3.1.9)
   X Abdomen still seated properly into dummy
   __ Abdomen was adjusted because it was not seated properly into dummy

X. 18. Head Angle
   X N/A, neither the pelvis nor the abdomen were adjusted.

   X. 18.1 Head still level (Go to 19)

   __ 18.2 Head level adjusted

   __ Head Level Achieved. (Check all that apply)
   __ Head leveled using the adjustable seat back
   __ Head leveled using the neck bracket
     Head Angle __________ degrees

   __ Head Level NOT Achieved. (Check all that apply)
   __ Head adjusted using the adjustable seat back
   __ Head adjusted using the neck bracket
     Head Angle __________ degrees

X. 19. Measure and set the pelvic angle using the pelvic angle gage TE-2504. The pelvic
       angle should be 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees. If the pelvic angle cannot be set to the
       specified range because the head will not be level, adjust the pelvis as closely as
       possible to the angle range, but keep the head level.

   __ Pelvic angle set to 20.0 degrees ± 2.5 degrees.
   X Pelvic angle of 20.0 degrees not achieved, the angular difference was minimized.
   __ Record the pelvic angle. __ 20.3 __________ degrees

X. 20. Check the dummy for contact with the interior after completing adjustments.
   X No contact.
   __ Dummy in contact with interior.
     __ Seat moved aft __________ mm from the previous position.
     __ Seat moved aft __________ degrees from the previous position.

X. 21. Verify the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level ±0.5 degrees.
       Use the lower neck bracket adjustment to level the head. If a level position cannot be
       achieved, minimize the angle. (S16.3.3.1.9, S16.3.3.1.10, and S16.3.3.1.11)
   X Head Level Achieved

     Head Angle __________ degrees

   __ Head Level NOT Achieved.
     Head Angle __________ degrees
X.22. Check the dummy to see if additional interior clearance is obtained, allowing the seat to be moved forward. (S16.3.3.1.12)

_N/A Bench Seat
_N/A Seat already at full forward position.
_X Clearances unchanged. No adjustments required.
_X Additional clearance available
  __ Seat moved Forward ___ mm from the previous position.
  __ Seat moved Forward ___ detent positions from the previous position.
  __ Seat moved Forward, Full Forward position reached.

X.23. Passenger foot positioning. (Indicate final position achieved) (S16.3.3.2)

_X 23.1 Place feet flat on the toe board; OR

_X 23.2 If the feet cannot be placed flat on the toe board, set the feet perpendicular to the lower leg, and rest the heel as far forward on the floor pan as possible; OR

_X 23.3 If the heels do not touch the floor pan, set the legs to vertical and set the feet parallel to the floor pan.

X.24. Passenger arm/hand positioning. (S16.3.3.3)

_X 24.1 Place the dummy's upper arms adjacent to the torso with the arm centerlines as close to a vertical longitudinal plane as possible. (S16.3.2.3.1)

_X 24.2 Place the palms of the dummy in contact with the outer part of the thighs (S16.3.3.3.2)

_X 24.3 Place the little fingers in contact with the seat cushion. (S16.3.3.3.3)

X.25. Adjustable head restraints

_X N/A, there is no head restraint adjustment

_X 25.1 If the head restraint has an automatic adjustment, leave it where the system positions the restraint after the dummy is placed in the seat. (S16.3.4.1) Go to 26.

_X 25.2 Adjust each head restraint vertically so that the horizontal plane determined in item 3 of Data Sheet 14 is aligned with the center of gravity (CG) of the dummy head. (S16.3.4.3)

_X 25.3 If the above position is not attainable, move the vertical center of the head restraint to the closest detent below the center of the head CG. (S16.3.4.3)
  __ N/A midpoint position attained in previous step
  __ Headrest set at nearest detent below the head CG

_X 25.4 If the head restraint has a fore and aft adjustment, place the restraint in the foremost position or until contact with the head is made, whichever occurs first. (S16.3.4.4)

X.26. Manual belt adjustment (for tests conducted with a belted dummy) S16.3.5

_X N/A, Unbelted test
28.1 If an adjustable seat belt D-ring anchorage exists, place it in the manufacturer’s design posi-
tion for a 5th percentile adult female.
This information will be supplied by the COTR.
Manufacturer’s specified position ________________________________
Actual Position ________________________________

28.2 Place the Type 2 manual belt around the test dummy and fasten the latch. (S16.3.5.2)

28.3 Ensure that the dummy’s head remains as level as possible. (S16.3.5.3)

28.4 Remove all slack from the lap belt. Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and
allow it to retract; repeat this operation four times. Apply a 9 N (2 lbf) to 18 N (4 lbf)
tension load to the lap belt. If the belt system is equipped with a tension-relieving
device, introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is
recommended by the manufacturer. If the belt system is not equipped with a tension-
relieving device, allow the excess webbing in the shoulder belt to be retracted by the
retractive force of the retractor. (S16.3.5.4)

REMARKS:
I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: ___________________________ Date: 2/27/04
DUMMY POSITIONING PROCEDURES
FOR REAR PASSENGER TEST DUMMY CONFORMING TO SUBPART E OF PART 572

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
<td>No — Front Occupants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 kmph</td>
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<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 51st female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 51st female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. If the seat is a bench seat for which there are no independent adjustments that can be made, Go to step 7.

2. Position the seat's adjustable lumbar supports so that the lumbar support is in its lowest, retracted or deflated adjustment position. (S8.1.3)
   __N/A — No lumbar adjustment

3. Position any adjustable parts of the seat that provide additional support so that they are in the lowest or most open adjustment position. (S20.1.8.2)
   __N/A — No additional support adjustment

4. If the seat cushion adjusts fore and aft, independent of the seat back, set this adjustment to the full rearward position. (S20.1.9.3)
   __N/A — No independent fore-aft seat cushion adjustment

5. If the seat and/or seat cushion height is adjustable, put the seat in the full down height position. (S8.1.2)
   __N/A — No seat height adjustment

6. Using only the controls that move the seat in the fore-aft direction, place the seat in the rearmost position. (S8.1.2)

7. The seat back angle, if adjustable, is set at the manufacturer's nominal design riding position for a 50th percentile adult male in the manner specified by the manufacturer. (S4.5.4.1 (b) and S8.1.3)
   __N/A — No seat back angle adjustment
   Manufacturer's design seat back angle
   Tested seat back angle

8. If adjustable, set the head restraint at the full up and full forward position. Any adjustment of the head restraint shall be used to position it full forward. For example, if it rotates, rotate it such that the head restraint extends as far forward as possible. (S8.1.3)
   __N/A — No head restraint adjustment

9. Place any adjustable seat belt anchorages at the vehicle manufacturer's nominal design position for a 50th percentile adult male occupant (S8.1.3)
   __N/A — No adjustable upper seat belt anchorage
   Manufacturer's specified anchorage position
   Tested anchorage position

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10. Place the dummy in the seat such that the midsagittal plane is vertical and coincides with the vertical longitudinal plane that passes through the SgRP and is parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the vehicle and the upper torso rests against the seat back.

11. Rest the thighs on the seat cushion. (S10.5)

12. Position the H-point of the dummy within 0.5 inch of the vertical dimension and 0.5 inch of the horizontal dimension of a point 0.25 inch below the H-point determined by using the equipment and procedures specified in SAE J826 (APR 1980). (S10.4.2.1) Then measure the pelvic angle with respect to the horizontal using the pelvic angle gage. Adjust the dummy position until these three measurements are within the specifications. (S10.4.2.1 and S10.4.2.2)

- 0.39 horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 0.43 vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 22.2° pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)

13. Is the head level within ± 0.5°? (S10.1)

- Yes, go to 14
- No, go to 13.1

13.1 Adjust the position of the H-point. (S10.1 and S10.4.2.1)

13.2 Is the head level within ± 0.5°? (S10.1)

- Yes, record the following, then go to 13.
- No, go to 13.3

- 0.39 horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 0.43 vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 22.2° pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)

13.3 Adjust the pelvic angle. (S10.1)

13.4 Is the head level within ± 0.5°? (S10.1)

- Yes, record the following, then go to 13.
- No, go to 13.5

- 0.39 horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 0.43 vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 22.2° pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)

13.5 Adjust the neck bracket of the dummy the minimum amount necessary from the non-adjusted "0" setting until the head is level within ± 0.5°. (S10.1)

Record the following, then go to 13

- 0.39 horizontal inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 0.43 vertical inches from the point 0.25 below the determined H-point (0.5 inch max.) (S10.4.2.1)
- 22.2° pelvic angle (20° to 25°) (S10.4.2.2)
X14. Set the distance between the outboard knee clevis flange surfaces at 10.6 inches.  
10.6" measured distance (10.6 inches) (S10.5)

X15. Check only one of the following that applies:
   ___ Outboard seating position  
   Keeping the right thigh and leg in a vertical plane and the left thigh and leg in a vertical plane, place the feet flat on the floorpan and beneath the front seat as far as possible without front seat interference. If necessary, the distance between the knees can be changed in order to place the feet beneath the seat. Record new distance between the outboard knee clevis flange surfaces if knees have been repositioned. ____ measured distance (inches)
   X Center seating position  
   Keeping the left thigh and leg in a vertical plane, place the left foot flat on the floorpan on the left side of the transmission tunnel (if present). Keeping the right thigh and leg in a vertical plane, place the right foot flat on the floorpan on the right side of the transmission tunnel. If necessary, the distance between the knees can be changed in order to place the feet flat on the floor. If possible, the knee should remain as close to the distance as measured in #13 above. Record new distance between the outboard knee clevis flange surfaces if knees have been repositioned. ____ measured distance (inches)

X16. Place the left upper arm in contact with the seat back and side of the torso. (S10.2.2)

X17. Is the passenger seat belt used for this test?  
   X Yes, continue
   ___ No, go to 18

X17.1 Fasten the seat belt around the dummy.

X17.2 Remove all slack from the lap belt portion. (S10.9)

X17.3 Pull the upper torso webbing out of the retractor and allow it to retract, repeat this four times. (S10.9)

X17.4 Apply a 2 to 4 pound tension load to the lap belt. (S10.9)  
   2 pound load applied

X17.5 Is the belt system equipped with a tension relieving device?  
   X Yes, continue
   ___ No, go to 18

___ 17.6 Introduce the maximum amount of slack into the upper torso belt that is recommended by the vehicle manufacturer in the vehicle owner's manual. (S10.9). Go to 17.

X18. Place the right upper arm in contact with the seat back and side of the torso. (S10.2.2)

X19. Place the left hand palm in contact with the outside of the left thigh and little finger in contact with the seat cushion. (S10.3.2)

X20. Place the right hand palm in contact with the outside of the right thigh and the little finger in contact with the seat cushion. (S10.3.2)
I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature] Date: 2/27/04
DATA SHEET 35
DUMMY MEASUREMENTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Eric Peschman
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

DUMMY MEASUREMENTS FOR FRONT SEAT OCCUPANTS

CD Chest to Dash
CS Chest to Steering Wheel Hub
HH Head to Header
HW Head to Windshield
HZ Head to Roof
KDA Knee to Dash Angle
KDL Left Knee to Dash
KDR Right Knee to Dash
NA Nose to Rim Angle
NR Nose to Rim
PA Pelvic Angle
RA Rim to Abdomen
SA Seat Back Angle
SCA Steering Column Angle
SH Striker to H-Point
SK Striker to Kneecap
ST Striker to Head
SWA Steering Wheel Angle
TA Tibial Angle
WA Windshield Angle

AD Arm to Door
HD H-Point to Door
HR Head to Side Header
HS Head to Side Window
KK Knee to Knee
SHY Striker to H-Point (Y Axis)
# DATA SHEET 36

## DUMMY MEASUREMENTS

**Test Vehicle:** 2004 Jeep Liberty  
**Test Program:** FMVSS 208 Compliance  
**Test Technician:** Eric Peachman  
**NHTSA No.:** C040300  
**Test Date:** 2/27/04

### TEST DUMMY POSITION MEASUREMENTS

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<td>Steering Column Angle</td>
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DATA SHEET 36 SUPPLEMENTAL
CENTER REAR PASSENGER DUMMY MEASUREMENTS

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Eric Peachman
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

TEST DUMMY POSITION MEASUREMENTS (S/N 401)

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<th>Measurement Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
<td>Chest to string plane</td>
<td>mm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Right Knee to string plane</td>
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<tr>
<td>Left Knee to string plane</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>123</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rear Console to string plane</td>
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<tr>
<td>Knee to Knee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Left Tibia Angle</td>
<td>degrees</td>
<td>76.9</td>
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Dummy measurements were taken to a plane defined by a string placed between the Front Seat upper seat belt anchorage points.
### SEAT BELT POSITIONING DATA

![Diagram of a dummy with various labels indicating measurement points.

### FRONT VIEW OF DUMMY

### SEAT BELT POSITIONING MEASUREMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Driver</th>
<th>Passenger</th>
<th>Rear Passenger</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>PBL - Top surface of reference to belt lower edge</td>
<td>mm</td>
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### Data Sheet 36

#### Crash Test

**Test Vehicle:** 2004 Jeep Liberty  
**NHTSA No.:** C40300  
**Test Program:** FMVSS 208 Compliance  
**Test Date:** 2/27/04  
**Test Technician:** Eric Peachman

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impact Angle:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belted Dummies (Yes/No):</td>
<td>No - Front Occupants Yes - Center Rear Passenger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Speed:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driver Dummy:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passenger Dummy:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Vehicle underbody painted
2. The speed measuring devices are in place and functioning.
3. The speed measuring devices are 1.0 m from the barrier (spec. 1.5m) and 30 cm from the barrier (spec. is 30 cm)
4. Convertible top is in the closed position.
5. X N/A, not a convertible
6. Instrumentation and wires are placed so the motion of the dummies during impact is not affected.
7. Tires inflated to pressure on tire placard or if it does not have a tire placard because it is not a passenger car, then inflated to the tire pressure specified in the owner information.
   - 231 kpa front left tire
   - 231 kpa front right tire
   - 231 kpa rear left tire
   - 231 kpa rear right tire
8. Time zero markers and switches in place.
9. Pre test zero and shunt calibration adjustments performed and recorded
10. Dummy temperature meets requirements of section 12.2 of the test procedure.
11. Vehicle hood closed and latched
12. Transmission placed in neutral
13. Parking brake off
14. X Ignition in the ON position
15. Doors closed and latched but not locked
16. Posttest zero and shunt calibration checks performed and recorded
17. Actual test speed 39.8 km/h
18. Vehicle rebound from the barrier 136 cm

**Left Front Door:** Door remained closed and latched; Door opened without tools  
**Right Front Door:** Door remained closed and latched; Door opened without tools  
**Left Rear Door:** Door remained closed and latched; Door opened without tools
19. Describe the contact points of the dummy with the interior of the vehicle.

- Driver Dummy: Head to Air Bag and Headrest; Chest and Abdomen to Air Bag; Knees to Knee Bolster
- Passenger Dummy: Head to Air Bag and Headrest; Chest and Abdomen to Air Bag; Knees to Glove Box

REMARKS:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: Eric Londeree  Date: 2/27/04
### Accident Investigation Division Data

**Test Vehicle:** 2004 Jeep Liberty  
**Test Program:** FMVS 206 Compliance  
**Test Technician:** Eric Peschman

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO): | No - Front Occupants  
Yes - Center Rear Passenger |
| TEST SPEED: | X 32 to 40 kmph  
0 to 48 kmph  
0 to 56 kmph |
| DRIVER DUMMY: | X 5th female  
50th Male |
| PASSENGER DUMMY: | X 5th female  
X 50th Male Ctr Rear |

| Vehicle Year/Make/Model/Body Style: | 2004 JEEP LIBERTY MPV |
| VIN: | 1J4GK48XX4W162401 |
| Wheelbase: | 2659 mm |
| Build Date: | 10/03 |
| Vehicle Size Category: | 3 |
| Test Weight: | 1954.8 kg |
| Front Overhang: | 726 mm |
| Overall Width: | 1788 mm |
| Overall Length Center: | 4437 mm |

**Accelerometer Data**

| Location: | As per measurements on Data Sheet 31 |
| Linearity: | >99.9% |

**Integration Algorithm:** Trapezoidal

| Vehicle Impact Speed: | 39.8 kmph |
| Time of Separation: | 108.8 ms |
| Velocity Change: | 43.5 kmph |
## CRUSH PROFILE

Collision Deformation Classification:  12FDEW6
Midpoint of Damage:  Vehicle Longitudinal Centerline
Damage Region Length (mm):  1367
Impact Model:  Frontal Barrier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Measurement Description</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Pre-Test</th>
<th>Post-Test</th>
<th>Difference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>Crush zone 1 at left side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4104</td>
<td>3985</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2</td>
<td>Crush zone 2 at left side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4210</td>
<td>4043</td>
<td>167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3</td>
<td>Crush zone 3 at left side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4200</td>
<td>4030</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C4</td>
<td>Crush zone 4 at right side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4210</td>
<td>4038</td>
<td>172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C5</td>
<td>Crush zone 5 at right side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4212</td>
<td>4039</td>
<td>173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C6</td>
<td>Crush zone 6 at right side</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>4206</td>
<td>3967</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**REMARKS:**

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature:  [Signature]

Date:  2/27/04
DATA SHEET 39
WINDSHIELD MOUNTING (FMVSS 212)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Clark Smit
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 kmph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Pre-Crash
   1.1 Describe from visual inspection how the windshield is mounted and describe any trim material.
      Retained with glue
      Rubber and plastic trim

2. Post Crash
   2.1 Can a single thickness of copier type paper (as small a piece as necessary) slide between the windshield and the vehicle body?
      X No - Pass. Skip to the table of measurements, complete it by repeating the pre-crash measurements in the post crash column, and calculate the retention percentage, which will be 100%.
      Yes, go to 2.2

   2.2 Visibly mark the beginning and end of the portions of the periphery where the paper slides between the windshield and the vehicle body.

   2.3 Measure and record post-crash A, B, C, D, E, and F such that the measurements do not include any of the parts of the windshield where the paper slides between the windshield and the vehicle body.

   2.4 Calculate and record the percent retention for the right and left side of the windshield.

   2.5 Is total right side percent retention less than 75%?
      Yes, Fail
      No, Pass

   6. Is total left side percent retention less than 75%?
      Yes, Fail
      No, Pass
## Windshield Retention Measurements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Pre-Crash (mm)</th>
<th>Post-Crash (mm)</th>
<th>Percent Retention (Post-Test + Pre-Crash)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>605</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1854</strong></td>
<td><strong>1854</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>607</td>
<td>607</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>749</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1956</strong></td>
<td><strong>1956</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indicate area of mounting failure. NONE

### Front View of Windshield

**Indicate width of molding**

![Diagram](image)

**Remarks:**

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

**Signature:** [Signature]

**Date:** 2/24/04
DATA SHEET 40
WINDSHIELD ZONE INTRUSION (FMVSS 219)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
Test Technician: Clark Subrt
NHTSA No.: C40350
Test Date: 2/27/04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IMPACT ANGLE:</th>
<th>Zero Degrees</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BELTED DUMMIES (YES/NO):</td>
<td>No - Front Occupant, Yes - Center Rear Passenger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEST SPEED:</td>
<td>X 32 to 40 km/h, 0 to 48 km/h, 0 to 56 km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DRIVER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASSENGER DUMMY:</td>
<td>X 5th female, 50th Male</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Place a 185 mm diameter rigid sphere, with a mass of 6.8 kg, on the instrument panel so that it is simultaneously touching the instrument panel and the windshield. (571.219 §6.1(a))

2. Roll the sphere from one side of the windshield to the other while marking on the windshield where the sphere contacts the windshield. (571.219 §6.1(b))

3. From the outermost contactable points on the windshield draw a horizontal line to the edges of the windshield. (571.219 §6.1(b))

4. Draw a line on the inner surface of the windshield that is 13 mm below the line determined in Items 2 and 3

5. After the crash test, record any points where a part of the exterior of the vehicle has marked, penetrated, or broken the windshield.

Provide all dimensions necessary to reproduce the protected area.

FRONT VIEW OF WINDSHIELD
### Windshield Dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>364</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1488</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>605</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>485</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Area of Protected Zone Failures:

B. Provide coordinates of the area that the protected zone was penetrated more than 0.25 inches by a vehicle component other than one which is normally in contact with the windshield.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X</th>
<th>Y</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Provide coordinates of the area beneath the protected zone template that the inner surface of the windshield was penetrated by a vehicle component.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>X</th>
<th>Y</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Remarks:

I certify that I have read and performed each instruction.

Signature: [Signature]

Date: 2/27/04
DATA SHEET 41
FUEL SYSTEM INTEGRITY (FMVSS 301)

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty  
Test Program: FMVSS 301 Compliance  
Test Technician: Eric Peashman  
NHTSA No.: C40300  
Test Date: 2/27/04

TYPE OF IMPACT: 25 mph Unbelted Flat Frontal

Stoddard Solvent Spillage Measurements

A. From impact until vehicle motion ceases:  
   (Maximum Allowable = 28 grams)  
   0.0 grams

B. For the 5 minute period after motion ceases:  
   (Maximum Allowable = 142 grams)  
   0.0 grams

C. For the following 25 minutes:  
   (Maximum Allowable = 28 grams/minute)  
   0.0 grams

D. Spillage: NONE

REMARKS: NO SPILLAGE
DATA SHEET NO. 41
FMVSS 301 STATIC ROLLOVER DATA

Test Vehicle: 2004 Jeep Liberty
Test Program: FMVSS 208 Compliance
NHTSA No.: C40300
Test Date: 2/27/04

1. The specified fixture rollover rate for each 90° of rotation is 60 to 180 seconds.
2. The position hold time at each position is 300 seconds (minimum).
3. Details of Stoddard Solvent spillage locations: None

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Phase</th>
<th>Rotation Time (sec.)</th>
<th>Hold Time (sec.)</th>
<th>Spillage (grams)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0° to 90°</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90° to 180°</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180° to 270°</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270° to 360°</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>